The New-York Times.

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FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

ADVICES TO MAY 24TH BY THE CREOLE.

Commencement of the Siege of Port Hudson.

PRELIMINARY FIGHTING.

The Rebels Defeated by Gen. Augur and Driven within their Intrenchments.

A Successful Expedition from Pass Manchac.

COL. GRIERSON AT WORK AGAIN.

Extensive Destruction of Bridges, Stations, &c., on the Jackson Railroad.

The steamship *Creole*, COUCH, from New-Orleans May 24, via Havana 28th, with merchandise and passengers to LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & Co., arrived yesterday. She experienced in the Gulf a heavy southeast gale of sixty hours' duration, and has had heavy southeast winds, with squalls of rain, since leaving Havana.

June 1, THEODORE KLUSEN, a seaman, fell from the topgallant yard, striking a passenger, Mr. HENRY REED, of Lowell, Mass., on the back, receiving severe internal injuries. Mr. REED was not seriously injured. The passengers, with praiseworthy benevolence, immediately subscribed a large sum of money for the benefit of the injured seaman.

The *Creole* was detained three days by the Government to transport troops to Port Hudson.

The steamer *Geo. Cromwell*, also advertised to leave on the 24th, was taken by the Government on the evening of the 23d for the same purpose.

Col. DAVIS, of the First Texas cavalry, had made an expedition from Pass Manchac, striking the Jackson Railroad at Tickfaw Station, and destroyed every bridge and all the station-houses, including that across the Tangipaho River, as far as Camp Moore. At Independence a large car-factory, with a number of gun-carriages, was burned, and one Lieutenant and forty-three men were captured.

The object of these movements is pretty clearly indicated in the appended important communication to the *Era*, dated Port Hudson Plains, May 22, which announces the opening engagement of the siege of the famous rebel stronghold.

On the 21st AUGUR's whole division was engaged in a nine hours' fight with the enemy. The battle-field was Port Hudson Plains, four miles in the rear of Port Hudson, on the Bayou Sara road. The rebels were thoroughly whipped. They had one brigade of infantry engaged, besides two batteries and a considerable force of cavalry. They had ambuscaded every outlet from the plains. They were finally repulsed with heavy loss, leaving a large number of killed and wounded on the field.

A flag of truce was sent in at midnight, from Gen. GARDNER, asking permission to bury the dead. We took about 100 prisoners. The enemy was driven three miles from his first position, and AUGUR's division bivouacked for the night on the field of battle. Our loss in killed is 12, and wounded 56. The One Hundred and Sixteenth New-York and Second Louisiana suffered the most.

Our men fought with unparalleled bravery.

We are indebted to the Purser of the *Creole* for prompt delivery of our news packages.

THE SIEGE OF PORT HUDSON.

AN IMPORTANT RECONNOISSANCE—COL. GRIERSON AGAIN AT WORK.

A letter to the *Era*, dated at Baton Rouge, May 14, details a reconnoissance in the rear of Port Hudson, made by Gen. DUDLEY. On the morning of May 12, the column started in the following order:

Capt. GODFREY's company of Massachusetts cavalry started in advance. His cavalry was supported by two companies of skirmishers, who were followed by the pioneers and two sections of ARNOLD's Fifth United States Artillery. The infantry column was headed by the Thirtieth Massachusetts Regiment, Col. W. W. BULLOCK, and the Second Louisiana Regiment, Col. PAINE. These two regiments formed the First Brigade, commanded by Col. PAINE.

The Second brigade came in the following order: The One Hundred and Seventy-fourth New-York regiment, Lieut.-Col. GALE commanding; One Hundred and Sixty-first New-York regiment, Col. HARROVER; and the Fiftieth Massachusetts regiment, Col. MESSER. A section of the Fifth United States artillery accompanied this force, which was commanded by Col. MESSER, of the Fiftieth Massachusetts.

A rear-guard of six companies followed, under command of Maj. STRAUB, of the One Hundred and Sixty-first New-York regiment. The wagon trains were under the good management of Capt. F. H. WHITTIER, Brigade Quartermaster, on Gen. DUDLEY's Staff. Dr. GEORGE KELLOGG, acting Medical Director, had the direction of the ambulances. At precisely 4 o'clock A. M., of the 12th inst., according to orders from Gen. AUGUR, commenced

THE ADVANCE.

It was a noticeable feature that the line was formed, and the whole force on the way at just the minute ordered. The advance from Baton Rouge proceeded up the Clinton road. The advance was without incident until a halt was made, when about eight miles out from the city.

DESERTERS IN THE BUSH.

While a small party with Assistant Adjutant-Gen. SPEED was taking rest by the roadside, suddenly a man jumped out of the bushes near by and surrendered himself to Capt. SPEED.

Upon being assured of his safety, he called out four more men who had been lying in concealment with him. They were deserters from the garrison at Port Hudson. It appears that they were in the Commissary Department, but having a row with some of their officers, they were put in the guard-house, whence they absconded, and fled for the Federal lines.

They reported that the issue of beef, two days before, at Port Hudson, was for 4,800 men. Beef cattle are pressed in from the plantations near at hand. They said the rebels had two steamers for the transportation of supplies across the river, but that one of them had been recently disabled, and the other was very little used. Gen. GARDNER has returned to Port Hudson. It is believed the rebels are in readiness to evacuate the place, as troops are coming and going constantly.

At White's Creek, on the Clinton road, the rebels were driven back, after a brisk skirmish, and then this force crossed over to the Bayou Sara road.

At about dusk on Tuesday afternoon, May 12, Col. GRIERSON, with portions of the Sixth and Seventh Illinois cavalry, arrived on the field. Many of his horses having to be shod, he was compelled to wait until 5 o'clock P. M., before leaving Baton Rouge.

His men were encamped to the rear of Mr. MERRITT's place.

On Wednesday, the column was in motion at an early hour. The first event of the day was a reconnoissance by Capt. GODFREY, which was made on a cross-road leading from the plains toward Port Hudson, and back by the Springfield road, coming to the rear of the column at the church.

The rebel pickets were driven into Port Hudson, and Capt. G. went within two miles of the place. A complete reconnoissance of the country was effected, and it was found that several bridges were impassable by a large force.

Col. GRIERSON's command started at an early hour in the morning, for the purpose of severing the railroad and telegraphic communication between Port Hudson and Clinton. When a little way above the plains, they came upon the rebel cavalry, and drove them in before them.

Arriving near the railroad, about a hundred head of cattle and a rebel camp, with tents pitched, were discovered, the whole under a strong guard. "Charge!" was the order, and in about five minutes several of the enemy bit the dust; others were wounded, the tents were burned up, and a battalion, under Capt. PIERCE, was on its way to the railroad.

When they reached it, the men dismounted, tore up the rails, which were of flat iron, dug up the sleepers, and burned both for about three hundred yards. The telegraph wires were cut for some distance, and then the cavalry retired. No trestle work or bridge was near the point, or they would have been destroyed. As it is, it will take some time to repair the damage.

A force of 900 infantry, two companies of flying artillery and a regiment of cavalry was formed against Col. GRIERSON's command, but as Gen. DUDLEY did not advance the infantry above the plains, three miles below, he did not engage the enemy. From deserters and prisoners it was found that there was a considerable force at Clinton. Letters were found which made it certain, both that the rebels had made some preparations for evacuating the fortifications and, also, that they had massed troops near Clinton.

It is a matter to be wondered at that the enemy, apparently, has so little force in this section of country. If the force is not small, it certainly cannot claim any merit for courage in allowing their main-stay of provisions to be plucked from under their own batteries.

Besides the acquisition of the most important and encouraging information, it may be stated that the country about Port Hudson is now so circumvented that its occupation by our forces is not so difficult as has been imagined.

On May 19 Gen. DUDLEY's brigade made another reconnoissance, pushing its way to within a mile and a half of the rebel works, but failing to force an engagement.

A PRELIMINARY ENGAGEMENT.

Correspondence of the New-Orleans Era.

BATTLE-FIELD, PORT HUDSON PLAINS, Friday, May 22, 1863.

At last an attack, which promises to be decisive, is in progress against Port Hudson. Our army has reached the precincts of this famous stronghold, and won a victory in the first engagement with the rebel garrison. Major-Gen. AUGUR's division, yesterday, fought the enemy nine hours, in a region of the greatest natural advantages for ambuscades, and drove him three miles from his first position, bivouacking at night at the utmost limits of the advance.

THE FIELD OF BATTLE.

The field of battle was on Port Hudson Plains. These are two open tracts of smooth country four miles east of Port Hudson. The lower plains are a mile across, each way, lying on either side of the Bayou Sara road. The upper plains extend for half a mile north and south, and a fourth of a mile in width on the same road. A cross road runs in a northwesterly direction from the lower plains to Port Hudson, and another one in a westerly direction, from the upper ones. On all sides a dense forest hems in the two fields. Nature could have given the rebels no better position to ambush and cut off or destroy an army, than there is here. But Gen. AUGUR has effectually prevented this disaster by his vigorous movements, and no danger from such a source need now be anticipated. If the enemy flank our forces, they can be ambushed, and made to suffer severely.

A FORWARD MOVEMENT.

The first general engagement with the enemy occurred on Friday, the 21st inst. At 6 o'clock in the morning the bivouac station on the Bayou Sara road was broken up, and the troops resumed the march, which was commenced at Baton Rouge at 4 o'clock on the previous day. Maj.-Gen. AUGUR was in chief command, Gen. DUDLEY's brigade heading the column, and Gen. CHAPIN's coming next in order. The constant passage of troops and trains up and down the road, for several days previous, had created a thick layer of dust, which, combined with the heat, somewhat lessened the comfort of the men. As some of them remarked, they thought they should eat their peck of dirt before they reached the battle-field.

Every one, however, seemed willing to put up with any inconveniences, so long as Port Hudson was his destination. The men want to see that place fall, and frequently express their willingness to run the risk of carrying it at the point of the bayonet. But they quickly had

AN INKLING OF COMING EVENTS.

Capt. GODFREY and Capt. YEATON, of the First Louisiana cavalry, were a half a mile ahead of the column, with their companies, when, upon reaching the first woods above the lower plains, they met a small force of mounted rebel infantry, with which they had a brisk skirmish. The rebels ambushed the two companies at a bend in the road, but retreated after firing a volley and receiving the fire of the advance guard. No further opposition was made to the progress of the column until the cavalry reached Redwood Cross-road, a short distance below the upper plains. At this point the rebels were drawn up in line of battle. The advance guard fired upon them, when they returned the fire, and then ran precipitately into the woods. Our cavalry advanced as far as the upper plains, where the rebel cavalry were seen at the upper end of the opening. Their appearance excited suspicion that they were strongly supported. Company D, of the Thirtieth Massachusetts, was deployed as skirmishers in the open field, and quickly drew a musketry fire from the enemy. Our men replied with a volley, and fought for three-quarters of an hour before they had orders to retire. During the skirmish Lieut. F. M. NORCROSS, of this company, was shot through the right foot. As soon as Gen. AUGUR ascertained the rebel position immediate preparations were made for

A WARM ENGAGEMENT.

One section of Battery G, Fifth United States artillery, Lieut. RAWLES commanding, was at once sent forward to shell the rebel position. It was posted at a sharp bend in the road, with a dense forest on either side, but an open area to the front as far as the "Plains Store," near which were a dwelling-house and some negro shanties. Our artillery had hardly taken position when two shells came plunging down directly in front of the gun. Then commenced a heavy cannonading, which was maintained with great vigor on both sides. Another section of the Fifth regular artillery was quickly brought forward, and at once opened fire. One section of the Eighteenth New-York and two sections of the Second Vermont batteries were also brought up, and joined in the engagement. The enemy had a favorable position for accurate firing, but their shot and shell did but little harm in proportion to the advantage they had.

THE SECOND LOUISIANA REGIMENT ENGAGED.

While our batteries were keeping up an incessant fire, the Second Louisiana regiment, Col. PAINE, was sent out through the woods to flank the rebel battery on the right. But after going three-quarters of a mile through the woods, they suddenly came upon a force of rebels, who were waiting their approach, closely concealed in the dense thicket. They were not seen until they fired a volley, which killed two men and wounded Lieut.-Col. EVERETT and two privates. The men gallantly stood their ground and calmly returned their fire. Two companies were quickly deployed as skirmishers and sent out in advance. The rebels were disconcerted by the shower of bullets which flew among them, and commenced to retreat. They were followed up, and the skirmishers succeeded in flanking the battery, which immediately limbered to the rear.

THE THIRTIETH MASSACHUSETTS TO THE RESCUE.

The Thirtieth Massachusetts regiment, Col. W. W. BULLOCK, which had the right of Gen. DUDLEY's brigade, deployed four companies as skirmishers, under command of Major H. O. WHITTEMORE. They deployed both to the right and left of the road. On the right the skirmishers were covered by cavalry. They were the first of the infantry to discover the enemy in ambush near the Plains Store, and remained by the bend in the road, with our batteries supporting them, while the Second Louisiana were trying to flank the rebel position.

While the section of the Eighteenth New-York battery was in the action, the two lead horses were killed by a solid shot, and Sergt. MCCONNELL, in command, ordered a left reverse, when the other horses became unmanageable and broke the pole. With the assistance of some of the skirmishers of the Thirtieth Massachusetts, the piece was taken to the rear in safety. The One Hundred and Sixty-first New-York regiment, Col. G. T. HARROVER, was ordered to support the Eighteenth New-York battery, when it first opened fire on the enemy. It remained on the right of the battery during the engagement.

The fight was ended as soon as the Second Louisiana skirmishers flanked the rebel battery. The rebels, with their artillery and supporting force, then retreated for about half a mile further up the road, and our troops advanced to the position just abandoned by them.

Upon reaching the Plains Store, detachments of the Illinois cavalry were sent out towards the Clinton road to look out for any flanking force the rebels might have in that direction. They found about 150 infantry and cavalry lying in ambush, and made a charge upon them, discharging their carbines and revolvers so rapidly that the rebels had to retreat without time to give a full volley in return. Several of the enemy were killed, but our cavalry had no further casualties than the loss of two horses. The departure of a courier compels me to cut short my report at this point. HORATIUS.

ARREST OF THE REBEL GOVERNOR OF LOUISIANA.

Ex-Gov. MOORE, of Louisiana, was arrested some weeks since by the Provost-Marshal of Plaquemine Parish, La., and taken to New-Orleans, where he remains in military custody. The *Era* says:

"The capture of THOMAS O. MOORE, the itinerant Governor of this State, next to that of ALEXANDER MOUTON, is probably the most important that could have been made. He has been a conspicuous counsellor of treason for a number of years, and it is just and proper that he and men of his stamp, should be held to a strict accountability for the evils they have contributed to bring upon this city, this State and this country."

AFFAIRS IN NEW-ORLEANS.

Gen. Augur's Movements—The Negro Troops—Intelligence from Texas—Physicians Prevented from Leaving with the Registered Enemies—Death of Dr. Cartwright—Expatriated.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sunday, May 24, 1863.

The arrival of the steamer from above brings us intelligence that Gen. AUGUR, with his forces, is within two miles of Port Hudson, having driven the enemy's pickets in, with some skirmishing. He now holds them in check, and in all probability a general engagement has ere this taken place for the reduction of Port Hudson and the opening of the Mississippi, so as to admit the transportation of supplies from this place to above. We wait with much anxiety the report of their officers, which has been transmitted to Washington, and which, it is understood, will be given to the public from headquarters here.

The steamer *Tennessee* has arrived here, bringing intelligence from Galveston to May 23. She states that the health of the blockading fleet is good. The most important item of news which she brings is that of the destruction of the blockade-runner *West Florida*. This smuggler was destroyed on Sunday, the 10th inst., by the *Owasco*, Lieutenant-Commanding JOHN MADIGAN, and the *Katahdin*, Lieutenant-Commanding P. C. JOHNSON. After a chase of twenty miles, these gunboats succeeded in running her ashore on Galveston Island, and, though the sea was breaking heavily against the beach, boarded in small boats and set her on fire. An old log-book found on board clearly proved her to be the *West Florida*, though her cargo was marked "*Hanover*," and very likely she cleared under that name. She was evidently trying to get into St. Louis Pass, and had got within four miles of it, but the shell from the *Owasco* soon made her bear up for the beach. The *West Florida* has been seized several times under very suspicious circumstances. Once last Summer she cleared for Matamoras, and was caught by the *Kensington* inside Sabine Pass. By some means she was not confiscated, but set at liberty to run the blockade again, which she has been improving since. Thanks to the vigilance of the gunboats, we are rid of the pest.

From Texas papers we learn that Gen. MAGRUDER has recently been making a tour of his department. He has unqualifiedly revoked all cotton orders heretofore issued, and the exportation of the staple is to be unrestricted hereafter, save by our blockaders. Gov. LOPEZ, of Tamaulipas, recently paid Gen. MAGRUDER a complimentary visit at his headquarters in Brownsville, and was received with all the honors.

Ex-Gov. MOUTON was taken into custody at his home near Vermillionville, on May 2, by Capt. SHAVEY, of the One Hundred and Thirty-third New-York, Provost-Marshal of Plaquemine Parish. Twenty men from the Rhode Island cavalry, under Capt. HOOKER, made the arrest, which was effected without trouble. The Ex-Governor, with the single servant who was permitted to accompany him, is now in the custody of Capt. KILBORN, Provost-Marshal of New-Orleans. Gov. MOUTON has taken so prominent a part in the rebellion that his apprehension is most gratifying to all loyalists.

We have had all kinds of rumors flying around during the last few days. Among them is one to the effect that ROSECRANS has beaten BRAGG in a great battle, and another that Fort Morgan, below Mobile, has been surrendered to our forces. Both reports lack confirmation at the present writing.

There is still trouble with refractory school teachers, who need to be corrected by their superiors oftener than they chastise their pupils. Some of the scholars who attend the Jesuit school at the Church of the Immaculate Conception have recently displayed their rebellious training so obnoxiously that one of them was taken into custody, when a book which he had with him was found profusely illustrated with various Confederate emblems. This led to an examination, when a large number of the books in possession of the pupils were found to contain real emblems and other seditious characters and remarks. The principal of the school was very indignant; informed the officer that the school was under French protection, and that the matter should be at once laid before the French Consul. He took down the name of Officer FORD, who gave it to him without a proper fear of the terrible consequences. An examination showed that the same state of affairs existed in the private school of a Mr. BLACHAMON. He asserted that it was impossible for him to keep so strict a surveillance over his pupils as to prevent them from drawing these emblems in their books. The Court considered him responsible, however, and he was fined $250. He said he was not able to pay the fine, and there the matter rests at present.

On the 15th eighty-one registered enemies were taken over to Pass Christian, a noted watering-place below Bay St. Louis, where they were turned loose. Major CASS, of the (Second Battalion, Duryee Zouaves, formerly an attache of the TIMES, was in charge of the company. Some forty applications by resident physicians for permission to depart on the 20th among the registered enemies were refused. They are to be retained in case of an epidemic. Among them is Dr. WARREN STONE, a celebrated surgeon.

The Jackson *Appeal*, I observe, announces the death of Dr. SAMUEL A. CARTWRIGHT, near Jackson, on the 2d inst. Dr. CARTWRIGHT was once an eminent physician of this city, but like many others, he became infatuated with secessionism, after which his days of real usefulness seem to have come to a close. During JEFF. DAVIS' illness at Richmond last year, he sent for Dr. CARTWRIGHT, who left this city and proceeded to Richmond and remained until the eminent rebel was convalescent, when he returned to near Natchez, where he has a cotton plantation. His property in this city will be confiscated, of course. He was a great admirer and an intimate friend of HENRY CLAY, and wrote many political articles during the contest for Presidency between JAMES K. POLK and HENRY CLAY.

By an order from headquarters, the issue of an extra from the *True Delta* of Monday, 11th inst., containing news (through *Southern* sources,) of FORREST's raid in the West, was suppressed, the objectionable part being headed, "*Hurrah for Forrest's Victory,*" in large type. It is said the explanation was that the line in question was introduced by the compositor without the knowledge of the editors. The paper was finally issued with the objectionable part suppressed.

The withdrawal of all the Union troops from Franklin, New Iberia and Opelousas for the advance to Alexandria, has left the Union planters and citizens in that region without protection, and many who came to New-Orleans for provisions and other necessities for their starving families, are now here, and have warning not to return, as the guerrillas have returned and are kidnapping citizens and committing raids on their property. JOHN C. WHITE, the editor of the Franklin *Register*, (formerly editor of the Franklin *Banner*,) a good Union man, is here, and has been detained for ten days, endeavoring in an open boat to carry some provisions to his starving family there, but without success. HENRY LAWRENCE BIRD, owner of Brashear City, and many others, are here, the family without provisions, the guerrillas having taken LAWRENCE's stock and robbed his place of all provisions, &c. Many who have taken the oath of allegiance there are now in daily dread of their lives. Capt. DARDEN, a large planter near Thibodeauxville, is also here. No passes are for the present given to go out.

The following important order has been issued by Gov. SHEPLEY:

STATE OF LOUISIANA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, New-Orleans, May 12, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER No. 32.—1. The act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, approved March 6, 1857, entitled "An act to prohibit the emancipation of slaves," never having been adopted or sanctioned by the military authorities, and being inconsistent with the principles which control the policy of the Government, is hereby declared to have been without force or effect since the occupation of Louisiana by the forces of the United States on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1862.

Since the said occupation all owners and persons legally empowered to act in the place of such owners of slaves have had, and shall continue to have, the right to emancipate their slaves on petition to any Court of Record.

2. Any person held as a slave, and being legally entitled to freedom, may bring a suit for his or her freedom in any Court of Record against the person claiming or holding him or her as a slave.

By order of Brig.-Gen. G. F. SHEPLEY, Military Governor of Louisiana.

JAMES F. MILLER, A. A. General.

A letter from Brashear City, dated May 22, published in the *Era*, states that the *Louisiana Belle* while going from Washington to Brashear City with a cargo of cotton, which she had taken on board at the former place, was fired into by guerrillas, who were in ambush. The following were the casualties in Company B, Fourth Massachusetts, which was in charge of the *Island Belle*.

KILLED.

Capt. Alexander, of the *Louisiana Belle*.

WOUNDED.

Sergt. J. H. Morgan—right arm.	T. M. Butler—dangerously.
Corp. J. P. Wells—both limbs.	Warren Sargent—seriously.
E. Bradshaw—dangerously.	C. Shaw—seriously.
R. Shepard—dangerously.	T. Cleary—limb.
	T. C. Butler—face.
	Corp. D. E. Kelly—slightly.

The steamer *Creole*, having on board portions of the Fifteenth New-Hampshire, Twenty-sixth Connecticut, One Hundred and Twenty-eighth New-York, and Sixth Michigan regiments, while going up the river on the 21st, came in collision with the *Morning Light*. The *Morning Light* struck the *Creole* on her port side, carrying away her own bow, and causing her to sink. The disabled steamer was run into the left bank of the river, and the people on board escaped to the shore.

Much anxiety is felt for the safety of the United States transport steamer *Quincy*, past due, (left New-York on the 6th inst.,) with several mails on board.

NEWS FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

The Gunboat Alert Accidentally Sunk.

Capture of the Steamer Eagle, Blockade Runner.

Destructive Fire at Wilmington, N. C.

FORTRESS MONROE, Monday, June 1.

The steamer *Emilie*, from Newbern on the 31st ult., arrived this morning. She reports all quiet in that Department.

The gunboat *Alert*, lying at the Norfolk Navy-yard, took fire about 7 o'clock last evening. The fire soon got to her magazine and exploded a shell, which went through her bottom, and she sunk immediately. No one was injured.

The flag-of-truce steamer *State of Maine*, Capt. JOHN E. MULFORD, has arrived.

Richmond papers contain nothing new from Vicksburgh.

The Richmond *Dispatch*, of May 30, contains the following:

"One hundred and twelve Yankee prisoners were received at the Libby Prison yesterday from Knoxville, Tenn., and Jackson, Miss."

The Charleston *Courier* of the 26th ult. contains the following:

"On Wednesday last the steamer *Eagle* left Nassau for a Confederate port. During the night she was fired into and captured by a Yankee cruiser. The second shot killed three of her crew. The officer of the *Eagle* took the Yankee gunboat for the British steamer *Flora*, and under that impression allowed the cruiser to get near her. This report reached here on Monday by the steamer *Britannia*, from Nassau."

From the Richmond *Dispatch* of May 28, we extract the following:

"Three Yankee gunboats visited Murfreesboro, North Carolina, on Sunday, and stole 20,000 lbs. of bacon and all the apple brandy they could find in the place. They receipted for the brandy, but declined to give any voucher for the bacon.

A fire at Wilmington, North Carolina, on the 27th, destroyed a large warehouse filled with spirits of turpentine and 1,500 bales of cotton. The latter mostly belonged to the Government. The loss is believed to be very heavy."

IMPORTANT FROM ALABAMA.

The Rebels Under Roddy Defeated by Col. Cornyn at Florence.

Capture of 100 Men, 8 Officers, 400 Mules, 300 Negroes, &c.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, June 2.

Col. CORNYN defeated Gen. RODDY at Florence, Ala., on the 27th of May, capturing 100 men, 8 officers, 400 mules, and 300 negroes.

Marching northward, Col. CORNYN destroyed foundries, mills, and everything else useful to the enemy that he could lay his hands on.

DEPARTMENT OF THE CUMBERLAND

Compensated Labor—Movements of the Rebels—Affairs at Nashville, &c.

MURFREESBORO, Tuesday, June 2.

Gen. PAYNE writes from Gallatin to Gen. ROSECRANS that he has devised and put into effect a plan of changing slave labor in his Sub-Department to compensated labor. Male negroes are hired out at $6, and females at $3 per month, to their former masters. Written contracts to this effect are entered into. The plan is working admirably, and Gen. PAYNE says that the overseers declare that they never had so much work done, nor half so well done, before.

There is no evidence of a conclusive nature that CLAIBORNE's division of BRAGG's army has been sent to Vicksburgh. Only the two old infantry divisions of BRECKINRIDGE and MCGOWAN, and the cavalry corps of FORREST, (formerly VAN DORN's,) are known to have gone, as has been stated.

Doubtless the entire divisions of WITHERS, CLAIBORNE and CHEATHAM, the infantry brigades of ANDERSON and JACKSON, and the cavalry divisions of WHEELER and WHARTON, are in our front.

NASHVILLE, Tuesday, June 2.

Brig.-Gen. R. S. GRANGER takes command of Nashville to-morrow. Gens. R. B. MITCHELL and JAMES D. MORGAN are ordered to the front. Gen. MITCHELL takes command of a cavalry division.

The rebel prisoners here leave to-morrow for Alton, Illinois.

The river is falling, with two feet [illegible] of water on the shoals.

THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURG.

Official Intelligence to Friday, May 29.

THE SIEGE PROGRESSING WELL

Gen. Grant Mining Some of the Rebel Works.

The Gunboat Cincinnati Sunk by the Rebel Batteries.

Over Twenty of her Crew Killed and Wounded.

The Rebels Paroling Prisoners on Account of a Scarcity of Food.

Reports of Gen. Grant's Successes by Way of New-Orleans.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, June 2.

Official advices received to-day from Vicksburgh up to the 29th of May, indicate that there is no change in the state of affairs there; but that the prospects of Gen. GRANT are still encouraging.

FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.

The Government's advices from Gen. GRANT bring down the narrative of events to last Friday, but give no further accounts of the fighting. The tone of the dispatches is cheerful.

Saturday's Richmond papers have no Vicksburgh news.

THE LATEST CHICAGO DISPATCHES.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, June 2.

A special dispatch from Memphis, dated the 1st instant, furnishes the following intelligence:

"The steamer *Luminary* arrived on Saturday night from below, with news from Vicksburgh to the 28th of May.

The gunboat *Cincinnati* was sunk by the fire from the rebel batteries at Vicksburgh, on the 26th of May, with a reported loss of over 20 killed and wounded.

Several of our men captured by the rebels have been paroled, on account of a scarcity of food.

THE LATEST CAIRO DISPATCHES.

CAIRO, Tuesday, June 2.

A dispatch boat from Vicksburgh, 27th, confirms the sinking of the gunboat *Cincinnati* by shot from the rebel batteries. She was ordered to move down the river, and when turning the point was opened on by several batteries from above, which were supposed to have been silenced. She managed to return to a point just above the upper battery, where she sunk in fifteen feet of water. From 15 to 40 are reported killed, drowned and wounded.

THE GUNBOAT CINCINNATI.

The United States gunboat *Cincinnati*, reported to have been sunk by the rebels at Vicksburgh, was an iron-clad vessel, 512 tons burden, third rate, armed with 13 guns. Her extreme length was 175 feet; breadth of beam, 51½ feet; depth of hold, 6 feet. Her armament consisted of 13 guns, of heavy metal. To afford greater security to her engines, &c., those portions surrounding them were iron-plated, each plate being 2½ inches thick. She cost $90,000. She was built very wide in proportion to her length, giving her almost the same steadiness in action that a stationary land battery would possess. The following is a list of her officers:

Lieutenant—GEORGE M. BACHE.
Acting Assistant Surgeon—Richard R. Hall.
Acting Assistant Paymaster—S. R. Hinsdale.
Acting Masters—John Pearce and Chas. Germain.
Acting Ensigns—A. F. O'Neil, G. L. Coleman and P. R. Starr.
Acting Master's Mates—H. Booby, D. Winget and D. W. Stebbins.
Engineers—Acting Chief, Wm. O. McFarland; Acting First Assistant, Simon Shultice; Acting Second Assistant, R. Storer; Acting Third Assistant, Frederick Heuse.
Acting Gunner—John F. Ribbit.
Acting Carpenter—George H. Stevens.

THE REPORT OF A STAFF OFFICER.

A telegraphic summary of the statements of a Staff officer of one of the commanding Generals in GRANT's army, who left Vicksburgh on Wednesday last, as made to the Cincinnati *Gazette*, has already been given. We now have them more in detail. He states that Gen. GRANT is perfectly certain of his ability to take Vicksburgh, but says it will take time—perhaps a week longer, and perhaps two weeks. Three assaults have been made on the rebel works with heavy columns of our forces, in all of which we were repulsed. The last assault was made by Gen. SHERMAN with 20,000 men, and of that number 600 were killed and a large number wounded.

Gen. GRANT is now engaged in building works, with the view of taking the place by regular approaches. He is also mining some of the rebel works. Our outer line is within one hundred yards, at points, of the rebel works, and our sharpshooters prevent the rebels from working their heavy guns. He says the rebel works in the rear of the city are far more formidable than those on the front.

Gen. GRANT has been reinforced by a considerable portion of BANKS' forces, and more are coming. This officer states that Gen. JOHNSTON is still in the neighborhood of Jackson, Miss., gathering forces to attack GRANT's rear, but that he has not yet succeeded in obtaining 15,000 men, while he is short of both provisions and ammunition, and the roads having been destroyed he cannot obtain either.

It is certain that the Black River bridge has been destroyed, and it is positively known that JOHNSTON has not thrown any of his men across the river. Gen. GRANT has far more men guarding that river than JOHNSTON can gather up, and no apprehensions whatever are felt by Gen. GRANT or his division commanders of any serious attack in their rear.

Our gunboats were occasionally shelling Vicksburgh, and, the rebel water batteries having been silenced, the gunboats were not molested by the rebel guns.

This officer states that a flag of truce was sent into Vicksburgh to obtain the body of Capt. WASHINGTON, when the rebels fired on the flag and the men returned.

It is reported that Vicksburgh is short of water, the inhabitants and soldiers being compelled to rely on wells and cisterns in the city, they having been cut off from both the Mississippi and the Yazoo rivers, and that there was considerable distress on this account.

This officer states that there is no question but that GRANT will take Vicksburgh, and that it was only a question of time.

REPORTS BY WAY OF NEW-ORLEANS.

The steamer *United States*, from New-Orleans, brings an extra *Era*, issued on Sunday, the 24th of May, which contains the following dispatches:

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, U. S. TELEGRAPH OFFICE, NEW-ORLEANS, May 24, 1863.

[BY TELEGRAPH FROM BATON ROUGE, MAY 23.]

To Gen. EMORY, Commanding Defences of New-Orleans:

The following dispatch has just been received from Gen. AUGUR's headquarters.

[illegible] GOODRICH, A. [illegible]

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES FORCES, NEAR PORT HUDSON, May 23.

The following good news has just been received from Col. GRIERSON:

We are half a mile north of the railroad.

We have formed a junction with the forces of Maj.-Gen. BANKS.

The news from Gen. GRANT is glorious.

He has cut Gen. JOHNSTON's forces to pieces at Jackson, capturing 61 pieces of artillery.

He has Vicksburgh so hemmed in that the enemy cannot use his siege guns.

(Official.) Maj.-Gen. AUGUR.

G. H. HALSTEAD, A. A. G.

SECOND DISPATCH.

HEADQUARTERS, PLAIN'S STORE, May 23, 1863.

To Capt. Goodrich, Baton Rouge:

Gen. GRANT has had a tremendous victory over JOHNSTON at Champion Hills, capturing over 5,000 prisoners and more than sixty pieces of artillery.

He has invested Vicksburgh, carried the first two lines of the city defences, and his right now rests upon the Mississippi River, from whence he receives supplies.

Altogether, Gen. GRANT has captured over one hundred pieces of artillery.

Deserters and prisoners report that Gen. PEMBERTON has been hanged by his own men.

(Signed,) C. C. AUGUR.

The *Era* of the 24th also contains the following:

"We learn on good authority that the military authorities of Mobile have called on the people to rally *en masse*, armed and equipped, for the defence of the city. This would indicate that Mobile is threatened by a Federal force. The rebel troops are said, however, to be withdrawing from the city."

REBEL REPORTS FROM THE MISSISSIPPI.

Gen. Banks Preparing for an Attack upon Port Hudson—Despairing of Vicksburgh.

The following paragraph is from the Richmond *Dispatch* of the 30th ult.:

"The telegraphic news of yesterday announced that BANKS had crossed his army at Bayou Sara. This is about ten miles above Port Hudson. His object is to get behind the post and carry it by a land attack. This movement is designed to finish the work started by GRANT, and clear the Mississippi. A few days will tell the story. The next news will probably be of an assault upon Port Hudson."

The *Dispatch*, in an editorial, says:

"The fate of Vicksburgh is still suspended in the balance. Our own telegraphs have been encouraging, but they lack the distinctness essential in such cases to bring entire relief to the public mind. The Yankee bulletins in the interim are unpleasantly detailed and specific. The suspense cannot long continue. The resistance has been from all accounts determined; and let us continue to hope and believe that it will be successful."

FROM MEXICO.

Arrival of the French Transport Finnesterre—The Reported Capture of Puebla Doubted by her Commander.

The French steam-transport *La Finnesterre*, Commander CARDIE ESTERE, from Vera Cruz, May 19, arrived yesterday morning. She has a crew of 210 men, mounts six guns, is of 1,500 tons, and has a screw engine of 250-horse power.

Capt. CARDIE ESTERE doubts the news as published in yesterday's papers of the capture of Puebla, received by the *Shelldrake*. The latest news from the seat of the fighting received at Vera Cruz was to the 16th of May, and the Captain sailed on the 19th, when the French troops held one half of the city and the Mexicans the other. The part held by the latter was so strongly fortified that it would take a long time to take it.

Late and Correct Information from Mexico.

The following private letter which reached this port yesterday by the bark *Mayflower*, direct from Vera Cruz, has been placed in our hands for publication. It is from a gentleman of high business standing in Vera Cruz, and can be fully relied upon as giving the true situation as late as the 8th of May.

Whether so great a change as that purporting to have taken place by the news published yesterday, is likely to have occurred in so brief a period, our readers can judge for themselves:

VERA CRUZ, Friday, May 8, 1863.

The bark *Mayflower* leaves here to-day for New-York, and as she will doubtless arrive much earlier than the next steamer, I improve the opportunity to give you the latest news from Puebla.

On the 29th of April a grand assault was made by the French with a force numbering 16,000 men. The attack was made at three distinct points, viz: San Augustine, El Carmen and San Javier. They were repulsed and obliged to retire. Their loss was very large. One battalion lost 500 men.

Since this defeat no attempt has been made to renew the attack, and the French General has given notice that no further attacks will be made until the arrival of a seige battery and a fresh supply of ammunition from Vera Cruz. A convoy consisting of a battery of three guns and about thirty carts of ammunition left here yesterday for Puebla. The French are so short of powder and shot that they make no fire if they possibly can help it, and until the arrival of this convoy they can do nothing, and it is very doubtful if it ever arrives at Puebla.

The French admit themselves that since the 22d of March they have met with nothing but defeat. Their troops are discouraged and disappointed by these continual attacks and defeats, and they are no nearer the capture of the city than they were six months ago. Their loss of men, by desertion, sickness and battle, has been very large; they have not ammunition sufficient to sustain their present position long, much less make another attack, and all their supplies must be brought from Vera Cruz. The rainy season has already commenced, and you are well aware that it is almost impossible to transport anything, even in peaceful times, during this season, on account of the fearful condition of the roads. But now the roads are lined with Mexican guerrillas from the Tejeria to Orizaba. Gen. MILAN is within three miles of Tejeria, with 1,000 guerrillas, on the watch for the French convoy.

These brief points will give you a slight idea of the present condition of the French. It is most critical, and they are as well aware of it as any one else.

The Mexicans are in high spirits—and well they may be. They have lost all fear of the French, and have done most nobly. The manner in which they have defended Puebla has astonished everybody, and has won the admiration even of the French themselves. I should have no fear, from the present look of things, to wager that in three months from this time not a Frenchman will be found in this country.

GEN. BLUNT'S DEPARTMENT.

The Rebels on the Arkansas.

The following official dispatch from Gen. BLUNT, regarding a movement which we noticed on Sunday, hardly justifies the statement regarding the advance of Gen. PRICE:

Maj.-Gen. Schofield, Commanding, &c.:

Advices from Col. PHILLIPS, to the 22d, inform me that on the 20th the rebels crossed the Arkansas in force, near Fort Gibson, when an engagement ensued, in which our forces were successful—defeating the rebels and driving them back across the river. Col. PHILLIPS' loss was thirty killed—the enemy's much greater. They are now recrossing the river.

(Signed) JAS. G. BLUNT, Maj.-Gen.

Fearful Catastrophe.

LOUISVILLE, Tuesday, June 2.

A large brick building on Sixth-street, used by the Government for storing oats and corn, fell this evening, burying some twenty persons beneath its ruins. It is supposed that about five are killed. Workmen are making excavations to rescue the wounded.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION....MONDAY, June 1, 1863.

Present—William Walsh, Esq., President; Aldermen Fox, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long.

The minutes of the two last meetings were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Long—

Petition of the German Catholic Church in Ninth-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street for a donation to pay an assessment.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By the same—

Petition of property owners to have a fountain placed in the Harlem Park.

Which was referred to Committee on Lands and Places.

By Alderman Masterson—

Petition for Croton water in Forty-ninth-street, near Eleventh-avenue.

Whereupon Alderman Masterson offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Croton mains be laid in Forty-ninth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, forthwith, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

By Alderman Ryers—

Petition of Trustees of Columbia College to have Forty-ninth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, paved.

Which was laid on the table.

By Alderman Boole—

Petition of Claude Stuart to exhibit fire escape.

Which was referred to Committee on Fire Department.

By Alderman Boole—

Bill of Charles Berk for services given in the reception of the Thirty-second regiment.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Bill of A. and R. L. Concklin for services rendered in the reception of the Thirty-second New-York Volunteers.

Which was laid over.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary basins and culverts, be built in Fourth-avenue, east side, to connect with the sewer in Forty-second-street, and run south about eighty-five feet, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By the same—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Thomas Shirra to curb, gutter and flag Fifty-sixth-street and First-avenue at his own expense, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By the same—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department be and is hereby directed to build a sewer with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, in Fifty-sixth-street, from the sewer now in Second-avenue to near First-avenue.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By Alderman Boole—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Board be and they are hereby *requested to cause the fountain in Tompkins Square to be supplied with water from sunrise to sunset every day, and cause the said fountain to play during the* above-mentioned time.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Henry—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Mrs. M. McLaughlin to exhibit a show-case in front of her premises, number two hundred and seventy-three and a half Hudson-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Henry—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Mr. A. J. Lynch, corner of Jay-street and Washington-street, and A. B. Nook and Company, number three hundred and thirty-six Washington-street, to receive and deliver goods on the sidewalks in front of their premises, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Froment—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to George J. Hamilton to erect a bay window in his house, on the southwest corner of Thirty-sixth-street and Lexington-avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Long—

Resolved, That the sidewalks on the Second-avenue, from One Hundred and Ninth-street to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, be flagged four feet wide, and curb and gutter stones set where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Ryers—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to rebuild pier foot of Twenty-second-street, North River.

Which was referred to Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That Fifty-fifth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones in Forty-sixth-street, between Broadway and the Hudson River, be set and reset where necessary, and that a space four feet wide be flagged through the same, where it is not already done, under the direction of the Street Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of A. Heidenrich, Leader of the Atlantic Garden Brass Band, for the sum of sixty-five dollars, for sixteen pieces of music furnished on the reception of Brigadier-General Michael Corcoran, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Hardy moved to discharge Committee on Salaries and Offices from consideration of a resolution to correct name of Jacob A. Hazel.

Which was carried.

And the resolution was adopted.

Alderman Boole moved to discharge Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips from consideration of memorial of the New-York Sub-Marine Engineering Company in relation to blasting Coenties Reef.

Which was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Fire Department presented a report in favor of concurring to build a new truck for Hook and Ladder Company number four.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report in favor of building a sewer in Laight-street, from Hudson to Greenwich-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring to regulate, grade, curb, gutter and flag Fifty-eighth-street, from Second-avenue to East River.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring to pave Fifty-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring to pave Second-avenue, from Forty-second-street to Sixty-first-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring to pave Forty-eighth-street, from Second-avenue to Third-avenue, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring to open, according to law, Avenue A, from Fifty-fourth-street to Fifty-ninth-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of repaving the carriage way of Eleventh-avenue, between Fortieth and Forty-eighth streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of flagging sidewalks in Fifty-first-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of paving Forty-eighth-street, between Ninth and Eleventh avenues, with cobble stone pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of curbing and guttering Eleventh-avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-third-streets; also, to regulate, &c., Forty-first-street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues; also, to curb and gutter Forty-ninth-street, from Third to Sixth avenue.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen, authorizing the Comptroller to adjust and settle with the legal representatives of Henry Conckling, contractor for the enlargement of the Battery.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—16.

The Committee on Salaries and Offices presented a report in favor of increasing the wages of the laborers on the public parks, to the sum of one dollar and seventy-five cents.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of donating the American Seamen's Fund Society the sum of one thousand dollars.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report in favor of paving William-street with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of granting the Hebrew Benevolent Society the plot of ground adjoining their Orphan Asylum building, on Seventy-first-street, upon the same conditions as the property heretofore granted them, upon which their Orphan Asylum building is erected.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring to flag Fifty-second-street, from First to Second-avenue.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Ordinances presented a report on the communication of His Honor the Mayor, relative to magazines for the storage of gunpowder.

Adopted on ayes and nays.

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—17.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the City Inspector in relation to the strike among the workmen employed in the cleaning of the streets, &c.

Alderman Masterson was here called to the Chair.

In connection with the foregoing, Alderman McCool presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay the laborers, ash cartmen and dirt cartmen, and all other employés upon street cleaning, under the "Hackley contract," up to May fifth, ultimo, and also the pay rolls for which the City Inspector may draw his requisitions upon the Comptroller for cleaning the streets, &c., since that date, when the contract was abrogated, and that said Comptroller pay the same at the earliest possible moment after the amounts due said employés shall be ascertained, any claim of the contractor, or his assignee, to the premises, to await the decision of the Courts.

Before action was taken on the above, a preamble and resolution was received from the Board of Councilmen in relation to the above subject.

Whereupon the President moved to lay over for the present the communication from the City Inspector, together with the resolution of Alderman Boole.

Which was carried.

The Chair moved to take up papers from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Preamble and resolution in relation to paying the workmen employed on the work of cleaning the streets, from moneys due and owing the contractors.

The question being on concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting the preamble and resolution,

The same was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—17.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, giving reasons for opposing the resolution to build two steam fire engines, and recommending that no more resolutions for building steam fire engines be passed by the Common Council.

Which was received and ordered on file.

The President here resumed the Chair.

COMMUNICATIONS RESUMED.

A communication was received from the Croton Aqueduct Department in relation to the defective manner of the construction of sewers.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, June 1, 1863.

To the Honorable the Common Council:

The Croton Aqueduct Board have on frequent occasions in their annual reports and by special communications endeavored to show to your Honorable Body, in contrast with the present irregular and objectionable manner in which the public sewers are now and have been since their first introduction ordered and built, the salutary and permanent benefits that would unquestionably be experienced from the adoption of systematic plans for the sewerage of the undrained districts of our City, and by the construction of main and branch sewers of properly graduated dimensions in harmony therewith. Deeply impressed with a knowledge of the sanitary and also of the pecuniary importance of this undertaking and daily witnessing the evils and otherwise avoidable expense arising from its neglect, they believe it to be a matter of simple duty to again bring the subject to your notice, and to respectfully, but urgently ask for a favorable consideration thereof at your earliest convenience.

By the Legislative act of 1849, (under which this Department was organized,) this Board was charged with the construction of sewers, subject, however, "to the orders of the Common Council, as to the times and places of building new sewers, and to the general plan which has been, or may be adopted for the sewerage and drainage of said city."

The framers of this law, undoubtedly foresaw, that any plan which might be adopted for the general introduction of water into our City, would of necessity be imperfect unless careful provision was at the same time made for its removal, and the necessary authority was in accordance with this wise forethought granted to your Honorable Body, to initiate and perfect a general plan of sewerage for the whole City.

The absolute necessity of such plan has been frequently urged upon your Honorable Body, but, as yet no authority has been given to this Board to take any step in the matter. So much has been said heretofore on this subject that the Board would here simply add that the time has come for some definite action on the part of the Common Council if they would save the city from incalculable expense, and the operation of our sewers from confusion and inefficiency.

The topographical features of the lower part of the city have, fortunately, served in some degree to obviate the bad results which otherwise would inevitably have followed our want of system in this regard.

The upper part of the City has not the same topographical advantages to offset imperfect arrangements, and no time should be lost in guarding against future difficulties and useless expenditure, by the adoption of a system of sewers based upon correct principles. In this respect the City of New-York, instead of being the one to lead in physical science and judicious expenditure in this branch of public work, is far behind, not only the cities of Europe, but some of the comparatively smaller towns of our own country.

It is earnestly hoped that your Honorable Body will at an early day, give to this Board such authority as will be necessary to enable it to undertake and complete such surveys as will be requisite for the purpose alluded to. To facilitate your action in this respect, we respectfully submit a draft of a resolution for your favorable consideration.

A. W. CRAVEN,
For the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Board be and they are hereby authorized to undertake and complete, at the earliest possible day, such surveys and plans as in their opinion may be necessary for the establishment of a proper system of sewerage for the present undrained districts of this City, such plans when completed to be submitted to the Common Council for their approval.

The President moved that the paper be read and published in the Corporation papers, printed in the minutes, and referred to the Committee on Sewers.

Which was carried.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, with statement of money balances to May thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was ordered on file.

VETO MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, vetoing a report of Committee on Finance in favor of leasing a plot of ground to the German Hospital.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, May 29, 1863.

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: I must return, without my approval the resolution directing the Comptroller to convey in fee simple to the President and Directors of the German Hospital, a certain plot of land on the southeasterly corner of Seventy-seventh-street and Fourth-avenue, "to be used exclusively as a site for the necessary buildings for a hospital, the property to be sold for the sum of one dollar, lawful currency of the United States, and to revert back to the City in case the said property, or the buildings to be erected thereon, should be used for any other than the uses and purposes of a German Hospital."

While I agree with you as to the expediency and public advantage of furnishing the grounds for the erection of this hospital, I am obliged by the forty-first section of the City Charter to withhold my signature from your resolution. That section provides that "all leases and sales of public property and franchises shall be made by public auction, and to the highest bidder who will give adequate security."

This clearly prohibits such a conveyance as is directed by your resolution to be made. Should the Legislature specially authorize such a conveyance, or if there be any other mode by which the City may legally furnish the land for this hospital, I should deem it proper and advantageous to the City to make the conveyance.

GEORGE OPDYKE, Mayor.

Which was received, laid on the table, ordered to be printed in the minutes, and published in the newspapers employed by the Corporation.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Alderman Boole—

Whereas, Major-General Daniel E. Sickles is at present in the City, on a brief absence from the Army of the Potomac; and,

Whereas, Having bravely led his invincible Excelsior brigade through the hard-fought battles of the Peninsular campaign in Virginia, and the Third corps, now under his command, through the terrible fire of the battles of the Rappahannock, and by his indomitable perseverance and unsurpassed bravery, has most justly merited and obtained the admiration and unqualified confidence of the citizens of the loyal North; therefore,

Resolved, 1. That Major-General Sickles be tendered the use of the Governor's Room to receive his fellow-citizens, on such day as may suit his convenience.

Resolved, 2. That a Committee of three be appointed to carry out the above resolution.

Which was unanimously adopted.

Alderman —— moved a reconsideration of the above vote.

Which was carried.

He then moved to amend by inserting the words "of each Board" before the word "be" in the last resolution.

Which was carried.

The resolution as amended was then adopted.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

An ordinance to provide for a continuance of the amount heretofore granted to the families of volunteer soldiers from the City of New-York, serving in the Army of the Union.

The ordinance having been read section by section, Alderman Hardy moved to amend the second section by striking out the words "seventy-five" in the eighth line of the section, inserting in lieu thereof the words "one hundred."

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Henry, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Farley, Long—9.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Hall, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Ottiwell, Froment—8.

Section seven having been read,

Alderman Froment moved to amend by striking out all in relation to "sick children."

Which was lost.

The question was then taken on the ordinance as amended.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Farley, Long—15.

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to have suitable drains made to connect sunken lots in New-avenue and Mount Morris-square with the sewer in Fifth-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, and that the accompanying resolution therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—17.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolutions—first, That the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the lessee of a portion of Mount Morris-square, for the sum of five thousand dollars, whenever the lessee shall have surrendered all claim to the premises leased by him, and known as a portion of said square, together with all improvements made thereto, or erected thereon, and that he take his receipt therefor, the said appropriation to be taken from the appropriation for improving Mount Morris-square; and second, That the said Comptroller be directed to proceed with the work of repairing and regulating Mount Morris-square whenever the terms of the foregoing resolutions are complied with.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Henry, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, Jeremiah, Froment—3.

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of J. M. Kempston for the sum of thirty-five dollars, for services rendered for reporting investigation relative to the number of cars run by the Sixth-avenue Railroad Company, the number licensed, and by what authority the Company have extended its track to Fifty-ninth-street, the said services having been rendered to the Committee on Railroads of the Board of Aldermen for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the appropriate account.

Aldeman Froment moved to amend by inserting, after the word "services," the words "as stenographer."

Which was carried.

The resolution, as amended, was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Henry, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley, Long—15.

Negative—Alderman Fox—1.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Farley moved to take from the table a resolution making an appropriation of ten thousand dollars for celebrating the approaching anniversary of our National Independence.

Which was carried.

Alderman Jeremiah moved to amend the resolution by striking out the amount of ten thousand dollars and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of five thousand dollars.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jeremiah, Masterson, Froment—4.

Negative—The President, Aldermen Henry, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—12.

The question was then taken on the adoption of the resolution.

Which was lost for want of the legal number of votes, as follows:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Henry, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Mitchell, Ryers, Hardy, Boole, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—12.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, Hall, Jeremiah, Masterson, Froment—5.

On motion, the above vote was reconsidered, and the paper was laid over.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the regular sessions of the Board be held on Monday and Thursday of each week, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

Which was carried by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Froment, Farley—12.

Negative—Aldermen Fox, Mitchell, Jeremiah, Boole, Long—5.

The President here announced as the Special Committee on tendering Governor's Room to Brigadier-General Sickles, Aldermen Boole, Ottiwell and Fox.

On motion, the Board then adjourned, and the President announced that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday next, fourth instant, one o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION....MONDAY, June 1, 1863, Five o'clock P. M.

The Board met, pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, number seventeen City Hall.

Present—Morgan Jones, Esq., President, in the Chair, and the following members: Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

RESOLUTIONS.

[G. O. 321.]

By Councilman Hayes—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for a suitable lot of ground for the use of Engine Company number Thirty-one, the same to be within the following boundaries, viz.: Hester, Elizabeth, Bayard and Christie streets.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Webster—

Whereas, At the time work was discontinued by the assignees of the contract made with Andrew J. Hackley for cleaning the streets of the City a large amount was due by the contractor to the laboring men employed on the work, which has not been paid, thereby producing great suffering and distress to a large number of worthy and deserving men and their families; and

Whereas, The amounts thus due for labor should be forthwith paid; therefore,

Resolved, That the Comptroller be requested to confer with the assignees of said contract and obtain authority to pay said laborers, and charge the same to the account of the moneys due said contract, and that on obtaining such authority the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to forthwith pay the said several laborers, cartmen and sub-contractors the amounts to which he may find them respectively entitled.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Webster—

Resolved, That the salary of the Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection be and the same is hereby increased to the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars per annum, to take effect from first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, such amount of increase to be charged to the appropriation for City contingencies.

Which was referred to Committee on Salaries and Offices.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Charles Ader to place a small sign on the lamp-post on the northeast corner of Liberty-street and Broadway.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department be and they are hereby authorized and directed to have Croton mains laid in Fifty-seventh-street, between Third and Lexington avenues, without delay.

Which was adopted.

[G. O. 322.]

By Councilman Hayes—

Resolved, That the house of Hose Company number Sixty be put in thorough repair, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, at a cost not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars, and that said sum be and hereby is appropriated therefor, the work to be done without delay.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Brice—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to J. C. Crossett, of number four hundred and fifty-five Sixth-avenue, to erect a stand on the sidewalk in front of his premises for the sale of fruit, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Russell—

Resolved, That the vacant lots in Fifty-sixth-street, between First and Second avenues, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay the laborers and cartmen all moneys due them for labor performed in cleaning the streets of the City and charge the same to its appropriate account.

(Councilman Gross was here called to the Chair.)

Councilman Jones moved to amend such resolution by adding thereto the words following, to wit: "Provided in case there is no appropriation account from which the laborers and cartmen can be paid, the same be taken from the appropriation of contingencies, City Inspector's office, and if there be not enough to meet the requirements, that the difference be taken from the amount appropriated for the salary of the City Inspector."

Councilman Hayes moved that such amendment be laid on the table.

Which was carried by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Brady, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—15.

Negative—The President, Councilmen Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Cook, Brice—8.

By Councilman Webster—

Resolved, That the members of this Board meet in this Chamber at eleven o'clock A. M. on Tuesday, the second of June instant, for the purpose of waiting upon His Honor the Mayor (in a body,) and urging upon him the necessity of convening the Board of Health in order that the necessary steps may be taken to abrogate the Hackley street-cleaning contract and to provide some legal means to pay the parties at present employed in cleaning the streets, under and by direction of the Commissioners of Health.

Which was adopted.

(The President here resumed the Chair.)

By Councilman Hayes—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby granted to Richard O'Grady to erect a watering trough in front of his premises at the corner of Madison and Pike streets, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the sidewalks on First-avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-sixth streets, be regulated and flagged, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Councilman Murray—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Mr. Richard Ellis to keep a fish-stand on the northwest corner of Eighth-avenue, in Twenty-first-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Murray—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Mr. Patrick Malone to receive and deliver goods on the sidewalk in front of his store, numbers seventy-nine and eighty-one Ninth-avenue, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Board be and they are hereby directed to inform this Board whether they have contracted with any party or parties for cleaning the sewers and culverts of this City, the amount of said contract, and whether they advertised for proposals for the same.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That gas-mains be laid in Fifty-seventh-street, between Third and Lexington avenues, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Sandford—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby requested to inform this Board, at an early day, by what authority, if any, certain parties have driven spiles and are erecting a house on the north side of the ferry slip at the foot of Forty-second-street, North River.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Gross—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Messrs. Allen and McLaren, to receive and deliver goods on the sidewalk in front of their premises, number two hundred and forty-eight Washington-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman McConnell—

Whereas, A number of accidents have recently occurred, some of which have resulted fatally, from the insecure and unsafe manner sign-boards are attached to buildings; and

Whereas, At the present time there are no ordinances regulating the manner they shall be attached thereto; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Committee on Ordinances be instructed to prepare an ordinance regulating the manner sign-boards shall be placed or attached to buildings.

Which was referred to Committee on Ordinances.

By Councilman McVay—

Resolved, That a sewer with the necessary basins and culverts be built in Norfolk-street, from Stanton to Rivington-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By Councilman Joyce—

Resolved, That Fifty-first-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, be repaved and repaired, where necessary, forthwith.

Which was referred to Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department, with power.

By Councilman Gross—

Resolved, That John White (General Clerk in the Office of the District-Attorney) be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York.

Which was referred to Committee on Salaries and Offices.

PETITIONS.

By Councilman Webster—

Petitions for redress against the abuses of the New-York and Staten Island Ferry Company.

Council Brandon moved that the petitions be referred to the Committee on Ferries.

Which was lost.

And the same was referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

By Councilman Hayes—

Remonstrance against laying crosswalks on Tenth-avenue, and One Hundred and Fifty-second and One Hundred and Fifty-third streets.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

PETITIONS RESUMED.

By Councilman Sandford—

Whereas, The wooden structures now occupying the lower portion of the public Park and known as the Park Barracks have ceased to be occupied or required for the purpose for which they were originally erected, and are now prostituted to the basest of uses, among the most disgraceful of which is the unlawful and arbitrary incarceration of our citizens by an irresponsible body of men, purporting to be a "Provost Guard," and who have assumed to administer martial law over a free and loyal people, with a disregard of right and justice not exceeded by the minions of the most despotic Governments in existence; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and hereby is directed to cause the said structures to be razed and removed from the public ground forthwith.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay to the persons employed as visitors under the ordinance of the Common Council, approved February twenty-eight, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to assist the families of the soldiers now at the seat of war, two dollars per day each, the same to be paid from the time the ordinance went into effect.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Negative—Councilman Jones—1.

By Councilman Joyce—

Bills of William Carroll, amounting to sixty dollars and twenty-five cents, for expenses on occasion of funeral of Colonel W. O. Stevens, and four hundred and sixty-three dollars and fifty cents, for expenses of funeral of Colonel Benjamin Ringgold.

Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.

MESSAGES FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor relative to the granting of steam fire engines.

Which was received and ordered on file.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved resolution giving Frederick Rose permission to place a stand in front of number seventy-five Cortlandt-street.

Which was received, laid on the table and directed to be entered at length in the minutes, and published under the direction of the Clerk.

COMMUNICATION.

A communication was received from the organization of cartmen and sweepers employed on the streets of this City, relative to their pay.

Which was received and ordered on file.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that permission be given to Messrs. Woodruff and Robinson and Lewis J. Brown to erect and maintain a durable awning in front of their premises, numbers twelve, fourteen, sixteen and eighteen Coenties-slip, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—14.

Negative—Councilmen Jones, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Cook, Brice—8.

[G. O. 323.]

Councilman Russell moved that the Committee on Roads be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that the carriageway of Fifty-ninth-street, between the Eleventh-avenue and the Hudson River be macadamized, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

[G. O. 324.]

Councilman McVay moved that the Committee on Belgian pavement be discharged from the further consideration of the report of the Committee on Streets of the Board of Aldermen, with resolution that Fifteenth-street, from Union-square to First-avenue, be paved with trap-block pavement, the property owners to pay one-half of the expense and the City the remainder, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance adopted therefor.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

[G. O. 325.]

Councilman McVay moved that the Committee on Public Health be discharged from the further consideration of report of the Committee on Public Health of the Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the vacant lots on the southeast corner of Fourth-avenue and Thirty-eighth-street be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance adopted.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

[G. O. 325½.]

Councilman McConnell moved that the Committee on Repairs and Supplies be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen be suitably fitted up and repainted immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner and a Committee of three members of this Board.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

[G. O. 326.]

Councilman Brice moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of bill from Board of Aldermen (and by said Board ordered to be paid) of F. B. Smith, amounting to thirty-one dollars and ninety-six cents, for difference in value of silver for the Assistant Engineer badges from those last made.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

[G. O. 327.]

Councilman Brice moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of communication from the Comptroller, with an ordinance to provide means for extending the area of the Central Park.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman Russell moved that the Committee on Roads be discharged from the further consideration of the resolution of Board of Aldermen that permission be granted to the property owners in Fiftieth-street, between the Sixth and Seventh avenues, to regulate, grade and set curb and gutter stones, and flag sidewalks, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, at their own expense.

Which was carried.

Councilman Russell moved that such resolution be amended by striking out the words "Fiftieth-street," and inserting in lieu thereof "Fifty-first-street."

Which was carried.

The resolution as amended was then adopted.

REPORTS.

[G. O. 328.]

Report of Committee on Roads, to set curb and gutter, &c., in Sixtieth street, from Third to Fifth avenues.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 329.]

Report of Committee on Roads, concurring to flag One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, from Tenth-avenue to North River.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 330.]

Report of Committee on Roads, concurring to flag, &c., Fifty-fourth-street, from Second-avenue to East River.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 331.]

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, to rebuild bulkhead at foot of Rivington-street.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 332.]

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, to raise the bulkhead on the line of Hammond-street to a level with the grade.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 334.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, concurring to fence vacant lot number one hundred and thirty-two East Thirty-eighth-street.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 335.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, to fill sunken lots on the south side of One Hundred and Twenty-second-street.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 336.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, to fill sunken lots on Eleventh-avenue.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 337.]

Report of Committee on Streets, to fence vacant lots on Forty-seventh-street.

Which was laid over.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

[G. O. 338.]

Preamble with resolutions, first, that two thousand five hundred dollars be appropriated (the same to be taken from City Contingencies) for the purpose of burying deceased children of soldiers who are now at the seat of war, and whose families are entitled to assistance from the Soldiers' Relief Fund; and second, that the Comptroller be and he is hereby instructed to pay an amount not to exceed ten dollars ($10,) in each case where written application is made by the parties seeking aid for the above purpose, and the same is approved by the visitor of the Ward, and the Alderman and Councilman of the Ward certify that they are satisfied that the parties applying are entitled to receive the same.

Which was laid over.

Preamble reciting that a resolution was approved May one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, directing the Comptroller to draw his warrant in favor of Isaac T. Hecker for two thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars and ninety-six cents, to be applied in payment for building sewer in Fifty-ninth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, assessed against the property of the Church of Saint Paul the Apostle, which he declines to pay on the ground that it did not receive a sufficient number of votes, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Isaac T. Hecker for the sum of two thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars and ninety-six cents, with interest thereon, from the date of the confirmation of the assessment for building sewer in Fifty-ninth street from Eighth to Ninth avenue, in front of the premises of the Church of Saint Paul the Apostle, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities.

[G. O. 339.]

Preamble reciting that His Honor the Mayor, by a communication dated May twenty-five, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, recommends the appointment of delegates to represent the municipal authorities of this City at the Convention to be held at Chicago on the first Tuesday of June next, to consider the matter of increasing the facilities of commercial intercourse between the Valley of the Mississippi and the Atlantic, through the enlarging of the capacity of the canals, and concurring in the sentiments therein expressed as to the importance of the business to be considered by that Convention, not only to the country at large, but especially to the City of New-York, with resolution, that the Mayor of this City and four members of each branch of the Common Council, to be named by the President of each Board, be appointed a delegation to attend the above-named Convention, as representatives of the municipal authorities of the City.

(By Board of Aldermen, preamble and resolution adopted, and Aldermen Farley, Mitchell, Ryers, and Ottiwell appointed such Committee on the part of the Board of Aldermen.)

Which was carried.

[G. O. 340.]

Resolution that the sidewalks on the corner of Canal and Varick streets, also in front of numbers four hundred and four and one-half, four hundred and six, four hundred and eight, four hundred and ten, four hundred and twelve, four hundred and sixteen, four hundred and eighteen, and four hundred and twenty Canal-street be flagged under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

[G. O. 341.]

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Henry Smith, Junior, for the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars for expenses incurred by the Committee who were authorized to present a sword to Brigadier-General Corcoran, at Suffolk, Virginia, and charge the same to its proper account.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that the accompanying bills of the Sunday Times, amounting to the sum of one hundred and sixty-eight dollars and fifty cents, for services rendered to the City, be and the same are hereby referred to the Comptroller with power to pay the same.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

[G. O. 342.]

An ordinance appropriating two thousand dollars for arrearages of pay of bell ringers for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that Thirty-fourth-street, from the Fifth-avenue to the North River, be renumbered forthwith, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Resolution that permission be given to Mr. Henry to have a barber's pole put on corner of Broadway and White streets, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be granted to J. W. Dunn to erect a tent in Franklin-square, and Jacob Wilsey to erect one in the Park at the Five Points, each to be used for recruiting purposes, and to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to Maltby G. Lane to display goods in front of his premises number sixty-six Fourth-avenue, to an extent not beyond the stoop line, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to Thomas Tyler to keep a refreshment stand on the south side of Fifty-ninth-street, east of Sixth-avenue, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolution that permission be given to Michael Kiernan to place a watering-trough in front of his premises on the northwest corner of Eleventh-avenue and Thirty-seventh-street.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to John Holsdecker to erect iron awning-posts in front of his premises numbers three hundred and sixty-four and three hundred and sixty-six Eighth-avenue.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to the Third-avenue Savings Bank to place a portico in front of their banking-house, now in progress of erection on the southwest corner of Twenty-sixth-street and Third-avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

In this connection, the President offered a remonstrance.

The whole matter was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, with resolution that permission be granted to W. J. Walker to build a bridge over part of the bulkhead and slip of Pier number Thirty, East River, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was referred to Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

Preamble, reciting that the Croton Aqueduct Department has adopted a new stone of trap-block for pavement for the ensuing year, which will cost more and be of no greater utility than the stone used in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, with resolution that the Croton Aqueduct Department be directed, in issuing specifications for trap-block pavement for the ensuing year, to call for stone of similar dimensions to those used *in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.*

Which was referred to Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, with resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to purchase the steam fire-engine recently authorized to be built for the use of Engine Company number Thirty, from Messrs. Banks and Clapp.

Which was referred to Committee on Fire Department.

Report of Committee on Assessments, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Martin Waters for the sum of one hundred and thirty-nine dollars and four cents, to enable him to pay an assessment on his property for flagging Reade and Duane-streets, and for paving Duane-street from Chatham-street to City Hall-place, and charge the same to its proper account.

Which was referred to Committee on Charities and Donations.

Report of Committee on Taxes, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of John W. Schermerhorn, Trustee of the Fiftieth-street Northwestern Presbyterian Church, for the sum of fifty-one dollars and seventy-six cents, to enable him to pay taxes on said property, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was referred to Committee on Charities and Donations.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that Frankfort-street, from Chatham-street to Pearl-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department; one-half the expense to be borne by the City and the remaining half by the property holders, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that West Twenty-fifth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, be flagged, curbed and guttered, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the vacant lots on the south side of Fifty-fifth-street, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the low and sunken lots between Eighth and Ninth avenues, and Seventy-fourth and Eighty-third streets, be filled in with good and wholesome earth, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the low and sunken lots on the east side of Broadway, between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth streets, be filled in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the vacant lots on the corner of Sixth-avenue and Forty-fifth-street, east side, be fenced in, and the sidewalk in front of the same flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the vacant lots on Fiftieth-street, south side, between First and Second avenues, to the houses east from Second-avenue, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that vacant lots on Forty-ninth-street, north side, between First and Second avenues, to the houses east from Second-avenue, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the vacant lots on the north side of Forty-seventh-street, about one hundred feet west of Ninth-avenue, be fenced, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the vacant lots on the north side of Fourteenth-street, adjoining the Church of the Immaculate Conception, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Jones-street, from Fourth to Bleecker-street, to connect with the sewer in Fourth or Bleecker-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Fifty-fourth-street, between the Eighth and Ninth avenues, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Broadway, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Washington-street, between Horatio and Gansevoort streets, to commence fifteen feet from Gansevoort-street and connect with the sewer in Horatio-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Eightieth-street, from Second-avenue to within seventy feet of Third-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Fiftieth-street, from Fourth to Lexington-avenue, commencing at the old sewer and connecting with the sewer in said street, terminating at Third-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts be built in Cannon-street, between Rivington and Stanton streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that One Hundred and Thirty-fifth-street, from the Eighth-avenue to the Fourth-avenue, at Harlem River, be opened according to law, and that the Counsel to the Corporation be and hereby is authorized and directed to take the necessary legal measures to carry into effect the provisions of this resolution.

Which was referred to Committee on Street Openings.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the sidewalks on the east side of Third-avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-sixth and One Hundred and Thirtieth streets, be flagged and reflagged where necessary, immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that permission be given to Thomas Tone and Patrick Dunnigan to regulate and grade, set curb and gutter stones, and flag four feet wide One Hundred and Twenty-third and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth streets, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with ordinance that Fifty-ninth-street, from the Eighth to the Eleventh-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the entire expense thereof to be paid by the owners of property on the line of the proposed improvement, the work to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that One Hundred and Twenty-sixth and One Hundred and Twenty-seventh streets, between Second and Third avenues, be regulated and graded, the sidewalks flagged a space four (4) feet wide, through the centre thereof, and the curb and gutter stones set, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that Eighty-ninth-street, between Third and Fifth avenues, be curbed, guttered and flagged a space four feet wide through the centre of the sidewalks of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that crosswalks be laid at the intersections of One Hundred and Fifty-second and One Hundred and Fifty-third streets and Tenth-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the sidewalks of Fifth-avenue, between Forty-fourth and Forty-sixth streets, be flagged, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the sidewalks in Second-avenue, both sides, between One Hundred and Twentieth and One Hundred and Twenty-ninth streets, be flagged a space four feet wide, through the centre thereof, and curb and gutter stones reset, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, from the Third to the Eighth-avenue, be regulated, graded, curbed and guttered, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that Forty-ninth-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that crosswalks be laid at the intersections of One Hundred and Sixth, One Hundred and Seventh, and Hundred and Eighth and One Hundred and Ninth streets with the Third avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that Fifty-seventh-street, between the Seventh and Eighth avenues, be regulated, graded, curbed and guttered, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that One Hundred and Thirty-second-street be regulated, graded, *curb and gutter stones set, and sidewalks flagged* a space four feet wide, from the Fifth to the Seventh-avenue, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the sidewalks of Fifty-fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, be flagged their full width, where not already done, and the curb and gutter stones set and reset where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution, that One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between Third-avenue and Harlem River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the sidewalks on both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, between the Third and Fourth avenues, be curbed, guttered and flagged, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that Fiftieth-street, from Third to Lexington avenues, be paved with cobble-stone pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the sidewalks of Sixth-avenue, between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth streets, be flagged and reflagged, where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the sidewalks in Forty-seventh-street, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue, be flagged their full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Preamble reciting the services of Major-General D. E. Sickles, and the fact that he is now in the City, with resolution that Major-General Sickles be tendered the use of the Governor's Room, to receive his fellow-citizens on such a day as may suit his convenience, and that a Committee of three of each Board be appointed to carry out the above resolution.

Which was concurred in by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

The President subsequently appointed Councilmen Hayes, Sandford and Gross such Committee on the part of the Board of Councilmen.

Resolution, that permission be given to Mrs. M. McLaughlin, to exhibit a show-case in front of her premises, number two hundred ninety-three and a half Hudson-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to M. A. J. Lynch, corner of Jay and Washington streets, and to A. B. Nash and Company, number three hundred thirty-six Washington-street, to receive and deliver goods on the sidewalk in front of their premises, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to George J. Hamilton, to erect a bay window on his house, on the southeast corner of Thirty-sixth-street and Lexington-avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolution, that permission be given to Thomas Shiner, to curb, gutter and flag Fifty-sixth-street and First-avenue, at his own expense, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Councilman Hayes moved to suspend the rules for the purpose of taking up General Order two hundred ninety-five.

Which was lost.

[G. O. 304.]

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of adopting resolution that Livingston-place, between Fifteenth and Seventeenth streets, be paved with trap-block pavement, the property-owners to pay one-half the expense thereof, the City the remainder, the work to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, McVay, Gross, Brady, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Webster—2.

[G. O. 305.]

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of adopting resolution, that Forty-ninth-street, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, the property-owners on the line to pay one-half of the expense thereof, and the City the remainder, and the accompanying ordinance be adopted therefor.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Houghtalin, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—18.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, The President, Webster, Repper, Haviland—5.

[G. O. 306.]

Report of Committee on Belgian pavement, in favor of adopting resolution that Forty-ninth-street, between Tenth-avenue and North River, be paved with cobble stone pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—21.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Repper—2.

[G. O. 307.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Eighty-fourth-street, between Avenues A and B, be regulated and paved, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the same, and the curb and gutter stones set therein, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—21.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, The President—2.

[G. O. 308.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that Fifty-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be flagged, curbed and guttered, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, where not already done, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.

Negative—Councilman Healy—1.

[G. O. 310.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that Seventy-first-street, from Eighth-avenue to Broadway, be regulated, graded, curbed and guttered, and sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilmen Healy, Riley, Cook—3.

[G. O. 311.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, be regulated and graded, curb and gutter stones set, and sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper

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Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.
Negative—Councilman Healy—1.

[G. O. 213.]

Report of Committee on Donations and Charities, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Washington-square M. E. Church, for the sum of three hundred and seventy-four dollars and fifteen cents, with interest, for taxes on their property in Fourth-street, between Macdougal-street and Sixth-avenue, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and charge the same to account of donations.
Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.
Negative—Councilman Healy—1.

[G. O. 215.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Seventy-seventh-street, between Second and Fourth avenues, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide, where not already done, with ordinance therefor.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.
Negative—Councilman Healy—1.

[G. O. 215½.]

Preamble, with resolution that the salary of the Public Administrator be increased to the sum of five thousand dollars per annum, to take effect from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, the same to be taken from the appropriation of City contingencies—with veto of His Honor the Mayor.
Which was adopted, notwithstanding the objections of His Honor the Mayor, two-thirds of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Sandford, Webster, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brice, Russell, Joyce—16.
Negative—Councilmen Riley, The President, McVay, Brady, McGrath, Brandon, Fitzgerald—7.
Councilman Cook moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was lost by the following vote, viz.:
Affirmative—Councilmen Riley, Sandford, Joyce—3.
Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—20.
Councilman Hayes moved that until otherwise ordered the hour of meeting be fixed at four o'clock.
Councilman Healy moved to strike out the hour of four o'clock, and insert in lieu thereof the hour of one.
Which was carried.
And the motion as amended was carried.
Councilman Hayes moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was lost.

[G. O. 216.]

Report of Committee on Street Openings, in favor of adopting resolution that the Counsel to the Corporation be directed to take the necessary legal measures to open Fifty-ninth-street, from First-avenue to the East River, according to law.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.
Negative—Councilman Healy—1.

[G. O. 186.]

Report of Committee on Fire Department, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to advertise for proposals for the purchase of a lot of ground on Broadway or Bloomingdale road, between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-eighth streets, the same to be used for a location for Engine Company number Thirty-three.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—22.
Negative—Councilman Healy—1.

[G. O. 217.]

Resolution of Board of Aldermen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. Lord & Taylor for the sum of three hundred and six dollars, for gloves and crape furnished on the occasion of the funeral of Col. Kimball.
Which was lost for want of the required number of votes, viz.:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Cook, Brice, Russell—15.
Negative—Councilmen Sandford, Brady, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Brandon, Fitzgerald—7.
Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

[G. O. 218.]

Resolution of the Board of Aldermen, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant for the sum of two thousand dollars in favor of John S. Giles, Treasurer of the Charitable Fund of the New-York Fire Department.
Which was concurred in by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—22.

[G. O. 219.]

Resolution of the Board of Aldermen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of A. T. Stewart and Company for the sum of one hundred and seventy dollars and ten cents, for gloves and crape furnished for the funeral of Robert T. Haws, and charge the same to its proper account.
Which was concurred in by the following vote, viz.:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—22.

[G. O. 220.]

Resolution that the sidewalk on the east side of Orchard-street, from the northeast corner of Grand and Orchard streets, be flagged and reflagged, where necessary, to one hundred feet north thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—22.
Councilman Webster moved that such vote be reconsidered.
Which was lost.

[G. O. 222.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that Thirty-third-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—19.
Negative—Councilmen Healy, Webster, Repper—3.
Councilman McVay moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was lost.

[G. O. 205.]

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of David T. Valentine, Clerk of the Common Council, for the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars, in payment for the work of compiling and superintending the publication of the Annual Manual of the Corporation for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and charge the same to its appropriate account.
Which was concurred in by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russel, Fitzgerald—22.
Councilman O'Brien moved to suspend the rules, for the purpose of taking up General Order three hundred and seventeen.
Which was lost.
Councilman Haley moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was lost.

[G. O. 223.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that curb and gutter stones be set, and sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide, where not already done, in Seventy-fourth-street, between Second and Third avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—22.
Councilman Hayes moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was lost by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, Repper, McGrath, O'Brien—7.
Negative—The President, Councilmen Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, Murray, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—15.

[G. O. 224.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that First-avenue, from One Hundred and Eleventh to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets, be curbed and guttered and sidewalks flagged four feet wide, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying resolution therefor be adopted.
Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—21.

[G. O. 225.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the Counsel to the Corporation be directed to take the necessary proceedings for opening One Hundred and Ninth-street, from Third-avenue to Harlem River.
Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—22.

[G. O. 226.]

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution, that the sidewalk on the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between the Third and Fourth avenues, be flagged a space four feet wide, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—21.

[G. O. 227.]

Resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the pay of the Inspectors and foremen employed by the Croton Aqueduct Board to supervise the construction of any new sewer, pavement, crosswalk, or well and pump, or repairs thereof, be established at the rate of [illegible] dollars per day for each and every day they may be so employed, and that the pay of the Inspectors who may be so employed on similar work, [illegible] be continued at the present rate of two dollars per day, in accordance with the terms of said contracts.
Which was concurred in by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—20.
Negative—The President—1.

[G. O. 229.]

Petition of John McGrane, for extension of time on contract for regulating Fifth-avenue.
Which was lost for want of a constitutional vote, viz.:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Brady, McConnell, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell—16.
Negative—Councilmen Healy, The President, Repper, Gaw—4.
Which was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

[G. O. 230.]

Report of Committee on Lamps and Gas, in favor of adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner cause gas-lamps to be placed in Fifty-fourth-street, between First and Third avenues, forthwith.
Which was adopted.

[G. O. 231.]

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of adopting resolution that the vacant lots on the north side of Fifty-fifth-street, between the Second and Third avenues, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance adopted therefor.
Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sanford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell—19.
Negative—Councilmen Healy, Repper—2.

[G. O. 232.]

Resolution, that Forty-seventh-street, from Eleventh-avenue to Hudson River, be repaved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance be adopted.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell—19.
Negative—Councilmen Healy, Repper—2.
Councilman Repper moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was carried.
Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday, fourth instant, at one o'clock P. M.
JAMES M. SWEENEY, Clerk.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Tuesday, June 2, 1863—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 114 bbls. Ashes, 25,947 bbls. Flour, 453 bbls. and 347 bags Corn Meal, 111,492 bushels Wheat, 122,990 bushels Corn, 100 bushels Rye, 14,500 bushels Oats, 6,362 bushels Malt, 13,576 pkgs. Provisions, and 481 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 60 bbls., including Pots at \$8@\$8 12½ and Pearls at \$9 25 ℔ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Has been inactive, at former prices.

CANDLES—Have been less freely purchased, but have been quoted steady.

COFFEE—Rio has been more active, sales having been made of 1,900 bags, at 30c.@32c. ℔ lb. Other kinds have been very quiet. We quote: Java, 36½c.@37c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 31c.@33c.; Rio, 29c.@32c.; St. Domingo, 28¾c.@29c. ℔ lb.

COPPER—Refined Ingot has been lightly dealt in at 30½c.@31c. ℔ lb.

CHEMICALS—Have been inactive and depressed.

COTTON—Has been in very moderate demand; yet quoted up to 53c.@54c. for Middlings, ℔ lb.

DYEWOODS—Sales 100 tons St. Domingo Logwood, on private terms.

FIRE CRACKERS—Continue in fair request at full prices.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in fair demand at essentially unchanged prices. Sales, 14,600 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at \$5 20@\$5 40; poor to choice extra State at \$5 85@\$6 25, chiefly at \$5 90@\$6 05; round hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at \$6 20@\$6 35 ℔ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	\$5 20	@	\$5 40
Extra State	5 85	@	6 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	5 90	@	7 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship's brds.	6 20	@	6 35
Extra Ohio, trade brands	6 35	@	7 75
Extra Genesee	6 25	@	7 80
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	6 30	@	9 50

Southern Flour is unaltered to-day. Sales, since our last, 1,570 bbls., at \$6 55@\$7 15 for poor to good superfine; \$7 20@\$8 50 for fancy to choice brands, and \$8 55@\$9 50 for very superior family brands, ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour is in demand and steady; sales, 600 bbls. Extra, at \$5 85@\$7 85 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, at \$3 30@\$5 20 for fine and superfine, ℔ bbl. Corn Meal is in less demand, at \$4 25@\$4 35 for Jersey; \$4 50 for Atlantic Mills; \$4 50 for Fairfax; \$4 50 for Marsh's Caloric, and \$4 55@\$4 60 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl. Sales, 300 bbls.

FRUIT—A moderate business has been transacted in the principal kinds, including Layer Raisins at \$4 70@\$4 75, and Bunch Raisins at \$4 30@\$4 32½ ℔ box. Currants, 15½c.@16c. ℔ lb. Sardines have been freely purchased on speculation, but particulars have been withheld.

GRAIN—Wheat attracted more attention at buoyant prices early in the day, but closed heavily. Sales have been made of 121,000 bushels, including White Western, on private terms; Amber Western at \$1 54@\$1 58; Red Western, (Winter,) at \$1 47@\$1 53; Amber Iowa and Wisconsin, at \$1 45@\$1 49, the latter for extra; Milwaukee Club, at \$1 32@\$1 45; Chicago Spring, at \$1 18@\$1 42; Amber State and Jersey, at \$1 55@\$1 57 ℔ bushel. Corn has been in lively demand, to-day, at uniform prices. Sales have been reported, to-day, of 142,000 bushels at 72c.@76c. for new, and 77c.@79c. for old mixed Western; 67c.@72c. for unsound; 78c.@81c. for White Western, and 77c.@79c. for Yellow Western ℔ bush. Rye continues very quiet at 90c.@\$1 01, according to quality, ℔ bushel. Oats are in less request, including Canada at 78c.@80c.; Western at 70c.@81c.; State at 80c.@82c. ℔ bushel. Barley continues dull and heavy, at \$1@\$1 25 ℔ bushel. The business in Breadstuffs, during the past fortnight, Mr. Edward Bill notices thus: "At the early opening of Canal navigation the shipment of produce of all descriptions, from the West, was heavy, and in the first part of the fortnight past the receipts here were large, and under the effect of advanced freights, and unsettled rates of exchange, our market for flour and grain was heavy, and prices materially lower. For some days past, with quite moderate supplies, there has been more buoyancy, and a portion of the decline regained. The supply of strictly sound extra State flour is light, and that description is held with firmness, whilst the inferior kinds of State and Western are dull. Shipping brands of Ohio have met a ready sale and are not plenty. There is a good stock of the choice qualities of Illinois, Indiana and Missouri, but the demand is limited and prices irregular. The quotations for Wheat show a larger range than usual. The late English orders being chiefly for the better kinds of Amber, which quality has been held firmly, whilst the inferior kinds have been neglected, and not salable except at low rates. There is a fair demand, and prices yesterday were a trifle better. Rye is quiet and lower. Indian Corn has been in large supply, and prices have fluctuated with freight and exchange, but the sales have been heavy, closing with some firmness for good shipping quality."

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been quiet and depressed.

HAY—North River Bale is in active request at 85c.@\$1 ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue quiet and rather heavy at 15c.@23c. ℔ lb.

IRON—Has been in limited request at former quotations.

LUMBER—Has been actively sought after at full and buoyant prices.

MOLASSES—Sales, to-day, 104 bbls. New-Orleans, at 42c.@46c.; 275 hhds Porto Rico, at 50c.@52c., and 70 hhds., &c., Cuba Muscovado, at 42c.@45c. ℔ gal.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in limited request, including Resin at \$22@\$32 ℔ 280 lbs. Tar at \$8 50@\$11 ℔ bbl.; and Spirits Turpentine at \$3 40@\$3 45 ℔ gallon.

OILS—The demand for most descriptions have been quite moderate; Crude Whale closed at 85c.@87c.; Crude Sperm, \$1 55@\$1 57; Linseed, \$1 25@\$1 27; No. 1 Lard, 82c.@85c.; City Red, 60c.@67c.; Crude Petroleum, 26c.@27c.; Refined do., 48c.@52c., free, ℔ gallon.

PRINTING CLOTHS—Sales in Providence, during the week, 29,000 pieces, including, according to the *Journal*: 5,000 pieces, 60x64, at 10½c., cash; 4,000 do., 60x64, at 10¾c., cash; 20,000 do., 64x64, little under average weight, at 11¼c.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been brisker to-day, sales having been made of 2,800 bbls. at \$11 75@\$12 for old Mess; \$12@\$13 12½ for new Mess, and \$10 50@\$11 75 for old and new Prime, ℔ bbl. Cut Meats are in limited request, at 6c.@7¼c. for Hams; 4½c.@5c. for Shoulders, ℔ lb. Bacon is in more demand at 6c.@7¼c. ℔ lb.; sales 300 boxes. Lard continues unaltered; sales, 3,100 tcs. and bbls. at 9½c.@10½c. ℔ lb. Beef is in more request; sales 650 bbls., at \$12@\$13 50 for Extra Mess, and \$9 50@\$11 75 for Plain Mess, ℔ bbl.; Prime Mess Beef, \$20@\$22 ℔ tierce. Beef Hams, \$15@\$17 ℔ bbl. Butter is inquired for at 16c.@21c. for poor to choice Western, and 18c.@23c. for common to choice State, ℔ lb. Cheese is selling in lots at 9c.@12c. ℔ lb.

Stocks in the Packing Yards of New-York and Brooklyn.

PORK.	June 1, '63.	May 1, '63.	June 1, '62.
Clear	381	381	525
Mess	62,246	50,494	67,052
Thin Mess	1,473	1,034	1,860
Prime Mess	12,379	14,467	3,555
Plank	60	26	91
Prime	11,316	7,490	14,697
Rumps	622	860	1,604
Refuse Mess	6,725	4,454	1,756
Refuse Prime	831	579	685
Other Refuse	3,518	3,049	4,308
Uninspected	60,792	28,049	60,560
Grand total, bbls	188,458	109,906	155,415
BEEF.			
Repacked Mess	12,783	14,350	10,411
Repacked Chicago do.	16,246	17,970	4,546
Railroad Beef	565	165	67
Refuse Mess	2,041	1,266	654
Other Refuse	1,509	1,278	242
Tcs. Prime Mess	742	62	2,300
Country Mess	4,457	4,107	269
Country Prime	940	860	244
Uninspected tcs	1,190	730	544
Uninspected bbls	12,501	25,108	7,657
Grand total, tcs. & bbls	59,954	72,224	27,818

RICE—Sales, to-day, 110 bags East India, at \$5 75, in bond, and \$6 50@\$8 62½, free, ℔ 100 lbs. Messrs. Eugene O'Sullivan & Co. report the stock on hand as 16,056 bags cleaned East India, against 207 sacks Carolina, 200 do. Para, 26,859 bags cleaned East India, and 67,517 bags and mats uncleaned do., same date last year.

SEEDS—The main inquiry was for Calcutta Linseed, at \$2 30@\$2 40 ℔ bushel.

SUGARS—Sales, to-day, 600 hhds., including New-Orleans, at 11½c.@13c., the latter rate for Clarified, and Cuba at 10¾c.@11c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Sales, to-day, 65,000 lbs., at 11c.@11¼c. ℔ lb. The week's business Messrs. Kinear & Sons notice thus: "In this article there has been considerable variation since our last issue. During the first part of the week there existed a pretty fair demand for desirable shipping lots at 11½c.@11¾c., but this did not last but for two days when the market became very suddenly depressed, and prices consequently receded from ¼c.@½c., and sales were effected at 11c.@11¼c., the latter price being the extreme rate for the very choicest in the market. During Friday and Saturday the depression was still felt, and in order to dispose of lots the concession was allowed. Yesterday the market was very unsettled, and 11¼c. appeared to be the very extreme shippers would pay for choice lots on the spot. To-day, owing to the rise in gold, prices have stiffened, and favorite brands are not to be obtained for less than 11½c., and the market closes firm at 11½c.@11¾c. The stock now on hand is very small here, and throughout the country generally there appeared to be a scarcity. The arrivals from all points is likewise small. In other soap stock there has been more doing. Good White Grease and No. 2 Tallow has been more inquired after, but Tallow Oil seems to be nominal. Prices this day, 1858, 9¼c.; 1859, 10⅞c.; 1860, 10c.; 1861, 8¼c.; 1862, 9¼c. ℔ lb."

WHISKY—Sales 500 bbls., in lots, at 44½c.@45c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Were rather more active to-day. For Liverpool, the engagements included 1,100 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 9d. ℔ bbl.; 156,000 bushels Grain, at 6½d.@6d. by sailing vessel, and 8½d.@9d. by steamer, ℔ bushel; 300 bbls Pork, at 3s. ℔ bbl. For London: 5,000 bbls. Flour, at 2s. 3d.@2s. 10½d. ℔ bbl.; and 50 hhds. Tallow at 32s. 6d. ℔ ton. For Bristol: 13,000 bushels Wheat, at 9d. ℔ bushel. For Glasgow: 1,000 pkgs. Provisions, at 37s. 6d. ℔ ton. For Cork and orders: two vessels, with grain, at 7s.@7s. 6d., respectively, ℔ quarter.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN wants a situation as first-class cook in a private family; understands all kinds of desserts; no objection to assist with the washing. Apply at her former employer's, No. 74 West 26th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first-class cook; one that understands all kinds of cooking; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 364 9th-st., near 1st-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS FIRST-class cook by a Scotch woman; has the highest testimonials as to character and capability; has lived seven years in one place. Call at No. 119 West 26th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook, has the best city references; is a good baker; can be seen for two days at No. 76 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS COOK.—A COOK'S SITUATION WANTED, by a competent woman; the best of City references given. Call or address No. 366 West 25th-st., one door off 7th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman a situation as a good plain cook, good washer and ironer; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 186 West 27th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young girl to do light chamberwork and plain sewing; the best of reference given; no objection to the country. Call at No. 486 West 16th-st., third floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable young girl (Protestant) wishes to obtain a situation as chambermaid or chambermaid and waitress; good City reference. Apply at No. 130 West 15th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young girl, (19 years old,) a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or take care of children; best City reference from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 135 West 30th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or child's nurse and plain sewer; no objections to a short distance in the country. Can be seen at No. 300 7th-av., between 34th and 35th sts.

AS GENERAL HOUSEMAID.—A YOUNG girl wants a situation to do light housework. Can be seen, for 2 days, at No. 99 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Has good City reference.

AS LADY'S MAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young woman as lady's maid and seamstress; understands dressmaking and hair-dressing; can operate on Grover & Baker's machine. Apply, for two days, at No. 278 6th-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—A HOUSEKEEPER'S position wanted by a middle-aged Protestant woman, well experienced in every department in housekeeping; references from the first families in the City. Can be seen for this week at her present employer's, No. 178 5th-av. A residence in the country preferred.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a young woman as nurse and seamstress, or would do chamberwork and sewing; would go to the country; has seven years' reference. Call at No. 18 Union-court, University place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS nurse and lady's maid, or seamstress, by a very respectable young English woman, competent to take charge of an infant; no objection to travel; is not seasick. A note addressed to L. F., Union-square Post-office, will meet with prompt attention.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable person as nurse, who has been in that capacity for the last sixteen years, and is fully competent to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; has the very best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 84 Bleecker-st.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT Protestant woman, a situation as lady's or invalid's nurse; is capable of taking the entire care of a baby from its birth; wishes a place in the country; is a good seamstress; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 63 20th-st., one door from 6th-av.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS children's nurse, or can take full charge of a baby; best of City reference given. Inquire at her present place, No. 131 5th-av., from 10 to 2 o'clock. Can be seen till engaged.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION as family seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; or would take care of grown children or wait on young ladies; has city references of the highest character. Call at, or address No. 280 3d-av., one door from 18th-st.

AS GENERAL SERVANT.—A WILLING AND obliging young woman desires a situation in City or country as cook and laundress, or for general housework; is an excellent laundress, a good cook and baker; has the best of references. Call at No. 278 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waitress by a competent girl; perfectly understands her business; has three years' City reference; has no objection to go a short distance in the country for the Summer. Can be seen at No. 193 West 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—AN ACTIVE YOUNG woman wants a situation as first class waitress or chambermaid and waitress; would go to the country; has excellent City reference. Call at No. 19 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a competent, trustworthy young woman, with unexceptionable City reference as to character and capability, as waitress. Can be seen for two days at No. 158 3d-av., between 16th and 17th sts., in the fancy store.

AS WAITRESS.—SITUATION WANTED BY A first-class waitress; willing to go with a family in the country for the Summer; good reference given. Call at No. 112 East 27th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a young woman, as first-class waitress; City reference, if required. Call at her present employer's, No. 19 East 16th-st.

A LADY OF MIDDLE AGE WISHES A place as reader to an invalid lady or gentleman, or to teach and take charge of children during the Summer months, requiring no other remuneration than a home; she will give unexceptionable City references. Address D. N. A., Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN ACCOMPLISHED DRESSMAKER, a few more customers, to go out by the day or week. Apply at No. 410 East 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-RATE LAUNDRESS, gentlemen's and ladies' washing, in her own house, or going to day's work; best of City reference given. Inquire for Mrs. DUNBAR, corner of 28th-st. and 10th-av.

AT THE PRIVATE SERVANTS' INSTITUTE, No. 16 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., first-class servants in every capacity, for city or country, always on hand, and good situations always ready for good servants. J. E. WEIR, Proprietor.

MALES.

AS ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—WANTED, a situation as assistant bookkeeper or general clerk, in any good mercantile business, by an experienced young man, who can give the best of reference. Address EXPERIENCE, care of the Merchants' Clerks' Advertising Agency, No. 131 Fulton-st.

AS GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—Wanted, a situation as coachman and gardener by a man that understands his business well and laying out of new places and making himself generally useful to any man who may employ him; can be highly recommended from his employer. Can be seen by addressing a note to MICHAEL, gardener, Bay View Post-office, Clifton, Staten Island.

AS COACHMAN OR GROOM.—WANTED, A situation by a very respectable young man as coachman or groom; he understands his business perfectly well, and is an excellent driver; is willing to go in the country; he has the best of reference from his last employer. Call or address S. M., No. 32 West 32d-st.

AS COACHMAN, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable young man, as coachman, or coachman and gardener; fully understands both, and can produce first-rate testimonials. Call, or address J. R., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a Scotchman as coachman; thoroughly understands his business in every respect. Best of reference. Address A., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED man wishes a situation as coachman; has ten years' reference from his present employer in the City. Call for two days at No. 212 35th-st., near 7th-av.

AS USEFUL MAN.—A SITUATION WANTED with a gentleman, by a very respectable young single man; is willing to make himself useful in all respects; he has lately come home from the war. Address a note to O. S., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION to learn the carpenter's trade or plumbing. Call on or address W. E. HEALY, No. 197 6th-av., near 13th-st.

HELP WANTED.

DRESSMAKERS.—TWO GIRLS WANTED AS apprentices to the dressmaking business at No. 280 East 24th-st.

WANTED.—A MAN OF EXPERIENCE TO TAKE the charge of the silk department in a large dry goods firm on Broadway; must be competent to buy and generally oversee the business of the department. Address, with real name, Box No. 2,806 Post-office. Communications confidential.

ENTRY CLERK WANTED—UNEXCEPTIONable references required. Address, in handwriting of applicant, R. S. P., New-York Post-office.

FARMER WANTED—MARRIED OR SINGLE; must come well recommended and understand his business; wages liberal, and house and garden free. Call at No. 26 South William-st.

BOY WANTED—IN AN INSURANCE OFFICE; an active, intelligent lad, about 15 or 16 years of age, who writes a good hand, and resides with his parents. Address, in handwriting of the applicant, Box No. 2,864 Post-office.

A BOY.—WANTED, IN A WHOLESALE DRY goods store. Salary \$50 the first year. Address Box No. 751 Post-Office.

BOY WANTED—IN A MERCHANTS' OFFICE, to run errands and carry packages. Apply at No. 11 College-place, front office, up stairs.

WANTED—AN OPERATOR ON WHEELER & Wilson's sewing-machine, to do plain sewing, at No. 404 Grand-st.

WANTED—CLERK FOR A STEAMBOAT, THREE porters, two clerks, two conductors, two brakemen. Apply at No. 7 Chatham-square.

WANTED—A LIGHT PORTER AND COPYING clerk; a young man having the best of references. Apply, in own handwriting, to Box No. 2,396 Post-office.

WANTED—A FEW TIDY BOYS TO SELL pamphlets, at No. 113 Broadway. Room No. 12. Apply in the afternoon.

DRY GOODS.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE LADIES.

In consequence of the extreme warm weather the subscriber will offer at a reduction of 25 per cent., over FIVE THOUSAND CLOTH CLOAKS, at prices varying from \$6 50 to \$18, formerly sold for \$7 50, \$8 75, \$10, \$12, \$14, \$16, \$18, \$22, \$24, \$26 and \$28.
GEORGE CAREY,
Nos. 204 and 206 Canal-st., New-York.
United States Cloak and Mantilla Store.
N. B.—All the leading styles of Black Silk Mantillas, Sacques, Circulars and Ruffles for June and July Fashions, at prices within the reach of all.
W. E. MACKENZIE, Superintendent.

MACY'S CLEARING JUNE SALE OF PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS,
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

THE CHEAPEST and MOST COMPLETE YANKEE NOTION STOCK in the City.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

WE ARE CLOSING Our whole stock of COTTON HOSIERY and UNDER WEAR at REDUCED PRICES.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

KID GLOVES. WE CONTINUE TO SELL OUR BEST KID GLOVES for \$1 A PAIR. WARRANTED EQUAL IN QUALITY TO ANY KID GLOVES SOLD IN THE CITY.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

WHITE GOODS. FINE FLANNELS, &c. ALL GOODS IN THIS DEPARTMENT SELLING AT REDUCED PRICES.
N. B.—WE ARE ALSO SELLING THE VERY BEST MAKES OF 4-4 BLEACHED MUSLINS for 2s. a YARD.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

LACE SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS. 1,000 FRENCH LACE SHAWLS and MANTILLAS at VERY LOW PRICES.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

LADIES' WIDE-HEMMED LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, NOW OPENING, FROM 2s.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

THE CHEAPEST LINE LINEN CAMBRIC HDKFS. IN THE CITY.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

FROM AUCTION, 1,000 PAIRS VERY RICH EMBROIDERED LACE CURTAINS, VERY LOW.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

RIBBONS AND PARIS FLOWERS, STRAW GOODS, &c., AT REDUCED PRICES.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., Two doors below 14th-st.

PAPER HANGINGS AT RETAIL.
OUR SPRING STOCK IS NOW READY FOR EXHIBITION.
FOR EXTENT AND VARIETY OF STYLE IT IS UNSURPASSED.
Parties about furnishing are invited to an examination.
SOLOMON & HART, No. 369 Broadway.

AT UNION ADAMS', NO. 637 BROADWAY.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO., No. 355 BROADWAY.
Will offer at retail, ON MONDAY, JUNE 1,
BLACK TAFFETAS AND GROS DU RHIN, Suitable for MANTILLAS and SACQUES.
also, GROS GRAIN, PARIS QUALITY, AT 25 PER CENT. LESS THAN ONE MONTH AGO.
SHAWLS in GRENADINES and other Fabrics, with MANTILLAS and SACQUES. New styles just received.

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO., No. 355 BROADWAY, WILL OFFER AT RETAIL, ON MONDAY, June 1,
A large lot of ORGANDIES AND JACONETS, Purchased at auction at a reduction of 25 to 50 per cent. from late prices.
DRESS GOODS, Comprising MOZAMBIQUES, POIL DE CHEVRE, WORSTED GRENADINES, ALPACAS in all new shades, DELAINES, &c.
With a large assortment of goods suitable for TRAVELING DRESSES, VERY CHEAP.
MOURNING GOODS in great variety.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS at a great reduction.

AT NO. 355 BROADWAY, STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO., NO. 355 BROADWAY,
Will offer at retail, on MONDAY, June 1, a fresh lot of those cheap 6-4 WORSTED GRENADINES, from auction, at 37½ cents, worth 68.
BLACK SILK AND WORSTED GRENADINES, from ¼ to 2 yards wide, cheap!
PLAIN AND BROCHE GRENADINES, in all colors.

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO., NO. 355 BROADWAY,
Offer at retail a new and desirable article in TAFFETA IMPERIAL (richer than silk), of all the NEW SHADES, just now in vogue at Paris.
TAMARTINES, CREPE MARETZ and BAREGES, in all new shades.
ORGANDIES AND JACONETS.

STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO., NO. 355 BROADWAY,
Will offer at retail, on MONDAY, JUNE 1, RECEIVED FROM AUCTION,
PRINTED FOULARD SILKS, IN DRAB AND DARK COLORED GROUNDS, At 87½ cents, formerly \$1 25.
CHECK AND PLAIN [illegible] With a large assortment from 50 cents to \$1 50.

DRY GOODS.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
MAKE YOUR PURCHASES OF CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.
Having completed our orders and contracts previous to the recent important advance, we still continue to offer our entire stock of new Spring styles at less than importers' and manufacturers' prices.
Call early if you want CHOICE STYLES AT A BARGAIN.
SMITH & LOUNSBERY, No. 456 Broadway, near Grand-st.

FINE DRESS SHIRTS, UNRIVALED IN MANUFACTURE, FITTING AND MATERIAL, AT UNION ADAMS', NO. 637 BROADWAY.

NO. 607 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
C. W. FRENCH.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. Fine Shirts and Collars MADE TO ORDER. Fine Gauze Merino Undershirts, \$1 50 each, or \$18 per dozen. Also a large stock of Muslin, Linen and Jean Drawers of our own make, and warranted to fit.
C. W. FRENCH, No. 607 Broadway, N. Y.

AT DEPERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY.—All kinds of Children's Cloaks, Dresses, Blankets, Sacks, Corsets, Chemises, Infants' Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c., &c. Ladies' Embroidered Chemises and Nightgowns, Yokes; Ladies' ready-made under-garments, fluted handkerchiefs, &c. Initials and coats-of-arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen and bedclothes. Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroideries and braiding executed perfectly. Fluting for dress trimmings; laces done up like new.

CORSETS AND SKIRTS.—MRS. ELGER has the largest and cheapest stock in the City, purchased before the great advance, which she is selling under the regular prices. Skirts of the best quality and newest shapes, from 65 cents. Skirts made to order of every style. Also, misses' waists, skirts, pads, elastic lacing, &c. N. B.—Edgings, laces and trimmings for ladies' undergarments. Also, a large assortment of new style dress trimmings, velvets, braids, buttons, bugle trimming, &c. No. 280 Broadway, near 10th-st.

MILLINERY.

ANNOUNCEMENT.
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
OF SUMMER MILLINERY,
AT THE
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
NO. 126 SIXTH-AVENUE. Two doors from Tenth-st.
On THURSDAY next, June 4, we will exhibit an unusually grand display of Crape, Illusion and Lace Bonnets. Customers, and ladies generally, are invited to attend this opening without further invitation.
M. P. HIGGINS, No. 126 6th-av., two doors from 10th-st.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.
AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE
You can purchase cut lengths of Millinery Goods cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces.
Call—we have cheap RIBBONS, SILKS, STRAWS and LACES.
EDWARD RIDLEY, Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand, and No. 66 Allen-st., Fifth block east from the Bowery.

CHILDREN'S HATS.—AT L. BINNS' MILLINERY, No. 358 Broadway, largest millinery in the world, Bonnets and Hats of every description. Traveling Hats and Bonnets for ladies and children. Spanish shape Hats, new styles. Presser wanted.

CLOTHING.

NOS. 290 AND 292 BOWERY. The cheapest cash Clothing Warehouse in the City. GEO. A. HUNTER & CO.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

"BERRIAN" HOUSE FURNISHING WAREROOMS, No. 601 BROADWAY.
Now offer for sale the largest variety in the United States of CUTLERY, SILVER-PLATED WARE, TEA-TRAYS, REFRIGERATORS of all kinds, WATER-COOLERS, CREAM-FREEZERS, FILTERS, WOODWARE, TIN AND JAPANNED WARES, MANGLES, CLOTHES-WRINGERS, COOKING UTENSILS of every description, CANE FURNITURE, HAMMOCKS, &c.
Together with everything appertaining to the line, and all at the lowest possible prices. H. H. CASEY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DOUBLE AND SINGLE GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS, REVOLVERS OF ALL KINDS, BOWIE KNIVES, POCKET CUTLERY, PERCUSSION CAPS, WADDING, SWORDS, SASHES, BELTS AND MILITARY GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
For sale at lowest market rates by A. W. SPIES & CO., No. 241 Broadway.

HAMMER'S CHAMPAGNE ALE.
The attention of the public is called to the superior quality of HAMMER'S FRESH-BREWED CHAMPAGNE ALE. This ale is brewed fresh at all seasons of the year, and its KEEPING QUALITY, especially of that brewed DURING THE MOST EXCESSIVE HOT WEATHER, is guaranteed for any length of time.
For sale in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels, at the depot, No. 126 Beekman-st., New-York. HAMMER & CO.
BREWERY AT HARLEM.

BRIDGEWATER PAINT
FIRE AND WATER-PROOF.
For cottages, barns, roofs, decks of vessels, &c. Will stand any weather or climate. R. REYNOLDS, Agent, Depot No. 74 Maiden-lane.

HAMBURG INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
All articles for this Exhibition must be delivered with duplicate invoices at the Agency, No. 78 Broadway, New-York, on or before Thursday, the 11th day of June.
AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.
N. B.—Transportation free to Hamburg.

COMMISSIONER FOR CONNECTICUT and other States and Notary—No. 5 Beekman-st., over Park Bank—Room No. [illegible] second floor.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.
BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, 60 cents per 1,000. Billheads, \$3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

TO LET.

HOTEL AND LODGING-HOUSE BUSINESS.—A chance to lease a modern built house down town; 60 rooms; at greatly reduced rent. The owner will aid to furnish it. A small fortune is sure. Apply at No. 369 Broadway, Room No. 16.

TO LET—FURNISHED, TO A PRIVATE FAMILY, a spacious house, fronting on Washington-square, with all the modern improvements, for the Summer months. Inquire of J. & W. DUNHAM, 5th-av., corner 10th-st., from morning to 9 o'clock in the evening.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT UNDER THE TIMES Office, fronting Park-row, 22x75 feet. Inquire in office of the *Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park-row.

STEAM POWER TO LET.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—A NUMBER OF brick buildings, with steam power, to let, together or separate. Inquire on the premises, corner of [illegible] and 1st-av. CHRISTIAN SCHWARTZ.

STEAM POWER AND LOFTS TO LET—No. 56 John-st., light and convenient, suitable for trade or manufacturing purposes. Apply as above, or address Box No. 3,000 Post-office.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of East 24th-st. Apply before noon. Engines 1,000 horse power. SAML. LEGGETT, Supt.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

DWELLING-HOUSE WANTED TO PURCHASE—Three story and attic or five story basement, not less than twenty feet wide, between 6th and 40th sts., and Lexington and 6th avs. Address, through Post-office, [illegible] of June, stating number of house and street, size of house and lot and the price, [illegible], International Hotel, Broadway.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

JOHNS & BRO.
HENRY V. D. JOHNS. JNO. KENSEY JOHNS,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS, No. 9 Nassau-st., New-York.
We respectfully solicit orders for the sale and for the purchase of City and country property, and would refer to the following gentlemen of this City:
R. H. LOWRY, Esq., Pres't of the Bank of the Republic.
WM. R. TRAVERS, Esq., Banker.
JACOB D. VERMILYE, Esq.
P. M. BRYSON, Esq.
Messrs. MOSES TAYLOR & CO.

FOR SALE—NEAR UNION-SQUARE. THE very desirable property on the northwest corner of Irving-place and 16th-st., 33x100, with improvements. Well located for a first-class small hotel, being in the immediate vicinity of the Academy of Music, theatres, railroad and omnibus lines. For terms, &c., apply to RIDLEY WATTS, Executor, No. 704 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWELVE LOTS ON 22D-ST., BEtween 1st-av. and Avenue A. Inquire of WM. A. BAXTER, on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

VALUABLE VILLA SITES AT AUCTION, AT KATONAH, ON THE HARLEM RAILROAD. The estate of the late Gideon Reynolds, at Katonah Station, about 45 miles from New-York, and near Lake Mahopac, Croton Falls and Croton Lake, containing about 115 acres, will be divided into suitable sites, from 50 to 2 acres each. FOR DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCES, and sold at public auction THURSDAY, June 4, at 1 o'clock, at the Homestead. For particulars, inquire of J. M. CHAMBERLIN, at the bank, corner of 8th-av. and 42d-st., and G. REYNOLDS, No. 3 Water-st. FLOYD TUCKER, Executor.

FOR SALE—ON THE BANKS OF THE UPPER Hudson, a large and elegant mansion and grounds, (about 14 acres) located in the village of Sandy Hill, (58 miles from Saratoga Springs. Residence of the late Gen. Orville Clark.
The mansion has a front on the main street of 75 feet, including two wings, and the same front on the Hudson. The grounds are beautifully terraced to the river bank, and have an area of several acres, filled with rare fruits and shades. The dwelling is spacious, and well supplied with water from a large tank in the attic. Outbuildings numerous and convenient. Also, several cottages upon the estate, with outbuildings, &c., &c. The location is very healthy, and the property most desirable as a private residence. For full particulars, price, &c., &c., apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET UNTIL OCTOBER—A fine country seat, situated at Clinton-place, New-Jersey, two miles from Newark, containing 40 or 60 acres, as purchaser may desire, with fine large house, ample outbuildings, plenty of shade and fruit. It is only an hour's distance from New-York, and the situation is elevated, retired and healthy, and combines everything requisite to the making up of a first-class country seat. Apply at Nos. 21 and 23 Dey-st. PROSPER P. SHAW.

TO LET—ON BERGEN HEIGHTS, NEAR THE Jersey City and Bergen Point Railroad, and within 15 minutes of Jersey City, the 2-story and attic double house, beautifully situated and in perfect order, having 14 rooms, hot and cold water, bath, furnace and range, fine carriage-house and barn, one acre of land and plenty of fruit. BULKLEY & FINK, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

TO LET AT TREMONT—TEN MILES FROM the City Hall, New-York, a desirable residence, suitable for a boarding-house, containing 14 rooms, within five minutes' walk of the Harlem Railroad or Stage depots. Lot 100 feet square. The location is beautiful and healthy. Good water near the house. Rent \$150 per year. Inquire of Justice LENT, near Tremont depot, or of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE.—A LARGE FIRST-CLASS HOUSE and furniture at Southport, Ct., on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. Five acres of land more may be had if desired. House three story, 44 feet square; all the furniture except silver; beautifully situated; fine view of the Sound and surrounding country; fine garden and large quantity of fruit. Terms to suit. Price for the whole, \$9,500. SANDFORD & CORNELL, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn.

AUCTION SALE AT SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., June 4, at 3 o'clock P. M. The property of James Benedict, Jr., beautifully located, fine view of the Sound and surrounding country; one acre of ground, fruit and shade trees, large house, modern-built; five minutes' walk from depot or steamboat landing. For particulars inquire of S. SEELY, No. 118 King-st., New-York, or L. DIBBLE, South Norwalk.

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE AND FIVE ACRES of land at Edgewater, on the Hudson, four miles north of Weehawken Ferry, on the river road to Fort Lee. The steamer Thomas E. Hulse, from foot of Spring-st., lands near the place several times a day. Will be sold low and on accommodating terms. Apply to C. R. FOSDICK, Esq., No. 36 Spruce-st., or J. B. DE KLYN, Peekskill.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND about 24 acres, 3 minutes' walk from depot, at Metuchin, N. J., and 1½ hours from New-York; location elevated and pleasant; soil of first quality; churches and schools convenient. The property will be sold very low to close an estate. M. DANIELS, Administrator, No. 289 Broad-st., Newark, or S. EDDY, 3 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, WITH 12 or 14 rooms, at the foot of 86th-st., East River, with carriage-house, stable, &c.; shade and fruit trees in abundance, and vegetable garden well stocked. Fine residence for any gentleman doing business down town. For further particulars inquire at No. 435 East 10th-st., Dry Dock, New-York.

TO LET, FURNISHED—ONE AND A HALF miles from Rye depot, (near the elegant country residences of Messrs. Easton, Macy, Drake, Cragin, Palmer and others,) the house and grounds belonging to the estate of the late John H. Purdy. Apply to JOHN PALMER, near the premises, or to BULKLEY & FINK, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT in the township of New-Windsor, about one mile south of Newburgh. The premises embrace about six acres of land, with a commodious house, of brick, with slate roof, in perfect order, and necessary outbuildings. The garden contains a variety of choice fruit trees. Apply to F. C. HAVEMEYER, No. 152 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—ENGLEWOOD, New-Jersey, 14 miles from Jersey City; four new cottage dwellings within three minutes walk of the depot—nine to twelve rooms each, with lots 65x250. Prices from \$2,800 to \$3,300. Inquire for particulars at the office of the *Merchants' Magazine*, Room No. 24, of WILLIAM B. DANA, No. 61 William-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE, LOW—A LARGE house with one acre, shade and fruit trees, near railroad depot, Flushing. To let also, a small plain cottage, beautifully shaded, on farm of Wm. Smart, ten minutes walk from railroad depot, Flushing; rent \$80. Inquire of WM. SMART, Flushing, or P. A. VAN BERGEN, No. 295 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE places for either a Summer or permanent residence, containing 10 acres, located on the Sound at the mouth of the Saugatuck River, Westport, Conn. A commodious house and lodge, with large carriage house and barns, all in perfect order for immediate occupancy. Apply for terms and particulars at No. 3 Cliff-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT TARRYTOWN, a beautiful residence, with five acres of land. Brick house, new, containing 13 rooms, and all the modern improvements of a City dwelling. Fruit and shade trees, stable, carriage-house, &c.; good view of the river. Apply to NEWMAN & FITTON, No. 25 Wall-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED, AT TARRYTOWN—A two-story and basement house, barn and carriage house, five acres of land, abundance of choice fruit, fine view of the Hudson, only one mile from the depot; rent \$600. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 88 Nassau-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 69 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 62 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY, OR FOR SALE—Country villa with water front, in a village 30 miles from the City; 22 rooms; 20 acres of land; will exchange for a house worth \$8,000 in the City. Inquire at No. 110 Fulton-st., of S. W. MEAD.

TO LET AT RAVENSWOOD, ON EAST River, at low rents, for present season, two cottages and a furnished house. Photographs can be seen at office of GILBERT HOPKINS, No. 31 Fulton-st., from 11½ to 1 o'clock.

WANTED TO HIRE FOR THE SUMMER—A furnished house, within two hours of the City, certainly twelve rooms; on the water. J. A. ROOSEVELT, No. 94 Maiden-lane.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE—OF 100 ACRES, ON THE banks of the Hudson, four miles south of Poughkeepsie and a half-mile from Milton Ferry Station; fine views of the river, both up and down, from all parts of the farm; could be divided into four or five beautiful building sites. The land is rich and sloping to the south; is peculiarly adapted to the raising of grapes. The buildings are in good repair and adapted to immediate occupancy. Farm has a dock privilege. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF EIGHTY ACRES, OF the finest quality and position, in the town of Islip, Long Island, with buildings suitable for the work of the farmer, or the residence of the gentleman; also, a tract of 500 acres, extending from the shore across the main South Road, with superior location for building, and facilities for farming. Inquire of ARDEN SMITH, Babylon, Long Island.

FARM FOR SALE AT TARRYTOWN—103 acres of land, with large new house 45x40 feet, two-story basement and attic; farmer's house 26x36 feet, barn and carriage-house, abundance of fruit, fine view, only 2½ miles from the depot. This farm will be sold for less than the improvements cost. JOHN A. KENYON, No. 88 Nassau-st.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO LET AT WHITE PLAINS—105 acres of choice land, with a large new two-story house, 45x50, barn and carriage-house, only 1½ miles from the depot; or will rent 35 acres with the house. Rent \$400. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 88 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM ON LONG ISLAND, three miles north of Suffolk Station; new dwelling-house, first-class outbuildings, two fish-ponds, &c., and about 300 acres of land. For terms and particulars apply to S. C. & E. J. GENET, No. 10 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE AT WHITE LAKE, N. Y.—283 acres, with two dwellings, barn, new sheds, hay houses, apple and other orchards, &c. Price \$8,000. Will exchange. C. D. OLIVER, No. 1 Beekman-st.

NEWMAN & FITTON, REAL ESTATE BROKERS, No. 25 Wall-st. and Tarrytown, New-York. Have a variety of houses and lots, country seats and farms, to let, lease, sell or exchange on equitable terms. ALLEN NEWMAN, Tarrytown, N. Y. ADAM FITTON, New-York.

JUNE 1863

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—Il Trovatore.

WALLACK'S—The Stranger.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Duke's Motto.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Gen. Tom Thumb and Wife, Commodore Nutt and Minnie Warren at all hours. Dramas at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M.

GOUPIL'S—(No. 772 Broadway)—The Alps by Sunrise.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN—(No. 625 Broadway)—Exhibition of Paintings.

NO. 661 BROADWAY—The Nativity.

IRVING HALL—Billiard Tournament.

HOPE CHAPEL—Dunlop's Holy Land.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the New-York Times (Daily) hereafter will be Three Cents, except of the Sunday morning edition, which will be Four Cents.

To Mail Subscribers the price will be $8 per annum:—including the Sunday morning edition, it will be $10.

☞ Revenue Stamps for Checks, in sheets, for sale at Times Counting-Room.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Official advices from Gen. Grant's Army to the 29th ult. were yesterday received by the Government. They indicate that there was no change in the condition of affairs at Vicksburgh, but that the prospects were encouraging. A dispatch from Memphis brings us unofficial advices to the 28th, which state that on the 26th the gunboat *Cincinnati* was sunk by the fire from the rebel batteries, with a reported loss of over twenty killed and wounded. Several of our men captured by the rebels had been paroled—it is said on account of a scarcity of food. A more detailed report of the statements of a Staff officer, mentioned yesterday, has been received. From this it appears that Gen. Grant is engaged in building works, with the view of capturing the place by regular approaches, and that some of the rebel works are being mined. A portion of Gen. Banks' forces are said to have reinforced Gen. Grant. The rebels report that Gen. Banks has landed his forces at Bayou Sara, ten miles above Port Hudson, with the intention of attacking that place in the rear.

Advices from the Department of the Gulf, received yesterday, by the steamship *Creole*, are important. She left New Orleans on the 24th ult., having been detained two days by the Government, to carry troops to the vicinity of Port Hudson. This famous stronghold, like that of Vicksburgh, is in a state of siege. A preliminary reconnoissance was made from Baton Rouge on the 12th, Col. Grierson, with his famous cavalry cooperating. It was further continued on the 13th, and the rebel pickets at Port Hudson were driven in. Col. Grierson proceeded to the railroads and telegraphs communicating with the place, and succeeded in destroying all communication. On the 19th the reconnoissance was pushed to within a mile and a half of the rebel works, without bringing on an engagement. On the 21st, however, a heavy force having been brought up from Baton Rouge, on the Bayou Sara road, the advance in earnest against Port Hudson commenced, and the enemy under Gen. Gardner was encountered on the Port Hudson Plains, two open tracts of smooth country four miles east of the fortifications. The rebels were in ambush, but were soon uncovered, and, after a warm engagement, were defeated and driven back within their works, leaving a large number of killed and wounded on the field. Port Hudson by this time is fully invested by our forces, if it has not already fallen into our hands. Details of affairs on the Red River, and elsewhere in the Department, will be found in our correspondents' letters.

It has been learned in Washington that a large body of rebels, supposed to be from Lee's army, passed through Culpepper on Monday, and proceeded in the direction of Gordonsville.

By way of Fortress Monroe, we receive several important items of rebel news. The Charleston *Courier* of the 26th ult. announces that the blockade-running steamer *Eagle* left Nassau for a Confederate port on the Wednesday previous, but on the succeeding night was fired into and captured by a National cruiser. It is said the commander of the *Eagle* mistook the cruiser for the British steamer *Flora*. Three gunboats recently visited Murfreesboro, N. C., and secured 20,000 pounds of bacon. On the 27th a fire occurred at Wilmington, N. C., which destroyed a large warehouse filled with spirits of turpentine and cotton—the latter mostly belonging to the rebel Government. Loss heavy.

We learn from Alabama of the defeat of the rebel Gen. Roddy at Florence, on the 27th ult., by a National force under Col. Cornyn. We captured 8 officers, 100 men, 300 negroes, and 400 mules. Col. Cornyn then marched northward, and destroyed in his way foundries, mills, and other property likely to be useful to the enemy.

Gen. Burnside has prohibited the circulation of the New-York *World* and the Chicago *Times* in his Department.

GENERAL NEWS.

The commander of the French steam-transport *Finisterre*, which arrived at this port yesterday from Vera Cruz, doubts the truth of the report by way of Havana that Puebla has been captured by Gen. Forey. The *Finisterre* left Vera Cruz on the 19th, and the latest news from Puebla at the time was to the 16th, at which time the French only held a part of the city, as previously reported. Nothing appears to have been heard of the alleged defeat of Comonfort.

Pursuant to a call published for some days beforehand in both English and German papers, the Germans of this City assembled in large number, yesterday evening, at Cooper Institute, to protest against the charge of cowardice and ill behavior on the battle field, brought against the German troops in the Eleventh corps of the Army of the Potomac recently participating in the terrible engagement near Chancellorsville, Va. Hugo Wesendonck, Esq., presided, and lists of no less than 154 Vice-Presidents and 27 Secretaries were called, comprising very many prominent and influential German residents. Very emphatic resolutions, condemning the aspersions cast upon the Eleventh corps, and vindicating its honor, rebuking the spirit of Nativism thus revived, and hinting at the removal of the Commander-in-Chief of the Union forces, were passed with great enthusiasm, and Messrs. Wesendonck, Kapp, Weil Von Gernsbach, and Gen. Von Gilsa, made stirring addresses, which were received with immense applause.

The annual communication of the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, of the State of New-York, commenced yesterday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, in the City Assembly Rooms. This body is composed of the Grand Master, Grand Officers and the Masters and Wardens of each subordinate Lodge throughout the State. These representatives assemble in convention and pass edicts and laws for the government of the craft during the year. The business, yesterday, was of a preliminary character, relating to the organization.

At the Billiard Tournament, last evening, Fox beat Stephe 116 points, and Kavanagh beat Seereiter 160 points. The tournament will be continued this afternoon at 3 o'clock, and this evening at 8.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday. A message from the Mayor vetoed a bill of Charles W. Baker's, amounting to $900 for printing, binding and stationery, and of which $681 was for printing and binding the Supreme Court Calendars for January and February, and those of the General Term for February—150 copies of each month's calendar. Finding that the name of the Chairman of the Printing Committee was not attached to the report in favor of paying the bill, the Mayor consulted him in regard to it, and learned from him that Justice Ingraham had appeared before the Committee and expressed the opinion that several items of the bill were not legal charges. The Mayor says the calendars were not printed in sufficient quantities for distribution to the lawyers, and the Judges and clerks could not have used so many copies as are charged for. A report from the Committee on Annual Taxes in favor of paying the Comptroller a salary of $2,500, and his deputy a salary of $1,500, on county account, was laid on the table. In the course of passing upon various bills an item of sixty dollars for badges for officers of the Superior Court came up. Mr. Purdy said the claim was illegal. He was surprised that no requisition had been made for the badges. Mr. Ely said Mr. Purdy knew all about the badges, before they were procured and afterward. At this the "old war horse of Democracy" waxed exceedingly wrathy and replied that the assertion was "false and unfounded in fact." The bill was allowed. The Board adjourned to 2 o'clock P. M. next Tuesday.

The price of Gold left off yesterday 147½; Exchange, 161 @ 161½; Money 6 @ 7 ₩ cent. to the Stock Brokers. The Stock market lower on the railways and dull at the close.

Breadstuffs opened briskly and buoyantly, but closed rather heavily, yesterday. Provisions were in fair request, as were likewise Sugars, Molasses, Tallow, Whisky, Hay, Lumber, Fish, Coal and Rio Coffee. Cotton was quoted higher, but was less freely dealt in. Hemp, Rice, Seeds, Spices, Candles, Metals and Naval Stores, were generally very sparingly purchased. Wool, Hops and Tobacco, were in moderate request. Desirable styles of Boots and Shoes were sold by auction rather advantageously. Freights were more active.

The Live Stock market show large gains over last week in each department, the total receipts being 26,797 against 18,719 one week ago. Trade was somewhat depressed in consequence, but less than might be anticipated, and very little stock remains unsold.... Beeves foot up 5,403, which is the largest number since early in February. They came in and were sold nearly every day since the close of the last market. Prices kept up pretty well during the week, and the first sales, on Monday morning, were as good as those of that day week; but by noon, when it was known that 4,100 head were at the Forty-fourth-street yards alone, there was a lull in the sales and prices dropped off ½c., and so continued until the close. No cattle were left over, and after all were sold there were inquiries for more. Prices ranged from 10c. to 12c. ₩ lb. net weight, the average being but little short of 11c., as many were sold before the decline, and the quality was such as to keep up the average price. Sheep are plenty and cheaper. Receipts over 8,000 for the week. They are mostly shorn and are worth 6c. @6½c. ₩ lb. live weight—if extra fat, 7c. Trade is pretty good, and very few hold over. Live Hogs sum up 11,682 for the week, which is an increase at a time when fewer are wanted. They are selling slowly at 5¼c.@5½c. for corn fed, and 4¾c.@5c. for still hogs, or ¼c. lower than last week.

An Early and Large Conscription.

We trust that the Administration will spare no pains to complete the preparations for the conscription by the earliest day possible, and that the conscription when made will be on an extensive scale. The great mistake of the war thus far has been the endeavor to wage it with an insufficient force. It requires no professional eye to see that, during the first year, the rebel army positively outnumbered our own; and through the second year we have had at no time a material preponderance;—for the calls that were made by the President last Summer were nearly balanced by the universal conscription ordered soon after by the rebel Congress. The expiration of the service of the nine months' men and of the two years' men is fast reducing our numbers to a figure actually below that of the rebel forces. Until this relative strength of the armies is vastly changed, so that we shall have a very great numerical preponderance of soldiers, this war will continue to drag on without result.

The *rationale* of the rebel system has become so plain that no man of the slightest discernment can mistake it. It all lies in the principle of *concentration*. Acting on the defensive, the rebels have also the advantage of operating on interior lines. While we are on the rim of the circle, they move at pleasure over the comparatively short distances within; and, when threatened at any point, they without delay combine their forces, and meet us in at least equal, if not superior, numbers. They do not hesitate to uncover the most important points in order to do this. In fact they have no alternative. When we advance in any direction, they must *then and there* have a force large enough to cope with us, or we would at once rush to our prize. Of course, they have done their best to disguise this necessity. It is now a settled fact that, in many instances, they have concealed the transfer of their troops by keeping up an imposing line of pickets long after every man behind them had been sped scores of miles away. It is not to the credit of our Generals that they have ever been deceived by such beggarly devices. It ought at the very outset to have been made an axiom that, from the very necessity of the case, the rebels, with their limited numbers, when threatened by an advance upon any point, must concentrate, and that this concentration must occasion a great weakness at all other points.

Plainly there can be but one method of meeting this system of the rebels, and that is an advance upon them with strong force, in *different directions*, at the same time. This drives the rebel commander at once into a fatal dilemma. He cannot concentrate at any one point without sure ruin at another; and yet, if he does not concentrate, he is just as sure to incur ruin by fighting us in detail with largely inferior forces. Had this indisputable truth been recognized and acted upon, Richmond would have inevitably fallen at Hooker's last advance. In fact it might have been grasped by us at any time since the war began.

But the prime requisite for this method is a large preponderance in numbers. If the advance were to be made, *for instance*, in two directions, the army operating in each should be strong enough to give full employment to the combined rebel force. Thus, the check of the advance in the one direction could be obtained only at the cost of the success of the advance in the other direction. With proper activity and concert of movement on our part, there could be no failure.

We trust we have seen the last attempt to penetrate interior lines in a single direction. In theory it is absurd, and in practice it is suicidal. Richmond must be taken as Paris was taken—by joint advance movements with heavy columns in different directions. Napoleon, the greatest warrior of modern times, was helpless before that simple operation, and it is certain that Lee could not withstand it.

It would seem that the Government must have been so taught by hard experience, that it will no longer trust to half-measures. For two years it has maintained the contest, practically, as the man with one hand tied behind him fights the boy. This may be legitimate sport for amateurs, but it does not suit a nation struggling for its life. It is high time that the mighty superiority of the loyal part of the country in strength should be turned to some practical account. The Executive, by the act of Congress, is clothed with a power to put into the field any number of men necessary—one, two, nay three millions, if need be. No physical effect can be more surely calculated upon from a physical cause, than the speedy crushing of this rebellion from the force that this Conscription bill empowers the Government to wield. We trust that the Administration will flinch from no responsibility in *the promptest and most effectual use of this means*. The great body of the people, we are sure, will cheerfully sustain any extent of conscription necessary for the speedy completion of the war. It is only when the Government hesitates and falters that the people fail it—never, when it is bold.

Arguing with Rebellion.

There is a story told of a certain athletic wag that he laid a wager with a friend that *he could throw him across a tolerably wide* river. The friend submitted himself to the experiment, and, finding himself soused into the water about four feet from the bank, swam ashore and claimed the stakes. "No," replied the other, "I am going to try again; I know I shall succeed in the end." The anecdote, if not true, is well found, and it illustrates admirably the real nature of the programme propounded by the party who think we can settle all our differences with the South by talking the matter over with them in convention. They ask us to suspend the operations of our fleets and armies, give the Southern people time to elect delegates and elect them ourselves, and then proceed to drafting resolutions, compromises and guarantees, and making speeches, and taking votes.

We will say nothing whatever of the difficulty of getting the convention together. We will suppose it in session, and in full consideration of such trifles as what is to be done about the Southern war debt? What about the escaped and emancipated slaves? What about the confiscated property; and, though last, not least, what about future "guarantees" for Southern institutions? Suppose the Convention has sat for three months—certainly by no means too long for the settlement of even such bagatelles as the foregoing—and suppose, which is very likely, that after much speechifying and voting and resolving, not one passion is soothed, not one prejudice eradicated, not one point of difference removed—what then? It was, as we know, possible to discuss the extension of Slavery alone for forty years without even arriving at any conclusion about it that satisfied either North or South, or, in fact, that did anything, save exasperate and estrange them. The sources of strife have, since the antagonists last met in council, certainly not been diminished, but increased. Each party has had every one of its convictions strengthened and cemented by blood. So that it is not only possible, but highly probable, that three months, or even six months, might be passed in debate, and leave every question in dispute still as far from solution as ever.

Should this occur, are we to try again for another six months? Are we to have a permanent "mixed Commission," instructed to sit and debate until they can hit upon terms that will suit both parties, let it take ever so long? Is there, in short, to be any limit to the length of the experiment, and if so, what? In what space of time shall we know for certain that the Union is finally broken up, or that the Union is finally restored? How long may the country be kept in suspense as to whether it is to have war or peace? By what sign are we to learn that all hope of accommodation is at an end. One failure of the delegates to agree upon a compromise would clearly not decide it, because this occurred after full discussion before the war broke out—a discussion which began, as we have already said, when this generation was in its cradle, and only closed with the fall of Fort Sumter. How many failures, therefore, would close it?

The answers to these queries have to us the highest possible importance; to the South, not the smallest. The rebels would be perfectly satisfied to discuss with us till the crack of doom, if we left them—as we should have to leave them in the meantime—in the practical enjoyment of their independence. Their Government would exercise its functions undisturbed; it would organize and consolidate its power; its agents would continue to knock for recognition at the doors of foreign Powers; and our failure to prosecute hostilities for even a short period, during the fighting season, of our own accord, would be unquestionably taken by foreign Powers to amount to that virtual abandonment of the enterprise which all European jurists, "Historicus" included, consider full warrant for a formal recognition of the Confederacy. So that it will be easily seen, putting aside the difficulty of keeping enormous armaments afoot and afloat, without any definite notion of when we should again need them, that the time this peace palaver will occupy is of the essence of the proposition. We must see how long we are to be experimented on. The nation cannot submit to be flung into the river as often as Committees or Conventions may think necessary to enable them to land it on the opposite bank. It must know beforehand the maximum of ducking it may have to undergo before the task is either accomplished or given up in despair.

The Apostles of Slavery.

We hope that the London *Times*, which has been much given to the republication of Confederate boasts of their policy and prowess in war, will find room for the article from the Richmond *Examiner* which we gave in these columns yesterday. The rebel organ, after felicitating itself and its friends on the martial glory won by the Confederacy, which, it declares, has compelled a reluctant world to respect and finally to "love" it, proceeds to expound the political and social principles upon which the Confederacy is based. These principles, it holds, will be regarded as established, to the acquiescence of mankind and with the approval of Heaven, in the establishment of the independence of the Southern Confederacy.

If the London *Times* heartily desires the rebels to win in the great fight they are waging, it ought to have no objection to let the world know what problems in society and government are to be considered settled by a rebel triumph; for the relations of the Confederacy to the rest of mankind in that contingency will require adjustment on a different moral basis from any now recognized in the ethics of civilized nations. The Richmond *Examiner* evidently means to prepare the world for the new gospel of *slaveholding* which the Confederacy is to preach and practice to the conversion of nations, in the article in question, one paragraph of which we reprint as a specimen of the whole:

"The establishment of the Confederacy is verily a distinct *reaction* against the whole course of *the mistaken civilization of the age. For 'Liberty Equality, Fraternity,' we have deliberately substituted Slavery*, Subordination and Government. Those social and political problems which rack and torture modern society we have undertaken to solve for ourselves, in our own way, and upon our own principles. That 'among equals equality is right;' among those who are *naturally* unequal, equality is chaos; that *there are slave races born to serve, master races born to govern*. Such are the fundamental principles which we inherit from the ancient world, which we *lifted up in the face of a perverse generation that has forgotten the wisdom of its fathers*; by those principles we live and in their defence we have shown ourselves ready to die. Reverently we feel that *our Confederacy is a God-sent missionary to the nations*, with great truths to preach. We must speak them boldly; and whoso hath ears to hear let him hear."

This is a bold and candid avowal, it must be admitted. The deliberate judgment of all civilized nations, arrived at after centuries of experience, of study, of free and full discussion, and with the aid of philosophy, political economy and Christianity to light the way to truth, is thus rashly, we might almost say impiously, set aside by the Confederates. And who are they, and what their qualifications, that they venture thus to brand as false the convictions and practices of the nations that have redeemed the world from ignorance and barbarism? Who are the rebel statesmen, philosophers, heroes, prophets, priests and poets, whose precepts and achievements entitle them to the homage of the intellect of all civilized nations, and to the right to guide the conscience of Christendom? These questions have only to be asked to provoke a scornful and contemptuous silence by way of reply. Slavery has given nothing to the *parvenu* class of oligarchs that rule the South but a high and false conceit, a domineering spirit, brutalized affections, a savage satisfaction in scenes of conflict and conquest, and a talent for extravagant and turgid stump oratory and high-flown balderdash, of which the extract above is a specimen. With these weapons the evangels of the Confederacy have set out to establish a "reaction against the whole course of the mistaken (!) civilization of the age," and to prove themselves "God-sent missionaries" to preach Slavery to the conversion and salvation of a "racked and tortured modern society." Let the London *Times* be candid for once, and let the Christian people of Europe know the new faith that has conquered its allegiance.

Removal of Gen. Hunter.—It is announced from Washington that Gen. Hunter has been relieved from the command of the Department of the South, and that he is succeeded by Gen. Gilmore. We have as yet no statement of the reasons for this change. Whether Gen. Hunter is relieved at his own request, or in consequence of some failure in duty, we are not aware. His letter to Jeff. Davis, which we published yesterday morning, was in some respects a singular production, and may have had something to do with his displacement. It is dated April 23. The first part of it threatens to execute the "rebel of highest rank" in his possession for every negro in the employ of the Government who may be executed or sold into slavery by the rebels. This may be justified, perhaps, on the ground of necessary retaliation. But Gen. Hunter also informs Mr. Davis that, unless he immediately revokes an order which he issued in August last, directing the execution of all negroes who may be taken prisoners, he will "at once cause the execution of *every rebel officer and every rebel slaveholder*" in his possession. This certainly is a strange threat for a Commanding General to make. We do not know that Gen. Hunter has ever attempted to put it in execution, but it is quite possible that it may have had something to do with his removal. The Government could not permit an officer to announce or initiate any such policy as this, nor is it at all likely that they would permit it to pass without notice.

An Ounce of Prevention.—We observe that Ex-Mayor Wood is announced to speak first in the main hall where the Peace Convention is to be held, and then at each of the *five* stands which are to be erected outside. The Ex-Mayor certainly does not mean to be lost sight of at this Convention. The managers of the Democratic party at Albany have for some months past been unable to see him—he has not been conspicuous at their Conventions, committee meetings or other congregations. With all his modesty, Fernando does not quite like to be entirely overlooked, and he has taken all proper precautions against such a calamity in the present instance.

After Vicksburgh.—Some folks imagine that the rebels, if defeated at Vicksburgh, may seize some other position at some unthought-of point on the Mississippi, and that we will have as much labor and bloodshed at the new point as we have had to get Columbus, Memphis and Vicksburgh. Even if Pemberton's army were captured, it may be thought that the forces under Johnston would manage to reach the river with artillery, and quickly erect another stronghold.

In the first place, this could not be done anywhere above Vicksburgh, in the region between that city and Memphis; for the whole of that section lies low, and does not afford any point on which to plant fortifications; and our gunboats now navigate the Yazoo in its rear, as well as the Mississippi in front, and would, of course, easily prevent the erection of batteries or the movement of troops.

Between Vicksburgh and Port Hudson there are a few, and but a very few, points that afford natural facilities for fortification—such as Warrenton, Grand Gulf, Natchez, Ellis' Cliffs and Port Adams. But the first two positions we command already, and each of the others is very closely watched by the gunboats of our river fleet, with the very object of preventing the rebels fortifying them. None of these points connect with the Southern system of railroads; and, indeed, Columbus, Memphis, Vicksburgh and New-Orleans are the only places below Cairo that do. And though, if they were fortified, it might be possible to retain a small force at them, like that now at Port Hudson, it would be impossible to maintain there a large army.

From the circumstances of the case, and the topography of the country, we think there is no doubt that Vicksburgh will be the last point held by the rebels, with any great force, on the Mississippi River.

Puebla.—By the *Creole* at this port, we have three days' later advices from Havana; but no corroboration of the Mexican advices, published yesterday, do we find in the Havana papers; nor do we ascertain that private letters make any mention of the reported capture of Puebla, except doubtingly.

We have also at this port the French steam transport *Le Finnisterre*, from Vera Cruz 19th inst. The commander of this transport doubts the news as published in yesterday's papers of the capture of Puebla, received per *Sheldrake*. He makes no mention of the defeat of Comonfort, on the 8th inst., by Bazaine, and, in fact, he had heard nothing of the news taken to Havana by the French war-steamer *Darien*, which sailed from Vera Cruz only one day after the *Finisterre*. We must await a still later arrival before the truth can be known.

Lemons.—The prompt response to the appeal recently made for contributions of lemons with which to form acidulated beverages for the invalid soldiers in the Virginia and Washington hospitals, is another proof of the anxiety of people generally to do what they can in the way of patriotic and humane work for the benefit of our army. Over a hundred boxes have within the last four days been forwarded to Washington, freely contributed and freely transmitted to the bedsides of the wounded. We hope this will not be a spasmodic movement. The Summer heats are just beginning, and there will be a steady and earnest demand for this fruit for months to come, even if our wounded in the hospitals should not be vastly increased by the battles likely to be fought in June, July and August. It would perhaps be well if there were a mixed Committee of ladies and gentlemen formed to attend permanently to this little matter during the Summer. It would be a pretty and a Christian labor.

Niblo's Garden.

A grand romantic drama, called the "Duke's Motto," was produced here on Monday night. It is an adaptation of a French piece, made with the consent and coöperation of the author, and now playing in London with the greatest success. We shall not attempt to describe the plot. The briefest summary of the incidents would alone fill a column, and even a list of the deaths and casualties would occupy more space than we propose to devote to the entire work. The hero of the piece, *Capt. Lagardere*, is an amiable swordsman, who, in the pursuit of virtue, finds it essential to assail the vitals of almost every one he meets. A single illustration of his character will be sufficient. At the close of the prologue he makes a vow to kill every living being then on the stage, and before the end of the play he keeps his word. Fortunately, a sturdy and attractive race of females has in the meantime grown up, so that the gaps made in the dramatic ranks from time to time are not so much remarked as otherwise they would be; and the new characters being in their prime by the third act, there is, notwithstanding the heavy mortality, a good muster at the end. The merit of the dramatist is discovered in the fact that the audience fully indorses the acts of the Captain, regarding him as the champion of innocence, and rejoicing when he turns up, as he always does, just in time for the slaughter. The character contrasts, situations and incidents by which this is effected, are frequently of the most startling kind, and in every instance display rare ingenuity. As a consequence, the "Duke's Motto" is a highly elaborate and exciting drama of the sensation school, violating every rule of probability, but keeping the audience in a state of breathless anticipation from beginning to end. It must be added, too, that there is nothing unwholesome in the way this is done.

The general distribution of the parts at Mr. Wheatley's theatre is excellent, the manager sustaining the leading *rôle* with fine breadth of style and dash. It is surely the best character he has assumed in New-York. The *Prince* of Mr. Shewell was also a well marked impersonation, although a little dark and ponderous. There are two female characters, played respectively by Mrs. Allen and Mrs. Gomersal Jordan, the first with grace and taste, the second with spirit. Mrs. Jordan is making such progress in her profession, that we have no hesitation in warning her against a vice of nasal pronunciation which seems to be growing on her, and certainly was very noticeable on this occasion. A third *rôle* was sustained with much force and ability by Mme. Ponisi, an actress who is always admirable. About a dozen and a half of smaller parts were distributed among the sufficient company of the establishment.

Mr. John Brougham, who is the author of this piece, has grafted a twig of Irish blackthorn on the French walnut of which it is composed. The character of *Carrickfergus* is a dramatic excess, and might be avoided, but having been introduced by the author for his own particular behoof and profit—on the principle of take my play take me—no objection will be urged against it. A very small excuse is sufficient to justify the presence of that genial gentleman and cultivated man of letters. Mr. Collins, who comes by the part honestly in the way of trade, is altogether different as an artist. If Mr. Brougham were to write (on the plan of *Carrickfergus*) an Irish part for the tragedy of "Hamlet," opening with an apostrophe of the Emerald Isle and terminating with a wake over the body of *Ophelia*, he would contrive to somehow merge himself in the scene, and hence be no impediment to the red-handed business of the King, or the bloodthirsty gratification of the audience. Mr. Collins does not possess this faculty. Although a delineator of Irish characters, he would be conspicuous and "out of the water" in a Donnybrook Fair "scrimmage." Nothing can be more marked than the superfluity of his presence in the "Duke's Motto," unless it is the wearisomeness with which he drags in a couple of songs, for the purpose of displaying his moderate abilities as a singer. The songs are by Mr. Harvey B. Dodworth, and suit Mr. Collins' voice, (which, we may add, is a good one,) but they are none the less out of place in a melodrama requiring rapidity of action on the part of the actors, and uninterrupted attention on the part of the audience.

The last of these it obtained, but hardly the first. If Mr. Wheatley's establishment were not one of the best managed in the country, we might refer to the usual allowances for a first night, but these allowances he seldom needs. There were hurry, confusion and delays behind the scenes on Monday that could be detected from the auditorium—a state of things which nothing explains or justifies. Owing to these causes, the performance was of inordinate length. The effect, nevertheless, was all that could be desired. The attention of the audience was maintained with unflagging interest to the end, and all the most exciting situations were loudly applauded. In short, the "Duke's Motto" was a success that will necessitate its performance for many weeks. The scenery and costumes are alike good, and the pains which Mr. Wheatley has bestowed on the work merit the handsome reward which that gentleman is likely to obtain from its performance. Being the opening night of the Summer season, the illuminated garden and refreshment saloons of the establishment were thrown open to the public, adding to the festive gaiety of the occasion.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

Washington, Tuesday, June 2.

GEN. HUNTER.

It is now stated that the announcements of Gen. Hunter's being relieved are incorrect, or at least premature. Gen. Saxton, who arrived here to-day and returns to-morrow with dispatches from the Government to Gen. Hunter, says it cannot be true, and adds that the difficulties between Hunter and Foster will be satisfactorily adjusted by the authorities here. Gen. Saxton gives the most encouraging accounts of the negro troops in South Carolina, and says more are being raised.

THE FRENCH IN MEXICO.

Prominent gentlemen here, well informed in Mexican affairs, say, if the reported fall of Puebla prove true, it must be attributed to the treachery of the Mexican commander. The object which French bayonets failed to achieve must have been accomplished at last by French gold. They say the city, with ten thousand men, could have been defended for six months against quadruple the number. The news, however, is not credited in official circles.

OFFICERS OF NEGRO REGIMENTS.

The Board to examine applicants for commands in negro regiments is now in session here. They have passed as competent, and recommended for appointment, Corp. Wilson W. Brown, of the Twenty-first Ohio, the engineer who piloted Gen. Mitchel's secret expedition into Georgia, and who, with most of his comrades, was captured and barbarously treated by the rebel authorities. He will probably be commissioned Colonel of a negro regiment.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts of internal revenue for May are not quite five millions. A considerable increase is looked for next month.

REVENUE DECISION.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that affidavits made before the officers of internal revenue, or certificates issued by such officers, when required by law or by the regulations of this office, are not subject to stamp duty; also, that it is the duty of the Justice of the Peace or Notary before whom an affidavit is made, to affix and cancel a five cent stamp, to be placed thereon.

RELIEVED FROM PENALTY.

One hundred and twenty-seven soldiers of the Department of Washington, liable to or undergoing sentence of Court-Martial for desertion, but who voluntarily surrendered themselves previous to the President's proclamation of March 10, are, on the recommendation of Gen. Heintzelman, relieved from the penalty of desertion, except the forfeiture of their pay and allowances during their absence.

RETALIATION.

Gen. Rosecrans has placed the rebel officers now in his hands in close confinement, and forbidden the paroling of any. It is understood that this is intended to meet the rebel threats of retaliation for the hanging of spies.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Commissioner Dole to-day received the following dispatch from Indian Agent Mann, dated at Fort Bridger, Utah Territory, June 1:

"Five hundred Shoshones or Snake Indians will visit this Agency to-day for the purpose of delivering up the stolen stock in their possession, and of pledging themselves to keep quiet in future. They are entirely destitute of food and clothing."

These Indians inhabit the country traversed by the Overland Emigrant route to the Pacific, and for years have been the terror of travelers going by that route. In the opinion of the Commissioner, the voluntary surrender of the stolen property, &c., is evidence of their penitence for past crimes, and the determination to live hereafter on amicable terms with the whites traveling through their country. The Agent has been ordered to relieve their necessities.

APPOINTMENT.

Capt. Robert N. Scott, Fourth regular infantry, formerly a member of Gen. Casey's Staff, is appointed Private Secretary to Gen. Halleck.

CORRECTION.

The paragraph in to-day's Times about a reconnoissance from Warrenton yesterday, was printed so as to make a directly opposite statement from that intended. It was written "the reconnoissance developed no rebel movement in this direction."

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Washington, Tuesday, June 2.

THE REPORTED PRESIDENTIAL SPIRITUAL MEETING.

The statements in a letter from Washington, originally published in the Boston Gazette, and subsequently copied into and seriously commented on in other papers, concerning an alleged spiritual meeting at the White House, would be too unimportant for denial were it not that they are seriously disturbing some very good men and women.

Several of the distinguished parties named have never certainly been present at such "circles" as those represented, and therefore have no personal knowledge of such spiritual manifestations.

CIVILIANS WITHIN THE ARMY LINES.

The number of citizens within the lines of the Army of the Potomac is almost incredible. Including those registered and following civil pursuits, such as newsmen, sutlers, ragmen, &c., and having permits to follow their respective callings, the total will probably reach nine thousand. This number will, however, be reduced to seven thousand by the operation of the recent General Order, which is daily being carried out by the indefatigable Provost-Marshal-General.

NEWS IN THE RICHMOND WHIG.

The Richmond Whig of Saturday, contains nothing whatever from Vicksburgh.

That paper editorially complains of the inefficiency

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...of the rebel government. It argues, first, that the great error in the conduct of the war, was making it strictly defensive; and suggests that a dose of the enemy's own medicine, would cause him to desist from further invasion.

MOVEMENTS OF THE ENEMY.

A gentleman from the vicinity of Culpepper says that a large body of rebels, supposed to be from LEE's army, passed there yesterday, and proceeded in the direction of Gordonsville.

No alarm exists in the Army of the Potomac concerning reported rebel movements.

DESERTION FROM THE ENEMY.

It is further ascertained that the desertions from the enemy on the Rappahannock average fifteen per day. These deserters, disgusted with rebel associations, arrive by different routes, but principally by swimming the river.

AN ACCIDENT TO A BALLOON.

An accident occurred yesterday morning to one of our balloons. It had ascended about 400 feet when it was struck by a flaw of wind, which caused a great rent. The aeronaut fell to the ground, but sustained no serious injury.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

It is known in this city that no leaves of absence are now granted to officers for longer terms than five days.

NAVAL.

Commander SOMERVILLE NICHOLSON has been ordered to the command of the iron clad steamer *Sangamon*, and Paymaster RICHARDSON has been ordered to the steam frigate *Wabash*.

DEPARTMENT OF THE OHIO.

Gen. Burnside Restricting the Circulation of the Copperhead Journals—The Case of Dr. Olds Against Gov. Tod.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, June 2.

General Orders No. 84, from Maj.-Gen. AMBROSE E. BURNSIDE, prohibits the circulation of the New-York *World* and Chicago *Times* in this Department. Brig.-Gen. AMMEN, commanding in Illinois, is charged with the execution of this order.

Gov. TOD appeared before the Fairfield County Court of Common Pleas yesterday, in obedience to his recognizance to answer to the charges filed against him by Dr. EDSON B. OLDS.

The attorney for Gov. TOD filed a motion declaring that as he (TOD) was the Chief Executive of the State, he was not liable to arrest until he vacated his office, either by the expiration of his term, or by impeachment; he therefore could not be punished now. The case should be removed to the Federal Court, under the provisions of the act passed by the last Congress.

The Governor's case was then continued by consent, he entering into a new recognizance to appear at the next term of the Court.

The Chicago Times Suppressed.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, June 2.

The proprietors of the *Times* were notified to-night by Capt. PUTNAM, commanding Camp Douglas, that if they attempted to issue their paper for to-morrow morning, he would, in accordance with a telegraphic order from Gen. AMMEN, take military possession of the office.

Judge DRUMMOND, of the United States Court, was immediately applied to for a writ enjoining Capt. PUTNAM from any interference whatever with the *Times* office. Up to this hour (midnight) the Judge has not given a decision. It is thought probable, however, that he will grant the writ. A feeling of resistance to the military, should they attempt to carry out Gen. AMMEN's order, is observable.

THE NATIONAL CANAL CONVENTION.

First Day's Proceedings.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, June 2.

The National Canal Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock this morning, by Dr. BRAINARD, Chairman of the Committee, who nominated CHAUNCEY J. FILLEY, Mayor of St. Louis, temporary Chairman.

The nomination was unanimously approved, and MOSES M. STRONG, of Wisconsin; A. H. CLAPP, of Buffalo, and W. H. MCHENRY, of St. Louis, were chosen temporary Secretaries.

After prayer by Bishop SIMPSON, Dr. BRAINARD, in behalf of the Board of Trade, Mercantile Association, and citizens generally, delivered an address of welcome to the members of the Convention.

A resolution was adopted for the appointment of two from each State and one from each Territory represented, and also one for the District of Columbia, for the purpose of nominating a permanent President, one Vice-President, and one Secretary from each State, and to make rules for the government of the Convention.

A recess was taken for half an hour to enable the delegates to name the members of the Committee. At the expiration of that time the Convention was called to order.

Col. FOSTER offered a resolution, which was adopted, that Governors, Ex-Governors, Senators, Ex-Senators, Members and Ex-Members of the House of Representatives, Mayors of cities and Brigadier-Generals be invited to seats on the platform.

The Convention then adjourned until 3 o'clock, when the Committee on Permanent Organization will report.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 3 o'clock. The attendance was large, though the seats in the tent were not all occupied.

The Committee on Permanent Organization, through Gov. KING, reported Hon. HANNIBAL HAMLIN for President, and Hon. HIRAM WALBRIDGE, who had been unanimously proposed by the New-York delegation in the Committee for President, as Vice-President at large, and the following additional Vice-Presidents: From Maine, Jedediah Jewett; New-Hampshire, Hon. J. M. Edwards; Vermont, Lewis Follet; Massachusetts, Lorenzo Sabin; Rhode Island, Hon. J. R. Arnold; Connecticut, Calvin Day; New-York, Hon. Erastus Corning; New-Jersey, Marcus L. Ward; Ohio, D. S. Scott; Indiana, Hon. Geo. W. Julian; Illinois, Gen. James W. Singleton; Michigan, A. E. Bissell; Wisconsin, Levi Blossom; Minnesota, Hon. J. M. Taylor; Iowa, Ebenezer Cook; Missouri, Geo. Partridge; Kansas, Marcus J. Parrott; District of Columbia, Dr. Peter Parker.

For Secretary at large, Col. J. W. Foster, and one Secretary for each State named.

The report was unanimously adopted.

The President, on taking the chair, thanked the Convention for the honor conferred, and spoke briefly in favor of the object for which the Convention was assembled, indorsing it not only as a military necessity, but also for the increased facilities it would give for the transportation of the commerce of the great and growing West.

The Committee also reported that the vote by States might be called for by any three delegates present; and in such case each State should have the same number of votes to which it was entitled in the Electoral College, each Territory and the District of Columbia being entitled to one vote.

The Committee also reported that a committee be appointed of one from each State, to be chosen by the respective delegations, to prepare and report such resolutions as they may recommend for the adoption of the Convention; that all propositions and resolutions presented by the Convention shall, before being acted on, be referred to said committee.

After the adoption of the report, the remainder of the afternoon was devoted to hearing speeches on national topics from prominent gentlemen present.

Gen. WALBRIDGE, of New-York, after repeated calls, made a few remarks, saying that the object of the meeting was for a practical purpose, not for speech-making, and offered a resolution in favor of the Constitution and the Union, which was received with tremendous applause.

Mr. DRAKE, of St. Louis, made a speech of an hour's length, in favor of a vigorous prosecution of war against Slavery, denouncing the latter as the cause of the rebellion, saying we must crush it, or it would crush us. The speaker was very severe on Copperheads. He was frequently interrupted with applause.

The Convention adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Railroad Accident.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, June 2.

A collision occurred this evening between the 2 o'clock train from New-York and the 5 o'clock freight and accommodation train for New-York, on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, at Fish House, three miles above Camden. Both locomotives, and several cars, were crushed, but fortunately only two persons were injured—THOMAS HANEMAN, of this City, and a newsboy, slightly. The 2 o'clock train was thirteen minutes behind time, but had the right track. The accident occurred through the inability of the engineer on the emigrant train to reverse the engine promptly.

News from California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, June 2.

Arrived, ship *Asterion*, from New-York.

The receipts of treasure since the departure of the last steamer are rising $2,000,000, about ten per cent. being coin.

Atlantic currency exchange is at the rate of 45 premium for gold in New-York. Sterling Exchange 48 pence. Greenbacks 64@65.

Naval.

ADMIRAL FOOTE.

This distinguished and gallant officer is now in the City, we learn, on his way to take command of the Atlantic blockading squadron. As Admiral FOOTE is one of those men who believe "in moving upon the enemy's works," the Charlestonians are likely to have a little more stirring up this Summer. The Government, we presume, has another scarcely less important command for Admiral DUPONT, who is relieved for the present.

Arrivals in the City.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State, arrived at the Astor House yesterday morning from his residence at Auburn. He leaves this morning by the 7 o'clock train for Washington City. He has been sojourning at Auburn for about ten days.

Gen. S. K. Zook, U. S. Army, Hon. J. H. Bradley, of Indiana, Capt. C. Bigelow, of Malden, and Mr. E. Lyman, of Vermont, are at the Lafarge House.

Hons. W. Kelly, of Rhinebeck, and C. H. Sherrill, of Albany; Adjt.-Gen. Sprague, U. S. A.; C. G. Hammond, of Chicago; Commander J. Sanford, U. S. N., and L. C. Woodruff, of Buffalo, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Hon. Wm. D. Swan, of Boston; Lieut.-Col. E. B. Platt and wife, U. S. A.; J. S. Nesbit, of Beaufort, S. C., and J. L. Hallowell, of Philadelphia, are at the Astor House.

J. Palmer and J. W. Mosses, of Havane de Cuba; O. H. Pendergaest, of St. Thomas, are at the Albemarle Hotel.

KINGS COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3.—Nos. 17, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 42, 43, 44.

It Operates Like Magic.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for Children Teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain. Sure to regulate the bowels. Perfectly safe in all cases, as millions of mothers can testify.

Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Offices No. 48 Dey-st., New-York, and No. 205 High Holborn, London, England.

S. T.—1860—X.

CAUTION.—The Plantation Bitter Bottle is secured to us by United States Letters Patent.

To imitate or use it for any other purpose is a crime, punishable with fine and imprisonment. Parties are warned of the consequences of filling empty bottles with any other mixture, whether calling it Plantation Bitters or by any other name. We pay cash, 60 cents per dozen, or $7 20 per gross, for all empty bottles, delivered at our manufactory, No. 165 Liberty-st., thus removing any excuse for ignorance.

Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk, or by the gallon, is a swindler and impostor. We sell only in our regular bottles, all bearing our private United States stamp and steel-plate label and signature.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
No. 202 Broadway, New-York.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Extract of the
Night Blooming Cereus,
A Most Exquisite,
Delicate and Fragrant Perfume,
Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful
Flower from which it takes its name.
Ladies are requested to call and Examine its Qualities.
A sample bottle open for inspection.
PHALON & SON.
Principal Depot No. 517 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel. For sale everywhere.

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Round Hill Water Cure, Northampton, Mass., has proved eminently successful in the cure of severe complaints, especially those affecting the limbs and lungs, also of women's diseases. The Turkish and other foreign baths are administered, and every means of reinvigoration is brought to bear on invalids.—*Springfield Republican.*

Foote's Patent
UMBRELLA LOCK STAND,
is at once ingenious and useful. Its introduction into counting-rooms, hotels, offices and halls, and other places of public and private resort, must become general.—*New-York Times.*
Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-machines,
With valuable improvements.
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Rogers & Raymond
Anticipating the wants of the
THOUSANDS OF SOLDIERS
Who will soon be coming back to their homes, have this season manufactured an unusually extensive, elegant and varied stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING,
suitable for
EVERY CIVIL OCCUPATION AND CALLING,
which they have concluded to sell at such
REDUCED RATES
as will make it an object with every volunteer
RETURNING TO CIVIL LIFE
to purchase at the
OLD CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT,
Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton-st.,
(Broadway Store, No. 214 Broadway.)

"Neuralgia."
The celebrated Sturgis Electric Compound for Neuralgia, Rheumatism, &c., which is having such an extensive sale all over the New-England States, can be found at
D. S. BARNES & CO.'S, No. 202 Broadway.

Cheap and Handsome Pair of Summer Gaiters for One Dollar.—5,000 pairs of Colored Gaiters.—CANTRELL is disposing of a large variety of colored gaiters, suitable for Spring and Summer wear, at less than cost.
S. CANTRELL, No. 813 Broadway,
between 11th and 12th sts.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Straw Hats.
A large and varied stock of STRAW HATS, for old and young, together with FRENCH SOFT HATS and TRAVELING CAPS. MILITARY HATS and CAPS in every variety at WHITE'S, No. 216 Broadway, under the Museum.

Sewing-machines to Rent,
And for Sale—New.
V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 488 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine
GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 160 Broadway.

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c.—Manufactured only by S. G. WELLING, No. 207 Centre-st., between Grand and Howard sts. Price 50 cents per box.

Everdell's Wedding and Visiting Cards—The most elegant in the City—Diplomas, Notes, Checks, Seals, &c.
No. 302 Broadway, corner Duane-st.

Defiance Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.—Also, SIDEBOARD and PARLOR SAFES for silver plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.
ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet cured, without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 760 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y. Also Philadelphia and Boston. Only house of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

The Improved Stone Elliptic Lock-stitch Sewing-machine, with improved braider. Call or send for specimens of sewing at No. 667 Broadway, New-York.

The Best Sewing-Machine in the World.—The WEED, with its valuable improvements, entirely overcomes all imperfections. They are superior to all others for family and manufacturing purposes. Store No. 506 Broadway. Agents wanted.

MARRIED.

APPLEGATE—LACY.—On Thursday, May 21, by Rev. R. L. Dashiel, at the residence of the bride's father, DANIEL S. APPLEGATE and ESTHER M., eldest daughter of Thomas T. Lacy, Esq., all of Jersey City.

☞ Cincinnati papers please copy.

DOBSON—BOYD.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, June 2, by Rev. Nathaniel West, Jr., at the Second Presbyterian Church, Mr. EDWARD S. DOBSON and Miss MARTHA J. BOYD, all of Brooklyn. No cards issued.

KENNEY—ASHBY.—On Monday, June 1, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. L. Johnson, ABNER C. KENNEY and SUSIE, only daughter of James H. Ashby, of Jamaica, L. I.

DIED.

BLOOMFIELD.—On Tuesday, June 2, JOHN J., Jr., son of John J. and Mary A. Bloomfield, aged 1 year and 7 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 6 Charles-st., on Wednesday, June 3, at 12 o'clock.

CROWTHER.—THOMAS H., only child of Kershaw and Anna Crowther, aged 1 year, 3 months and 17 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral at his parents' residence, No. 254 West 29th-st., this day, (Wednesday, June 3,) at 1 o'clock P. M.

DAVIS.—In Yonkers, on Tuesday, June 2, GEORGE DAVIS, Esq., of Sturbridge, Mass., at the age of 81 years.

The funeral services will be held at 5 o'clock, on Thursday afternoon, June 4, at the residence of his son-in-law, W. C. Foote. Friends are invited to attend without further notification.

DUNHAM.—In New-Brunswick, N. J., on Thursday, May 28, JOHN DUNHAM, in the 84th year of his age.

FORBES.—In Keedysville, Md., on Sunday, May 31, of wounds received at the battle of Antietam, in September last, Sergt. OLIVER PETER FORBES, Company A., 9th regiment New-York Volunteers, (Hawkins' Zouaves,) aged 23 years.

Relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the above regiment, and members of Niagara Engine Company No. 4, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, on Thursday next, June 4, at 2 o'clock P. M., at St. Thomas' Chapel, corner of Prince and Thompson sts., without further invitation.

☞ Hartford papers please copy.

HYDE.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, June 1, MARY SINCLAIR, eldest daughter of Isaac and Mary R. Hyde, aged 20 years and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, corner of Clark and Henry sts., on Thursday, June 4, at 9 o'clock A. M.

LAWRENCE.—In Middletown Point, on Tuesday morning, June 2, JAMES H. LAWRENCE, aged 25 years.

His friends and relatives are invited to attend his funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, June 3, at 2 o'clock, at Middletown Point, N. J.

MITCHILL.—On Tuesday, June 2, GEORGIANA SMITH, daughter of George and Mary Mitchill, in the 15th year of her age.

Funeral on Thursday, June 4, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 246 West 18th-st. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend, without further invitation.

RADFORD.—In Washington, D. C., Sunday, May 31, from wounds received at the battle at Fredericksburgh on the 4th of May, GEORGE RADFORD, brother of William Lewis and Thomas Radford, of Yonkers, aged 19 years, 7 months and 25 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, June 3, at 3 o'clock, from the Reformed Dutch Church, Yonkers, without further invitation. Trains leave Chambers-st. at 3:45 P. M., and returning, leave Yonkers at 6:30 P. M.

SHERRERD.—On Monday, June 1, in camp near Falmouth, Va., Lieut. CHARLES G. SHERRERD, Fourteenth regiment U. S. Infantry, in the 23d year of his age.

Notice of the funeral will be given hereafter.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 267.—June 2, 1863.
12, 25, 11, 13, 22, 37, 43, 47, 21.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 268.—June 2, 1863.
63, 23, 48, 14, 12, 41, 38, 47, 59, 24, 20, 37.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

WE HAVE OPENED OUR ESTABLISHMENT
FOR RETAILING
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
LOCKSMITHS' and
BELL-HANGERS' MATERIALS,
MANUFACTURERS' SUPPLIES,
CABINET TRIMMINGS,
CUTLERY.
PATTERSON BROTHERS, Importers,
No. 27 Park-row.
Illustrated catalogues furnished on application.

"IN HOC VINCES."
ROMAINE'S CRIMEAN BITTERS.
This is the best exhilarant tonic ever offered to the public. No stupefying reaction follows from its use. It counteracts the enervating effects of Summer, and invigorates the digestive organs.
For sale by HEGEMAN & CO.

SHERRELL'S CELEBRATED PARISIAN HAIR PREPARATIONS.
Sherrell's Anti-Depilatory and Detersive Extract;
Sherrell's Cantharis at Rosmarinus Lotion,
AND SHERRELL'S DETERGENT EXTRACT.
These valuable preparations are well known to every lady who has visited Paris. A supply just received by steamer, and for sale by HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists and Druggists, Nos. 203, 399, 511 and 756 Broadway, and corner of 17th-st. and 4th-av., sole agents for the United States.

TO THE LOYAL CITIZENS OF THE XXth WARD.
HON. HENRY B. STANTON
Will address the loyal citizens of the XXth Ward, Brooklyn, at the Cumberland-street Chapel, (between De Kalb and Lafayette avs.,) on WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 3, at 8 o'clock.
Subject—*The State of our Country.*
A. S. CROWELL,
R. ISDELL,
R. D. BENEDICT,
N. MILLIARD,
BROOKLYN, June 2, 1863. Committee.

LOVERS OF FINE HORSES.
See this week's issue of the
NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

A BEAUTIFUL ENGRAVING.
Greatest performance on record.
THE LEDGER TEAM OF HORSES,
LADY PALMER and FLATBUSH MARE,
Trotting a 2:22 gait to road wagon,
In this week's
NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

LOVERS OF FINE HORSES.
Beautiful engravings of
LADY PALMER, FLATBUSH MARE, GEN. BUTLER, and GEORGE N. PATCHEN,
In this week's
NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

ENGRAVING OF THE
GREAT RACE BETWEEN PATCHEN AND BUTLER,
FORTIFICATIONS IN NEW-YORK HARBOR,
STRETCHER-BEARERS,
THE LEDGER TEAM OF HORSES,
in this week's
NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

INVALID CORPS, U. S. A.

Col. ROBERT NUGENT, A. A. Provost-Marshal-General, has established the General Recruiting Rendezvous for the Invalid Corps of Honor at No. 65 Franklin-st.

Only those officers and soldiers who have been disabled in the service and can present letters of recommendation will be received. Application to be first made to the Board of Enrollment for the District in which the applicant resides, and the certificates of this Board to be then presented to either of the undersigned.

JAMES CROWIE, Captain.
JAS. W. POWELL, Jr., First Lieut.,
Invalid Corps, U. S. A., Recruiting Officers.

INDIA-RUBBER GLOVES,
For Gardening, Housework, &c.
CROTON HOSE OF ALL SIZES,
INDIA-RUBBER JEWELRY,
And all kinds of Rubber Goods, wholesale and retail.
GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'F'G. CO.,
No. 205 Broadway, N. Y.

BEDS, MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, &c.
Good and cheap, at
WILLARD'S,
No. 384 Hudson-st.,
Corner Houston-st.

CIGARS:—THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE CONstantly on hand and offer the same to the trade and supply orders for
From 30 to 500 ml. State and Connecticut seed Conchas.
From 10 to 100 ml. Seed and Havana Conchas.
From 10 to 500 ml. Seed and Havana mixed Conchas.
From 10 to 100 ml. Cabanas, all qualities.
20 ml. Chinsurah Manillas, Nos. 2 and 3.
Genuine Manilla No. 2.
Genuine imported Havana Cigars, most any brand.
All goods warranted as represented and sold only for cash at the lowest market prices. Mail orders promptly attended to by KELLNER & MOORE,
Manufacturers, No. 91 William-st., New-York.

HERNIA OR RUPTURE.—PERSONS SUFfering from this affliction should call at once and get WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS, and be made comfortable and Cured. It is the best Truss in the World. Is Light, Clean and Easy. No pressure on the back or spermatic cord. It has an inward and upward action. Female Supporters on the same principle.
GREGORY & CO., No. 498 Broadway.

WANTED—MEN WILLING TO DEVOTE THEIR time to a business that will pay $500 to $1,000 per month, on a capital of a few hundred dollars. Call at No. 609 Broadway, Room No. 8, where the practical workings of a great and new invention will be freely shown, and the most skeptical will be convinced.
TILDEN & DURAND.

REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—The regular meeting of the Republican Central Committee will be held at headquarters, on THURSDAY EVENING, June 4, 1863, at 8 o'clock. By order.
WM. A. DARLING,
President.
A. M. PALMER, }
JOHN J. SHAW, } Secretaries.

DEAFNESS
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
Diseases of the Eye, Ear & Throat,
CATARRH CURED
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG.
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with his new Mode of Treatment."

NEW TESTIMONY.

"NEW-YORK, May 6.
I was entirely deaf in my left ear, accompanied by a discharge. I placed myself under Dr. VON EISENBERG's care, who, by his great skill, restored me to perfect hearing, in the short space of a few minutes, without giving me the slightest pain, and the discharge has ceased entirely. The Eustachian Tube, which was obliterated, is quite open, and I feel that the air-passage performs its functions. I am amply satisfied, and recommend every one suffering from impaired hearing to place themselves under the treatment of this eminent and successful physician.
THOMAS GRANAN, No. 320 6th-av."

"NEW-YORK, May 7, 1863.
I have great pleasure to testify to the skill of Dr. VON EISENBERG. I went into his office almost completely deaf, and came out with my perfect hearing. It is nearly twelve months since, and the hearing is perfect. The operation, which lasted two or three minutes in each of my ears, gave me no pain whatsoever. I, with confidence, recommend all sufferers to place themselves under Dr. VON EISENBERG's unsurpassing skill.
SAMUEL G. HUNT,
No. 8 Meserole-av., Greenpoint, L. I."

No. 126 MADISON-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.
I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noises in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.
I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.
JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.
This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.
CARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.

No. 23 FORSYTH-ST., ROOM NO. 40, NEW-YORK.
J. E. VON EISENBERG, M. D.—*Dear Doctor*: I have been afflicted with total deafness, and was induced to pay you a visit. No one can imagine my delight when, after one operation, my hearing was suddenly, and without pain, restored to me, for which I feel very grateful. After being totally deaf—almost shut out from the pleasure of using so necessary a sense—to have it returned, and to hear so distinctly, reflects great credit on you for the immense amount of skill you possess. I beg to thank you for what I can so truly appreciate. I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.
READ
NEW-YORK, March 26, 1863.
"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of a cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg with a certainty of being cured."
FREDERICK WEBER, No. 309 4th-st.

OFFICE
816
BROADWAY.

"IN HOC VINCES."
ROMAINE'S CRIMEAN BITTERS.
I have always refused to sell any of the compounds known as tonic bitters, as I believe them to be generally injurious, and composed of deleterious drugs; but from a careful trial of the "Crimean Bitters," backed by the certificates of Drs. Chilton and Pohle, of New-York, I have no hesitation in recommending them to my friends and customers.
FREDERICK S. COZZENS,
Agent of Longworth Wines,
No. 73 Warren-st.

THE GEBHARD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 1 PINE-ST.
CASH CAPITAL..........$200,000
WILLIAM D. WADDINGTON, President.
JOHN R. SMITH, Secretary.

CEDAR-CAMPHOR IS SUPERLATIVELY superior to ordinary camphor-gum for repelling moths from clothing. It is BEST. It is PROVEN. New-York druggists have it.
HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston.

THE GRAEFENBERG COMPANY'S MEDICAL INSTITUTION
Has been removed from No. 2 Bond-st. to
NO. 139 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK,
(*Near corner of Fulton,*)
Over the wholesale drug store of A. B. SANDS & CO.
The celebrated Graefenberg Uterine Catholicon, and all of the Graefenberg Family Medicines are sold, wholesale and retail, as above.
Dr. J. F. BRIDGE, the Resident Physician, will consult with his friends and patients at No. 139 WILLIAM-ST., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

IF YOU WANT TO BE CURED OF BARBER'S ITCH, L.Y.D.S.
Spring is the time to use DR. LEATHE'S
YELLOW DOCK SYRUP,
Which *Purifies* the *Blood*, *Invigorates* the *Body*, gives *Tone* to the *Nerves*, *Strength* to the *Muscles*, and *Health* to every *Channel, Joint* and *Limb*.
One Dollar per Bottle—(which often cures.)
Depot, No. 120 Chatham-st., New-York. Sold at No. 602 Grand-st.
Ask for LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP. Take no other. Established 1848. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

SPRING AND SUMMER.
I have just completed my extensive stock of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, not surpassed in the way of assortment, taste, style, or price in this City. The custom room, children's and furnishing department not equaled. Entire satisfaction given, or money returned. Please call and examine for yourselves.
F. B. BALDWIN, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.
LARGEST STORE IN THE CITY.

FURNITURE.—F. KRUTINA, AT HIS MANUfactory and Warerooms, Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st., has on hand a splendid assortment of
FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,
which he will sell at the
VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.
All goods warranted.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the Scalpel, and Operating and Consulting Surgeon, No. 42 5th-av. Office consultations on the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. [illegible]

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO THE WORLD.
It has now been two years since I first introduced to the American public CHEAP MAPS in SHEET FORM. These Maps have been acknowledged by the Government and people to be the most accurate and perfect in workmanship ever offered; and being sold at the extremely low price of 25 and 50 cents, enabled all classes to purchase, and comprehend fully the geography of the American Continent. The high-priced maps of Colton, Mitchell and others, excluded this valuable information of the geography of our country almost entirely from the people. Newspapers have, by their cheapness, become almost as necessary to the world as food or raiment; but Maps, until Lloyd's discovery of electrotyping and printing from steel plates on a lightning press, were deemed a luxury too high for the masses, and few were purchased. Hence, when civil war in this country broke out, not one person in a thousand knew anything at all in reference to localities and boundaries in the Southern States. Even gentlemen of the Press, supposed to be conversant with the geography of their own country, when the war commenced were continually running into our office for information of towns, rivers, fords and places at which battles or skirmishes had occurred, and were thus suddenly brought into importance to every one. It was about this time that we invented our new process of electrotyping from steel, so as to print our maps on a lightning press, and sell them at almost the same price as a first-class newspaper. And millions upon millions of our Maps have been sold in sheets; almost every person in America and Europe have one or the other kind of Lloyd's Maps in their houses; all praised their beauty and accuracy, and there was but one regret of the people, viz.: that Lloyd's Maps were not mounted on rollers and varnished at less price than $8 and $5 per copy. They justly said: "If Lloyd can afford to sell a county colored map of the United States and Canadas at 50 cents in sheets, why cannot he sell the same Map mounted with rollers and varnished at less than $6?" Of course agents told them that muslin was 200 per cent. higher than ever, and, besides, it required a great deal of work and 48 hours' time to mount and dry a Map before ready for sale; but the explanation of the agent did not satisfy them—the public required a $10 mounted Map for $1—and as an agent could not purchase a mounted Map from me by the wholesale at less than $3 a copy, few of my mounted Maps have been sold; but I have not been idle these two years; I have experimented, and have now perfected machinery by which I am enabled to make and retail my Steel-Plate Map of the United States and Canadas, mounted with rollers, varnished and colored in Counties, at ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER COPY, or in sheets at 50 cents. This Map cost $20,000 to make it, and is better than any $20 Map ever made.
This splendid map shows every railroad and station, and the distance between each station; also, nearly 300,000 towns and 30,000 railroad stations are engraved on this map, all from surveys to 1863. In perfecting this map, the official Coast Survey Reports of Prof. Bache to the Navy Department of 1862 were used—the only map ever made which used this valuable authority. Colton's $10 map has not even Hatteras Inlet on it. Lloyd's map is colored in 2,000 counties, and acknowledged to be the only good map of this country ever made at any price. This County Map is five by four feet large, and any agent, male or female, can clear $10 a day selling this map at $1 a copy. Lloyd's map of the MISSISSIPPI RIVER, SOUTHERN STATES, KENTUCKY, VIRGINIA, TENNESSEE, and other maps, are also now sold at $1, mounted and varnished, same as the United States Map.
☞ FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THREE YEARS WE ARE NOW ENABLED TO FILL AGENTS' ORDERS SAME DAY AS RECEIVED.
Printed instructions how to canvass well are furnished our agents.
Any person calling the attention of either male or female to this, who will act as our agent, will receive a full set of our maps gratis, and will also be entitled to a copy of every new map we have under way by writing us. Agents, who doubt the correctness of this circular, should send for only $1 worth to try. Address
J. T. LLOYD, American Map Publisher,
No. 164 Broadway, New-York.

EVIDENCES OF THE VALUE OF LLOYD'S MAP.
Lloyd's new map of the United States, mounted on rollers and varnished, is the best map of our country ever published for so low a price as $1. It ought to be hung up by every fireside to illustrate the daily progress and incidents of the war for the Union. HORACE GREELEY.
NEW-YORK CITY, Dec. 31, 1862.
NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17, 1862.
J. T. LLOYD, Esq.—*Sir*: Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase a supply of your map of Mississippi for the use of his squadron. GIDEON WELLES, Sec. Navy.
DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, D. C.
J. T. LLOYD, PUBLISHER—*Sir*: Please forward immediately, by mail, directed to the Secretary of State, copies of Lloyd's Topographical Map of Virginia, Lloyd's Military Map, and Gazetteer of the Southern States. Send circulars of all new maps you may issue.
Respectfully yours,
J. C. DERBY, Librarian State Department.
From the New-York Herald.
We have received Lloyd's Map of Virginia. This is the best and only official Map in existence, and is the only Map used in the planning of our campaigns in Virginia by our Commander-in-Chief.
From the New-York Tribune.
LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA.—This Map is from surveys, very large, and its price is but 25 cents. It is the best Map which can be purchased.

The public are cautioned against another "Lloyd," by whose name he hopes to deceive the public with spurious "Lloyd's Maps." This man's maps are engraved coarsely on wood and very erroneous. He follows us with an imitation of every Map we issue. A map of the Southern States, issued by him, has Farmington in the place of Corinth, Mississippi, and the latter place omitted from his map altogether.

LLOYD'S STEEL PLATE
TELEGRAPH, EXPRESS AND RAILROAD MAP
of the United States, Canadas and New-Brunswick.
Ready June 1, 1863, and sold only by subscription.
From official drawings and information. Warranted accurate, or money refunded. The new Map of the United States is ten feet large, mounted with rollers. Shows every Railroad, Telegraph and Express line, and where there are Telegraph and Express Offices for receiving and forwarding dispatches and packages throughout the United States and Canadas. All from official information from
The Adams Express Co., American, United States, Harndens, Howard's, National, Kinsley's, Hope's, Cheney & Co.'s, British & American, Earl's, Leonard & Co., Fiske & Co., Eastern Express, Niles & Co., Turner, Hill & Co., Canney & Co., and other Express Companies in the United States and Canadas.
The Telegraph Lines are shown just as they run throughout the country, drawings of which were furnished us by the American, Western, British American and six other Telegraph Companies in the United States and Canadas, and may be relied upon as accurate. The Railroads, Telegraph and Express Lines in the Southern States, and those extended since the rebellion, are just as correct as those of the Northern States, furnished us by reliable persons, and we will guarantee that every railroad completed in the Southern States, to the 1st of February, is marked correctly on this Map.
The Telegraph Lines are colored Red, Blue, Orange and other colors, to represent the seven different distinct Telegraph Companies whose Lines are in operation throughout the country. At each station or city at which there is an Operator the wire diverges in and touches the station, town or city. The Railways on this Map are heavy and distinct, each station is very plain and large, and the figures between each station representing the distance from place to place.
THIS MAP IS ACKNOWLEDGED THE FINEST PIECE OF STEEL ENGRAVING EVER DONE IN THIS COUNTRY.
Accompanying each Main Map is an independent Map of the
EASTERN STATES,
on a scale ten times as large as the main Map. Size, four feet in dimensions, showing every Railroad, Town and Village very plainly, on a scale of four miles to an inch, and warranted the most accurate of any Map of the Eastern States ever made. The two Maps go together, and show no less than
60,000 RAILROAD STATIONS AND PLACES IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADAS, DISTINCTLY,
on a magnificent scale, easily comprehended by the merchant in shipping goods to any point, or in telegraphing. No work ever before engraved like this.
IT IS A MERCHANTS' SHIPPING, EXPRESS AND TELEGRAPHIC GUIDE.
It is mounted on rollers and varnished, for the Counting-House, Hotel or Private Office. Accompanying the maps is a book of 200 pages, in which will be found every RAILROAD and TELEGRAPH STATION, TOWN and CITY, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED, stating in what State and County and on what Railroad each place is located; the distance East or West from some well-known point; what Express Company have an office open there, if any; whether a Telegraph Operator is at said place; the cost of sending 10 words by Telegraph to any place in the country, and the price of a Through Ticket by Railroad to each place—all from OFFICIAL INFORMATION, AND WARRANTED CORRECT.
AN ILLUSTRATION.—Supposing a merchant receives a letter from Westfield, Indiana, ordering goods, he does not know whether that is an inland town or on a railroad line; nor does he know whether there is an express or telegraph office open there; nor on what railroad line Westfield is located. He looks at LLOYD'S TELEGRAPH, RAILROAD, and EXPRESS MAP; and, after searching a dozen railroad lines in Indiana, without finding Westfield, he turns to W in my Telegraph, Express, and Railroad Book, and finds it thus: "Westfield, Indiana (Tippecanoe Co.—on the Louisville and Chicago Railroad—30 miles north of Terre Haute—American Express and Western Telegraph here, &c., &c."
Price of the whole, complete, $5 (Five Dollars). Sold only by subscription. Those wishing a copy must order at once, as no more than subscribed for will be printed. They will be sent by express to each subscriber, prepaid.
This Map and Book are so highly thought of by the Express, Railroad and Telegraph Companies of the United States and Canadas, that they have ordered more than THIRTY THOUSAND COPIES of it for use in their various offices. This Map and Book was commenced EIGHTEEN MONTHS AGO, and are now almost finished, costing the publisher FORTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS and a world of trouble to perfect them; which, he is happy in saying, he has accomplished. It is a work of the greatest value to the commercial world, and would be bought by every merchant at $100 per copy, were it asked, rather than do without it. The same information cannot be had elsewhere at any price. Said a wholesale merchant to me yesterday: "Lloyd, I have paid $600 losses this year on packages which my clerks sent to wrong places and by wrong Express lines, simply because they had no authority to guide them, which would not have been the case had your Maps and Books been in my counting-room. Send me FIVE COPIES as soon as ready. Here are twenty-five dollars."
Address
J. T. LLOYD, American Map Publisher,
No. 164 Broadway, New-York.
Registered letters only are at my risk.
Those wishing the main Map alone, five feet large, can be supplied at $1 50, mounted and varnished, or in sheets, 50 cents. Those wishing the Eastern States Map alone can be accommodated at 75 cents, mounted and varnished, or at 25 cents in sheets, colored. Price of the Book alone, $3; but the price of both Maps and the Book is $5.
☞ We could fill a volume with such evidence, did we deem it necessary.
$500. OFFICE OF THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, }
No. 59 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 3, 1863. }
Lloyd's Telegraph, Express and Railroad Map we find of great service to us, and have subscribed FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS to show our several Express Lines. We deem it a very useful map, and recommend it to business men.
ADAMS EXPRESS CO.
By W. B. DINSMORE, President.
$500. OFFICE AMERICAN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, }
Corner Broadway and Liberty-st., }
New-York, Feb. 3, 1863. }
We think highly of Lloyd's Telegraph, Express and Railroad Map. We have subscribed ($500) FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. AMERICAN TELEGRAPH CO.
Per O. LIVINGSTON, Sec.
$250. OFFICE HOPE'S EXPRESS COMPANY, }
No. [illegible] Broadway, New-York, Feb. 3, 1863. }
We think Lloyd's Telegraph, Express and Railroad Map worth the attention of every business man. We have subscribed TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for it. A. D. HOPE, Supt.
$500. OFFICE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., }
Nos. 59 and 61 Hudson-st., }
New-York, Feb. 3, 1863. }
The Telegraph, Express and Railroad Map, announced by J. T. Lloyd, is one of the most useful works ever published for assisting Shippers, Merchants and Forwarders. We think so highly of it that we have subscribed (500) FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS toward it.
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.
By ALEXANDER HOLLAND, General Manager.
$100. OFFICE NATIONAL EXPRESS CO., }
No. 74 Broadway, }
New-York, Feb. 3, 1863. }
Every business man ought to have one of Lloyd's Telegraph, Express and Railroad Maps, as it is invaluable. We have cheerfully subscribed ($100) ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS. NATIONAL EXPRESS CO.
Per C. H. JAMES, Secretary.

MILITARY.

NEW-YORK HEADQUARTERS,
ANDREW JOHNSON CAVALRY,
FOR SPECIAL SERVICE IN EASTERN TENNESSEE,
NO. 167 BROADWAY,
ERNEST M. DEMENT,
Colonel Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST-MARSHAL, }
FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, }
No. 271 Broadway, New-York City. }

CAVALRY.

PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 22, 1863. }

All men who desire to join any particular regiment of cavalry now in the field, are hereby authorized to present themselves at any time during the next thirty days to the Board of Enrollment in their respective Districts. The Board shall examine them, and determine upon their fitness for the service, and if found to be fit, the Provost-Marshal of the District shall give them transportation tickets to the general rendezvous, at the headquarters of the A. A. Provost-Marshal General of the State. As soon as they present themselves at this general rendezvous, they shall be duly mustered by a mustering and disbursing officer, and paid by him the bounty allowed by law.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal-General.

Persons desiring to enlist will present themselves at these headquarters without delay.

JOEL B. ERHARDT,
Captain and Provost-Marshal,
Fourth Congressional District.

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST-MARSHAL, }
NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, }
New-York City, N. Y. }

CAVALRY.

PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 22, 1863. }

All men who desire to join any particular regiment of cavalry now in the field, are hereby authorized to present themselves at any time during the next thirty days to the Board of Enrollment in their respective Districts. The Board shall examine them, and determine upon their fitness for the service, and if found to be fit, the Provost-Marshal of the District shall give them transportation tickets to the general rendezvous, at the headquarters of the A. A. Provost-Marshal-General of the State. As soon as they present themselves at this general rendezvous, they shall be duly mustered by a mustering and disbursing officer, and paid by him the bounty allowed by law.

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal-General.

Persons who desire to enlist will present themselves at these headquarters.

CHAS. E. JENKINS,
Captain and Provost-Marshal,
Ninth Congressional District.

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST-MARSHAL, SIXTH DISTRICT }
OF NEW-YORK, NO. 186 6TH-AV., }
New-York, June 1, 1863. }

CAVALRY.—PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 22, 1863.—All men who desire to join any particular regiment of cavalry now in the field, are hereby authorized to present themselves at any time during the next thirty days to the Board of Enrollment in their respective Districts. The Board shall examine them, and determine upon their fitness for the service, and if found to be fit, the Provost-Marshal of the District shall give them transportation tickets to the general rendezvous, at the headquarters of the A. A. Provost-Marshal-General of the State. As soon as they present themselves at this general rendezvous, they shall be duly mustered by a mustering and disbursing officer, and paid by him the bounty allowed by law.

JAMES B. FRY, Provost-Marshal-General.

Persons desiring to enlist will present themselves at these headquarters without delay.

JAMES W. FARR, Captain and Provost-Marshal,
Sixth Congressional District.

PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, May 22, 1863. }
NOTICE.

THE ATTENTION OF ALL OFFICERS who have been honorably discharged on account of wounds or disability, and who desire to reënter the service in the Invalid Corps, is called to the provisions of General Orders, No. 105, of 1863, from the War Department, published in the papers throughout the country. Such officers are requested to comply promptly with the provisions of that order, and to send their written applications, as therein provided, for positions in the Invalid Corps, (stating the character of their disability,) with as little delay as possible, to the Acting Assistant Provost-Marshal-General of the State in which they may be. Such Acting Assistant Provost-Marshal-General will at once forward the applications, with his indorsement, to the Provost-Marshal-General at Washington.

Officers for the Invalid Corps will be appointed immediately upon furnishing the papers required by General Order, No. 105, of 1863, from War Department. Their pay and emoluments will commence from date of acceptance of such appointments, and not from date of organization of the respective commands to which they may be assigned.

J. B. FRY,
Provost-Marshal-General.

PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 22, 1863. }

ALL MEN WHO DESIRE TO JOIN ANY particular regiment of cavalry now in the field, are hereby authorized to present themselves at any time during the next thirty days to the Board of Enrollment in their respective districts. The Board shall examine them, and determine upon their fitness for the service, and, if found to be fit, the Provost-Marshal of the District shall give them transportation tickets to the general rendezvous, at the headquarters of the A. A. Provost-Marshal-General of the State. As soon as they present themselves at this general rendezvous, they shall be duly mustered by a mustering and disbursing officer, and paid by him the bounty allowed by law.

JAMES B. FRY, Provost-Marshal-General.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "RUTLEDGE."
A POWERFUL NEW NOVEL.
FRANK WARRINGTON.
A powerful new novel by the author of "Rutledge," and "Sutherlands."
One large 12mo., elegantly bound in extra cloth.
Price, $1 50.
ALSO, ON THE SAME DAY,
New, elegant and uniform editions, at same price, of
II.—RUTLEDGE.
III.—THE SUTHERLANDS.
For many years there has appeared no work of fiction possessing such remarkable power and originality as "Rutledge." It flashed with brilliancy upon the reading community, whose curiosity became intense regarding its authorship—a mystery which to-day remains unsolved. "Rutledge" was followed by "The Sutherlands," developing fresh literary genius, and the present work—"Frank Warrington"—will contribute additional testimony to the talent and fame of "the author of Rutledge."
These books are sold by all booksellers, and will be sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price, by
CARLETON, Publisher, New-York,
No. 413 Broadway,
corner Lispenard-st.

NOW READY,
THE
STRANGE ADVENTURES
OF
CAPTAIN DANGEROUS.
A narrative in plain English, attempted by George Augustus Sala, author of "The Seven Sons of Mammon," "Journey Due North," etc., etc.
One volume, 8vo., paper. Price 50 cents.
The career of Capt. Dangerous was of course no ordinary career, but it would not be difficult to match it in the actual lives of adventurers who figured in the days of our great-grandfathers, and, after many pleasant hours spent over its pages, we are in a position to recommend it from more than one point of view to readers of widely different tastes.—*London Athenæum.*
T. O. H. P. BURNHAM, Publisher,
No. 143 Washington-st., Boston.
Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of the price.

NEW MILITARY BOOKS.
ROBERTS' HAND-BOOK OF ARTILLERY, a new and greatly enlarged edition. 18mo. $1 00
GIBBON'S ARTILLERISTS' MANUAL, a new and revised edition, fully illustrated. Octavo. 5 00
HEAVY ARTILLERY TACTICS, with service of a gun mounted on an iron carriage. 12mo. 2 00
UNITED STATES TACTICS FOR COLORED TROOPS, prepared under direction of the War Department. 12mo. 1 00
A TREATISE ON CAVALRY; its History, Management and Uses in War. By Prof. ROEMER. With numerous illustrations. 1 vol., octavo 6 00
ELEMENTS OF MILITARY ART AND HISTORY. By EDWARD DE LA BARRE DUPARCQ. Translated from the French, by Brig.-Gen. CULLUM. 1 vol., 8vo. 4 00
Copies of above books sent free, by mail, on receipt of price. Published by D. VAN NOSTRAND,
No. 192 Broadway, New-York.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
the causes and treatment of cancers, read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Contents tables free, at the principal news-paper depots throughout the country, at H. Warner's, No. 1 Vesey-st., or of the author, Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS, BUILDERS, &c.—TIMBER TABLE—Showing at a glance the measurement of any stick of timber. Price 50 cents.
BOGERT, BOURNE & AUTEN,
Stationers and Printers, Nos. 176 and 178 Pearl-st., N. Y.
Publishers of
Cowles' Banking Business Tables; price $5.
[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

LAKE ERIE AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.

The Lake Erie and Pacific Railroad Company, in the State of Indiana, now offer for sale their entire issue of $600,000 First, and only, Mortgage Bonds, bearing seven per cent. interest, payable semi-annually in the City of New-York.

These bonds are secured by a DEED OF TRUST, constituting the FIRST and ONLY lien upon the entire Road, its franchises, appurtenances, rolling stock, &c.

Its route is along the White Water Valley, from Rushville to Union, a distance of about sixty miles, and passes through the richest, best cultivated and most densely populated portion of the State of Indiana.

The road is the CENTRAL SECTION of the otherwise completed TRUNK LINE, connecting the great Southwest at LOUISVILLE, Ky., on the Ohio River, and at an early day with TOLEDO and SANDUSKY, on Lake Erie.

The Company is wholly without debt (except its bonded debt) and being strong in its local traffic, and connecting with roads that must necessarily largely increase the volume of its revenues, the BOARD OF DIRECTORS, with great confidence, invite the attention of capitalists to these securities, believing that they offer an opportunity for a first-class railroad investment, than which, in their judgment, there is no better to be had.

The published exhibits of the Company, together with a map showing the locality and advantages of the Road, can be had from either of the Trustees of the Deed of Trust in this City, named below, and from either of whom the bonds are only to be had.

TRUSTEES:
GEORGE A. ROBBINS, No. 64 William-st.
GEORGE T. M. DAVIS, No. 47 Exchange-place.

NEW-YORK, May 18, 1863.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
AND
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AGENTS FOR U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN,

Are prepared to furnish the U. S. FIVE-TWENTY YEAR SIX PER CENT. BONDS, direct from the Government, at PAR and ACCRUED INTEREST, or PAR, with interest commencing from date of subscription and payment.

On and after July 1, the privilege of converting Legal-Tender Notes into the Five-Twenty Bonds at par will cease. Parties wishing to secure a United States Bond, paying six per cent. interest IN GOLD, AT PAR, should send in their orders before that time.

We also keep on hand a constant supply of all classes of Government Securities, for sale at the lowest market rates:—

U. S. 7-30 Treasury Notes.
U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
U. S. One-Year Certificates of Indebtedness, &c., &c.

FISK & HATCH, No. 38 Wall-st.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, May 27, 1863.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the Company's office in Cleveland, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June next, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may come before them.

At which meeting an arrangement for the consolidation of the earnings of this Company with the Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad Company; the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad Company; the Buffalo and State Line, and the Erie and Northeast Railroad Company, will be submitted for their approval—which consolidation is to continue for the term of twenty-five years, and gives this Company 31¼ per cent. of the earnings of the four roads. The transfer books of the Company will close on WEDNESDAY, June 3, at 3 o'clock P. M., and remain closed until THURSDAY MORNING, June 18, at 10 o'clock A. M.

H. C. LUCE, Treasurer.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD COMPANY.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 30, 1863.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the Office of the Company, in Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of June, 1863, at 11 o'clock A. M., to consider and vote upon a contract between this Company, the Cleveland and Toledo, the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula, and the Buffalo and State Line Railroad Companies, and to act upon such other business as may be presented.

The transfer books will be closed on the evening of May 30, and reopen on the 11th of June.

By order of the Board of Directors.
GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

GRANT & SON,
No. 40 WALL-ST.,

Have constantly on hand all descriptions U. S. Government Securities.

U. S. 6 per cent. Coupon and Reg'd Bonds.
U. S. 6 per cent. Five-Twenty Bonds.
U. S. 6 per cent. One Year Certificates (old and new.)
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. Treasury Notes.

And are prepared to deliver Five Twenty Bonds with full Coupon from May 1, or bearing interest from date of subscription. Certificates of indebtedness collected promptly. Interest received in gold remitted or converted for interested rate.

Commercial paper bought and sold.

FOR SALE.

Sacramento Valley First Mortgage Railroad 10 per cent. Bonds.
San Francisco City and County 7 per cent. Bonds.
San Francisco City 6 per cent. Bonds.
City of Marysville, Cal., 10 per cent. Bonds.
Santa Clara County, Cal., 7 per cent. Bonds.
San Mateo County, Cal., 7 per cent. Bonds.

The interest and principal of which are all payable in Gold. Apply to GEO. T. M. DAVIS, No. 47 Exchange-place.

EDWARD KING,

(Late of the firm of JAMES G. KING'S SONS) offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 4 Hanover-st.

UNITED STATES CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

Maturing Certificates of Indebtedness collected, and returns made promptly.

The gold received for interest remitted, or accounted for at the market price in currency, at the option of holder.

KETCHUM, SON & CO., No. 40 Exchange-place.

ARMY AND NAVY BANKING HOUSE.

Commissioned Officers' Accounts adjusted and cashed. Quartermasters', Navy Agents' and Ordnance vouchers purchased.

JOHN B. MURRAY, Army and Navy Banker, No. 39 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

CASH ADVANCES

Made upon Vessels, Merchandise and all Securities. Address, confidentially, CAPITALIST, Box No. [illegible] New-York Post-office.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD CO., ALBANY, March 2, 1863.

NOTICE AS TO THE $3,000,000 SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS OF THE COMPANY, DUE 15TH JUNE, 1864.—The Directors of this Company now propose to replace its Seven per Cent. Bonds, to become due on the 15th of June, 1864, by an issue, running 20 years from date, of five per cent. Coupon Bonds, to mature on the 15th of December, 1887, with interest from the 15th of December last, payable in New-York semi-annually, on the 15th of June and 15th December.

An allowance of three per cent., for the difference in interest between the three Coupons yet to mature on the outstanding Bonds and those of corresponding dates on the proposed issue, will be made to the holders of the former, on the surrender of the Bonds held by them to be exchanged for the new Bonds.

This surrender may be made at any time hereafter, accompanied by a memorandum of numbers and amounts, at the BANK OF COMMERCE, in New-York; at the office of J. E. THAYER & BROTHER, Boston, or at this Office, when the three per cent. above mentioned will be paid in cash.

The delivery of the new Bonds will commence, at the same places, on the twentieth day of March instant.

The option of the new Bonds now offered to the holders of those of 1864, will remain open until, and including, the thirtieth day of April next, unless withdrawn before that time, by at least ten days' previous public notice.

The Bonds will be of the denomination of $1,000 only, except that Registered Bonds, without Coupons, of the denomination of $5,000, will be issued if preferred by the holders.

A Sinking Fund of two per cent. per annum on the whole amount of the issue will be applied to its reduction, or to providing means toward its payment, in such a manner and under such regulations as the Directors may from time to time prescribe.

ERASTUS CORNING, Albany.
CHARLES H. RUSSELL, New-York.
NATHANIEL THAYER, Boston.
H. H. MARTIN, Albany.
J. V. L. PRUYN, Albany.
Special Committee of the Board.

The option of the Bonds referred to in the above notice is extended, upon the condition therein mentioned, to [illegible]

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO. [illegible]

At the annual election [illegible] the following were duly elected Managers of this Company for the ensuing year, viz.:

W. E. HERRIMAN,	ABIEL A. LOW,
CHAS. N. TALBOT,	ROBERT L. KENNEDY,
EDWARD J. WOOLSEY,	JAMES M. HALSTED,
G. TALBOT OLYPHANT,	LEGRAND B. CANNON,
ROBERT RAY,	JOHN J. ASPINWALL,
SAM'L B. SCHIEFFELIN,	JOHN J. CRANE,
	JAMES E. TAYLOR.

And at a meeting of the Board of Managers, held this day, G. TALBOT OLYPHANT, Esq., was unanimously re-elected President. By order of the Board,
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Secretary.

THE CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD CO., CHICAGO, May 22, 1863.

THE STOCK BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY will be closed on the 1st day of June next for one week, to perfect the arrangement for a consolidation with the Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad Company. Parties in whose names shares may stand on the day of closing, will be entitled to new stock in the consolidated Company, and to the reserved property of this Company.

[illegible], President.
A. S. DOWNS, Secretary.

A [illegible] FINANCIAL CIRCULARS OF [illegible] for 1862 and 1863, for sale by [illegible] & CO., No. [illegible]

FINANCIAL.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, May 30, 1863.

I SHALL CONTINUE TO RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS on account of the United States Six per Cent. Bonds, commonly called Five-Twenties, until the 30th day of June next, inclusive, after which day the right to convert United States legal tender notes into them ceases by act of Congress.

Depositors at this office receive a Government Certificate entitling them to Bonds bearing interest in gold from the date of deposit.

JOHN J. CISCO, Assistant Treasurer United States.

YOUNG & HALLOCK.
EXCHANGE AND BANKING OFFICE,
No. 2 Park-place, corner Broadway.
EDWARD R. YOUNG, LEWIS S. HALLOCK, } Broadway Bank Building, N. Y.
UNCURRENT MONEY AND SPECIE BOUGHT AND SOLD.
BUSINESS PAPER NEGOTIATED.
STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION
COLLECTIONS MADE IN ALL PARTS OF THE U. S.
REVENUE STAMPS FOR SALE.

THE LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK.—NEW-YORK, June 2, 1863.

At an annual election, held at the banking-rooms on MONDAY, the 1st inst., the following named persons were duly elected Directors of this Bank for the term of four years, ending on the first Monday in June, 1867:

JONATHAN THORNE,
SIDNEY MASON,
RICHARD P. BRUFF.

And for Inspectors of the next ensuing election:

RICHARD STOUT,
PAUL SPOFFORD,
GEO. A. ROBBINS.

N. F. PALMER, Cashier.

$100,000 WANTED—TO INVEST FOR A term of years in largely productive real estate in the vicinity of New-York. Parties desiring to arrange for the loan of that sum, or a portion of it, to be advanced in three or four months, on the best of real estate securities, will find it much for their interest to confer with the advertiser, who will offer additional inducements of great permanent value for the loan desired. For a confidential interview, address BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st., New-York, and prompt attention will be given.

SARATOGA AND WHITEHALL RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual election for Directors of this Company, and Inspectors for the election next ensuing, will be held at the office of the Company, in Saratoga Springs, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of June next, at 12 o'clock at noon. The poll will remain open one hour.

W. H. WARREN, Secretary.
SARATOGA SPRINGS, May 26, 1863.

BROADWAY BANK, May 29, 1863.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of this Bank, and for Inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of June prox. The poll will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

MILWAUKEE CITY READJUSTMENT BONDS.—The Coupons due 1st June next, will be paid at the office of W. SCHALL & CO., No. 58 and 60 Exchange-place.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Bought and sold at Board of Brokers,
By A. G. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 52 Exchange-place.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 6 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, May 26, 1863.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a Scrip Dividend of

FORTY PER CENT.

was declared to the policy holders on the earned premiums of all policies entitled to participate in the profits of the business for the year ending May 1, 1863, for which certificates will be issued on the 10th day of August next. Interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum was ordered to be paid in cash on the outstanding Certificates of Profits for the years 1861 and 1862. A Semi-annual Cash Dividend of Six (6) per cent. on the capital stock was also declared payable to the stockholders on demand.

R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.—DIVIDEND.—The Board of Trustees of the Illinois and Michigan Canal have, by a resolution, ordered a Dividend of Five Per Cent., to be paid on account of the principal of the Illinois and Michigan Canal Registered Bonds. The payment of the Dividend will be made by the Treasurer of the Board of Trustees, at his office, No. 54 Fulton-st., in the City of New-York, on and after the first day of July, 1863. The Bonds must be presented to the Treasurer the day before the time of payment, in order that said payment may be stamped thereon.

WM. H. SWIFT, HENRY GRINNELL, } Trustees I. & M. Canal.

JUNE 3, 1863.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO., NEW-YORK, May 26, 1863.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THIS Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of Five per Cent., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the Company, payable on and after the 20th day of June next, at the office of the Company, No. 29 William-st., corner of Exchange-place.

The Transfer Books will be closed on the 1st day of June and remain closed until the morning of the 16th.

By order of the Board. ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

MERCHANTS' BANK, NEW-YORK, May 29, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Three and a half (3½) per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after June 1. The transfer books will be closed until the first day of June.

J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

THE NEW-YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE COMPANY having declared a dividend of Seven Per Cent. on its capital stock, will pay the same to the stockholders, at their office, No. 8 Produce Exchange, from 1 to 2 o'clock, daily, until the 10th inst.

WM. D. MANGAM, Treasurer.

INSURANCE.

REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Office No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.
CASH CAPITAL, $150,000. SURPLUS OVER, $165,000.
Total Assets, over $325,000.

This Company insures against loss and damage by fire, and the risks of inland navigation and transportation, on the most favorable terms.

Eighty per cent. of the profits annually divided in scrip, bearing 6 per cent. interest, while a liberal reduction in the premium will be made to those preferring non-participation policies.

Particular attention paid to rent and leasehold insurance.

ROBERT S. HONE, President.
DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT.

A retail boot and shoe establishment, situated on the main street of a thriving city, within an hour's ride of New-York, established in 1836, since which time it has steadily increased its patronage, and now has the reputation of producing some of the finest work in the market. The present proprietor, having another business which demands his time and attention, offers his stock and trade for sale on easy terms. A rare chance for an active and enterprising man. For further particulars, address G. L., Box No. 134 *Times* Office.

STEAMERS FOR SALE.

FOUR STEAMBOATS, ranging from 200 to 500 tons measurement. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 122 Broadway.

COPPERSMITH ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.—A splendid opportunity is now offered to secure a profitable business of twenty-five years' standing, the sale being necessary, owing to the demise of its late owner, Mr. Edward Knox. The shop is at present full of business, and is well supplied with tools and all necessary facilities, and will be sold, with the good will, at a very low figure. Apply to C. KNOX, No. 212 Broadway.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—ONE FLOUR and two lumber mills, with never-failing water-power; 1,000 acres cultivated land, and extensive timber lands; a rare opportunity for men with small capital.
M. MULLIN, No. 34 South William-st.

COAL, &C.

COAL.—WRITTEN PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED until the 15th of June, for the delivery on the North Wharf at West Point, N. Y., of the following quantities of best White Ash Coal, clean:

[illegible] tons (2,240 pounds per ton) large egg size.
[illegible] tons (2,240 pounds per ton) egg size.
[illegible] tons (2,240 pounds per ton) stove size.

Name of coal and price of each kind stated separately. Coal can be delivered from the Schuylkill, Lehigh and Wyoming Districts, at the West Point wharf from canal boats which receive it at the mines, without breaking bulk, via the Schuylkill, and Delaware and Raritan Canals.

The coal to be delivered between the 1st of July and 1st of September next.

Facilities (not including men) for unloading will be furnished. Proposals to be addressed to

EDWARD C. BOYNTON, Capt. and Quartermaster, West Point, N. Y., May 21, 1863.

BUILDING MATERIALS, &C.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the city where the cheapest marble mantels, &c., can be bought, is at A. KLABER'S marble yard, No. 1[illegible] [illegible]-st., near 3d-av., New-York. (Cut this out.)

LEAKY ROOFS CURED WITH RUBBER Paint, 1 to 1½ cts. a foot, according to condition, and warranted. 506 Grand-st., 37 Park-row, 153 Bowery, 313 [illegible], 506 6th-av., 48 6th-av., 11 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh, and cor. of Oxford-st. and Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

METALS.

SHEET IRON—COMMON, REFINED AND galvanized, assorted numbers and widths, for sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO., Nos. 215 and 217 Water-st.

TIN PLATES.—TIN AND ROOFING PLATES of all kinds, for sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO., 215 and 217 Water-st.

SOMES, BROWN & CO. COLLECT CLAIMS against the Government and vouchers payable by paymasters, purchase Quartermasters', Ordnance, Navy Agent and other vouchers, procure settlement of arrears of Pay, Bounty and Pensions. No. 2 PARK-PLACE, N. Y., and [illegible], WASHINGTON, D. C. [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell on WEDNESDAY, June 3, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway,

ON 20TH-ST.—The HOUSE and LOT, south side, 200 ft. east 3d-av., well built, extension in rear, marble mantels, folding doors, &c.; size 21x36; lot 25x102.2.

ON 28TH-ST.—The HOUSE and LOT north side, 287 ft. west of av. A, nearly new, brick basement, 12-inch walls, croton, &c. Size 25x36, lot 25x100.5½. The above are two-story frame houses. The streets are graded, curbed, guttered, &c. The neighborhood is excellent and rapidly improving, with great facilities of access by Harlem and Peck-slip cars and ferry-boats. Maps, terms, &c., at No. 7 Cedar-st., adjoining Bank of Commerce.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

SALE OF CHOICE OLD WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 3, at 11 o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st., wines and liquors to close consignments, viz.: 20 cases brandy, 20 cases whisky, 200 bottles old Bourbon do., 24 bottles Otard Dupuy & Co. brandy, 10 do. rum, 75 do. choice old Prince Castillion & Co.'s Leger Frere, 100 do. old rye whisky, 1 pipe Schiedam gin, 10 bottles cane rum, &c., all of which will be sold without reserve.

LOCKWOOD BROS. & UNDERHILL, Auctioneers—No. 20 Murray and No. 36 Warren-st.

THIS DAY, AT 11 O'CLOCK,
By LOCKWOOD BROS. & UNDERHILL.
Large and attractive sale of
STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,

Comprising an assortment of fine Bonnets, Misses' Hats, Unions, Ridels, Albonis, &c.

Also, Men's and Boys' Hats, in variety.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

HORSE, WAGONS, &c.

CLINTON B. OSGOOD will sell on THURSDAY, June 4, at 12 o'clock, in front of salesroom No. 83 Cedar-st., near Broadway, a sorrel mare, 14½ hands high, 7 years old, sound and kind, very stylish, and guaranteed to trot inside of 3 minutes. Two-seat cut-under park wagon, back seat shutting in; no-top buggy, 4-seat rockaway, 4-seat Germantown depot wagon, doctor's gig, harness, &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

256 VALUABLE LOTS, BOUNDED BY 149TH AND 151ST STS., 10TH-AV. AND HUDSON RIVER, TOGETHER WITH WATER RIGHT EXTENDING FROM 149TH TO 151ST-ST., KNOWN AS THE WOODLAND PROPERTY, BEING PART OF THE BRADHURST ESTATE, AND NOW IN POSSESSION OF HICKSON W. FIELD, JR., Esq., RESIDING IN PARIS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on MONDAY, June 8, and TUESDAY, June 9, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 163 Liberty-st.,

10TH-AV.—16 lots west side of 10th-av., comprising entire front between 149th and 151st sts.

11TH-AV.—32 lots on the east and west sides of 11th-av., comprising the entire front between 149th and 151st sts.; on the lots on the west side of 11th-av., between 150th and 151st sts., is an elegant 4-story brick mansion house, 72 by 96 feet 12.

149TH-ST.—48 lots on N. S. 149th-st., comprising the entire front between 10th and 11th avs, and Hudson River.

150TH-ST.—96 lots N. S. of 150th-st., comprising the entire front between 10th-av. and Hudson River.

151ST-ST.—48 lots on S. S., comprising the entire front between 10th-av. and Hudson River.

ALSO, THE VALUABLE WATER FRONT extending from 149th to 151st-st. This property is contiguous to the Hudson River Railroad Depot at 152d-st.; the land is high, and commands a fine view of the Hudson River. The distance from the CENTRAL PARK is but about 2 miles.

This property is in every respect desirable either for improvement or investment; 151st-st. is open to 12th-av.

Maps will be ready in a few days at the office of the auctioneers. The lots will be sold on the most liberal terms, and in parcels to suit purchasers.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE TOWN OF YONKERS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 3, 1863, at 1 o'clock P. M., on the premises, under the direction of Samuel M. Valentine, Executor of the estate of Abraham Valentine, deceased, a portion of land belonging to the said estate, situated in the town of Yonkers, Westchester County, N. Y., 13 miles from the Harlem Railroad depot at 26th-st. This property is located upon an elevated ridge of land, 1½ mile east of Hudson River, is divided into and will be sold in plots from 5 to 22 acres, each of which has one or more good building sites, and is very centrally and conveniently situated, being 1¼ miles from Harlem Railroad depot at Williams' Bridge, 3¾ miles from New-Haven Railroad depot at Mount Vernon, 3 miles from Hudson River Railroad depot at Riverdale, 3 miles from Harlem River at Kingsbridge, and 4 miles from the village of Yonkers. This sale is believed to offer some special inducements to purchasers of country seats. Conveyances to visit the property can be had at any hour at the Harlem Railroad depot, Williams' Bridge. Maps can be obtained of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the Executor on the day of sale, balance on the 1st of July, when the deeds will be delivered.

If the day of sale (Wednesday, June 3,) should prove stormy, the sale will be postponed to Wednesday, June 10, rain or shine. Purchasers from New-York will take the 10:30 A. M. train from 26th-st.

GREAT SALE OF LOTS AND CONTRACTS IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO, AT AUCTION, June 17, 1863.—The articles of Association of the CHICAGO LAND COMPANY require that the trust shall be closed, in the month of June, 1863, and that all the property and effects on hand at that time, belonging to the Association, shall be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, in the City of Chicago, on the third WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863.

The undersigned, Trustee of the Chicago Land Company, will, therefore, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863, offer for sale on the premises, in the City of Chicago:

149 lots in Sheffield's addition to Chicago.
[illegible] lots in Elston addition, west side of North Branch.
[illegible] lots in Elston addition, east side of North Branch.
[illegible] lots in Wright's addition, west side of North Branch.
8 lots in original town Chicago.

Also mortgages, amply secured, amounting to about eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Fifty-four contracts, covering 93 lots, on which there are owing an aggregate of about $160,000.

Of these lots 4,732 feet front on a spacious canal of 100 feet wide, now being excavated through the property.

And 4,600 feet front on the North Branch of the Chicago River.

The sale will be continued from day to day until all the property and effects of the Company are sold.

MAHLON D. OGDEN, Trustee.
CHICAGO, March 16, 1863.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

COLLECTION OF VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS, property of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.—By D. W. IVES & CO., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 3, at 7½ o'clock, at the Derby Gallery, No. 625 Broadway, a valuable collection of Paintings, the property of Mr. Beecher, most of which are fine examples by eminent American Artists, including

Bierstadt,	George Innes,	Van Beest,
Eastman Johnson,	Casilear,	Pope,
George L. Brown,	Babcock,	J. O. B. Inman,
Tait,	Lambdin,	Wm. Hart,
D. Johnson,	Wust,	Mignot.

In addition to the above, will be sold specimens by

Nehlig,	Lacroix,	Williamson,
Stevens,	Pope,	Earle,
H. B. Brown,	Renalter,	And others.

Also,
The Celebrated Historical Painting,
"LANDING OF BURNSIDE AT ROANOKE,"
By
GEORGE L. BROWN.

This collection contains many very interesting pictures, and connoisseurs, amateurs and lovers of the fine arts generally are respectfully requested to inspect the Paintings, which will remain on exhibition from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. until sale. Catalogues ready.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

CHOICE COLLECTION OF ANCIENT PAINTINGS.—By D. W. IVES & CO., on THURSDAY EVENING, June 11, at 7½ o'clock, at the Derby Gallery, No. 625 Broadway, a choice collection of ancient paintings, the property of a French gentleman about to return to Europe. This collection has been made at great expense by its possessor, and contains veritable examples by the artists named, the entire number of paintings being all the property of one owner:

Vanderwerf,	Wouvermans	Greuze,
Netscher,	Berghem,	Lingelbach,
Cuyp,	Watteau,	Murillo,
Boucher,	Mieris,	Rubens,
Paolo Veronese,	Reynolds,	Kaufman,
Lodovico Carraci,	Breughel,	and others.

Also, some exquisite enamels and carvings in ivory, on exhibition one week before sale, day and evening, and catalogues ready.

WM. IRVING, Auctioneer.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE.—CLINTON B. OSGOOD will sell at auction THIS DAY, Wednesday, June 3, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 83 Cedar-st., near Broadway, velvet and Brussels carpets, Venetian and Brussels stair carpets, suite of rosewood parlor furniture, figured brocatel, mahogany suite in hair-cloth, rosewood suite in green plush, carved rosewood suite, three colored brocatel, two Newport easy chairs and ottomans, two carved rosewood etageres, bronze and marble mantel clock, gothic arm chairs, black walnut sofas in green plush, black walnut round card tables, three refrigerators, tea tables, mahogany French bedsteads, spring mattresses, hair and husk mattresses, two gilt frame mirrors, cottage bedsteads, marble-top dressing-tables, writing-tables, letter press, three sewing-machines, bookcases, mahogany sofas, reclining chairs, stone and china ware, kitchen furniture, &c.

Also, billiard table, with balls, cues, &c., complete.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

SECOND HAND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND PIANO-FORTE.—By D. W. IVES & CO., on THURSDAY, June 4, at 11 o'clock, at Nos. 185 and 187 Broadway, an elegant assortment of second hand furniture, consisting of mirrors, carpets, oil-cloths, mattings, walnut and rosewood chamber furniture, enameled do., parlor suites, piano-fortes, bookcases, wardrobes, sideboards, extension tables, curtains, shades, gas fixtures, glass, china and plated ware, &c. Also,

AN INVOICE OF TERRA COTTA FLOWER VASES, of elegant styles, adapted for parlors and conservatories.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

Also, an invoice of Children's Carriages.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer, Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, THURSDAY, June 4, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., a collection of modern oil paintings, comprising American landscapes, fruit, flowers, marine, scriptural and figure pieces, by the following artists, viz.: W. B. Brown, Conlon, Northcote, La Croix, Michael, G. L. Brown, J. G. Taggart, Waterston, Ingram, Mrs. Parker, of London, Pratt, Pyne and others of celebrity. They are now on exhibition.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.

RICHARDS & WHITING WILL SELL at auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 3, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 44 Cortlandt-st., a large and well-selected stock of boots and shoes, consisting of fresh and desirable consignments from Eastern and New-York City manufacturers, comprising women's, misses' and children's gaiters and shoes; also, men's, boys' and youths' balmorals and Summer goods, of all styles and qualities.

[illegible], Auctioneer.

B[illegible] WOLFE, GORDON & CO. [illegible] [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEE'S SALE, FOR BENEFIT OF CREDITORS, OF AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT ON THE HUDSON RIVER, WITH VALUABLE WATER FRONT, BETWEEN TARRYTOWN AND SING SING.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 17, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 163 Liberty-st., New-York:

The handsome and commodious Gothic stone mansion house, with about 24½ acres of ground, beautifully located, commanding one of the finest views of the Hudson River. It is known as the Moorings, being the late residence of John G. Boker, and formerly the residence of the late Commodore Perry, and adjoins the country seat of W. H. Aspinwall, Esq. The house is built in modern style, two stories and tower, with spacious cellars; it contains sixteen rooms, has water on first and second floors, bath-rooms, dumb waiter, &c.; water-closets and pipes for gas, and other modern conveniences; suitable stables, sheds, ice-house, new Gothic lodge. The roads are macadamized and in good order. The grounds are beautifully located and handsomely laid out, with fine lawns. The garden is large and well stocked with fruit and vegetables, fine old forest trees. There is a water front of 2,340 feet, with dock. The property will be sold in one parcel or divided as follows:

The mansion, barns and outhouses, with the "dock" and about 53 acres.

Second, a beautiful tract of about 11 acres, adjoining and fronting the river.

Third, the medow land lying on the Highland Turnpike, containing 20 acres, including the handsome lodge and barns. The right of way to be open in common.

For further particulars, apply to JAMES W. ROBINSON, at Sing Sing; MARTIN & SMITH, Attorneys, No. 26 Nassau-st., New-York, or at the Auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st. Title perfect and free from incumbrance.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on THURSDAY, June 4, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 98 West 34th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.,

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—All in the most perfect order, having been in use but a short time, and made by Hutchings or Rochefort in the very best style, viz.: Velvet and Brussels carpets, large mantel and pier mirrors, imported plates, window curtains, lace ditto, rosewood parlor suites made to order, costly engravings, rosewood etageres, music stand, mirrors, doors, clocks, Parian ornaments, vases, large pen and ink drawing, centre table, side table, &c.; dining-room of carved black walnut, carved buffet, extension table and chairs to match, china and glassware, &c.; bedrooms, costly carved black walnut bedstead, dressing bureau, marble top, with large mirrors; fine mattresses and beds, three-ply carpets and other valuable furniture. Sale will commence with kitchen furniture.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, FRIDAY, June 5, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., a very valuable collection of minerals, comprising specimens of copper, iron, lead, zinc and other ores; also, the finest and most remarkable specimens of crystal ever seen on this continent. The above are from the mines of the Union Mining Company, at Ellenville, Ulster County; were all taken from a cavern 30x40 feet, situated 135 feet below the surface. They have been carefully arranged and examined by Mr. C. Herman, mineralogist, of this City, who pronounced them to be unsurpassed in beauty of formation and brilliancy by any collection he has ever seen. *They are now on exhibition at our salesroom, and will be sold without reserve as above.*

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer—Office No. 3 Pine-st.

SALE OF STATEN ISLAND PROPERTY at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 163 Liberty-st., on WEDNESDAY, June 10, 1863, at 12 o'clock, by A. JOURNEAY, property of Mr. J. G. Odell, Marshland, Staten Island; four and a quarter acres of land, on which there is a three-story framed dwelling, 37x54, twenty rooms in the house, the lower part a store, (desirable stand,) barn, 24x36, three workshops in addition, three wells of excellent water, large garden with the choicest fruit trees, grapevines, berries, &c. The house is admirably adapted for a boarding-house or school, the location being central and in an excellent neighborhood. As a business stand the store could be made one of the best in the country. One-half of the purchase money can remain on mortgage. Further particulars at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 3 Pine-st.

WILLIAM WITTERS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 454 Canal-st., the entire Parlor, Chamber, Dining and Kitchen Furniture of a large house, comprising a very elegant apartment parlor suites, pier and mantel glasses, chairs, tables, piano, carpets in great variety, together with every necessary for housekeeping.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 3—AT 8 o'clock, at the "Church on the Heights," (Rev. Dr. Kett's,) Pierrepont-st., near Monroe-place. Peremptory sale for cash—PEW No. 180, in the body of the church; entrance on the western aisle.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned until 10 o'clock A. M., on the 5th of June, 1863, for the following supplies:

Standard, Drills.
Trousers, Infantry.
Trousers, Mounted.
Uniform Hats.
Forage Caps.
Guidons, Cavalry.
Guidons, Artillery.
Storm Flags.
Haversacks.
Canteens.
Drums.
Drums, Heads, Batter and Snare.
Drums, Snares, sets.
Drum Cords.
Drum Slings.
Drum-sticks, pairs.
Drum-sticks, carriages.
Regimental Books.
Company Books.
Post Order Books.
Post Letter Books.
Post Morning Report Book.

A guarantee must be attached to each proposal, signed by two responsible parties, that the party making the proposal will enter into contract, if an award is made him.

Samples must accompany all bids, unless it is distinctly stated that the bid is made on the Government standard samples, which may be seen at the Inspection Warehouse, corner of Vine and Columbia streets.

All the supplies must be delivered at the Inspection Warehouse in this City, in new boxes, of such dimensions as shall be designated.

Bids must be addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside, "Proposals for Clothing."

JOHN H. DICKERSON, Captain and A. Q. M.

PROPOSALS FOR FUEL.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. MARINE CORPS, WASHINGTON, May 29, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until Thursday, the 25th day of June, 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., for supplying wood and coal to the United States Marines stationed at Brooklyn, N. Y., from 1st July, 1863, to June 30, 1864.

The wood to be good merchantable oak, and to be delivered, piled, measured and inspected at such points within the walls of the Marine Barracks, as may be designated by the Commanding Marine Officer, free of expense to the United States.

The coal to be best white ash anthracite egg coal, free from dust, and to weigh 2,240 pounds to the ton, to be weighed, inspected and delivered, at such points within the walls of the Marine Barracks, as may be designated by the Commanding Marine Officer, free of expense to the United States, and both coal and wood to be furnished at such times and in such quantities as the said Commanding Marine Officer may require.

Payments will be made upon the quarterly requisition of the Commanding Officer, stating the quantities required for the use of his command, agreeably to regulations.

A guarantee to be signed by two responsible persons, whose responsibility must be certified to by the United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, or United States Collector, must accompany each proposal, otherwise it will not be considered.

To be indorsed "Proposals for Fuel," and addressed to the undersigned.

W. B. SLACK, Major and Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW AND GRAIN.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE, DEPARTMENT, corner of G and 22d-sts., WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14, 1863.

Written proposals are invited for furnishing HAY, STRAW, OATS and CORN for the use of this depot, to be delivered at the railroad depot, or at any of the Government wharves in this city.

The proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and they should state the quantity of each article offered, also the price and the date of delivery.

Proposals will be received for five thousand (5,000) bushels of Corn or Oats, and fifty (50) tons of Hay or Straw, and upward, unless it should be for the interest of the Government to contract for a less amount.

All grain to be put up in good sacks, of about two (2) bushels each, which are to be furnished at the cost of the contractor.

The Hay and Straw to be securely baled.

All Grain and Hay offered to be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidders, as the interests of the service may require. Good security will be required for the faithful fulfillment of any contract made under this advertisement.

Payment to be made at the completion of the contract.

S. L. BROWN, Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

OFFICE OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD, May 27, 1863.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEPARATE SEALED proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which the bid may be offered, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., of MONDAY, June 8, 1863,

For the construction of a sewer in Seventy-third-street, from Fourth to Third avenue.

Also, in Fifty-ninth-street, between Second and Third avenues.

Also, a cobble-stone pavement in West-street, between Hammond and Gansevoort streets, and in parts of the intersecting streets.

Blank forms for the bids, and all other necessary information, can be obtained on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.

THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEPARATE SEALED proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which the bid may be offered, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. of THURSDAY, June 11, 1863, for the construction of trap-block pavements as follows, viz.: In Beekman-st., from Park-row to South-st.; in 47th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; in 54th-st., between 5th and Lexington avs., and in 60th-st., from 2d-av. to East River; 54th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

Blank forms for the bids, and all other necessary information, can be obtained on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

OFFICE OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD, May [illegible], 1863.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR TIMBER AND MATERIALS FOR THE NAVY.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR, May 29, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS to furnish timber and materials for the Navy for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1864, will be received at the Bureau of Construction and Repair until the 29th day of June next.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Timber and Materials for the Navy," that they may be distinguished from other business letters, and directed to the Chief of the Bureau of Construction and Repair.

The materials and articles embraced in the classes named are particularly described in the printed schedules, any of which will be furnished to such as desire to offer, on application to the Commandants of the respective yards, or to the Navy Agent nearest thereto, and those of all the yards upon application to the Bureau. This division into classes being for the convenience of dealers in each, such portions only will be furnished as are actually required for bids. The Commandant and Navy Agent of each station will, in addition to the schedule of classes of their own yards, have a copy of the schedules of the other yards for examination only, from which it may be judged whether it will be desirable to make application for any of the classes of those yards.

Offers must be made for the whole of the class at any yard upon one of the printed schedules, or in strict conformity therewith, or they will not be considered. In computing the classes, the price stated in the column of prices will be the standard, and the aggregate of the class will be carried out according to the prices stated.

The schedule which the bidder incloses must be pasted to his offer, and each of them signed by him. Opposite each article in the schedule the price must be set, the amount carried out, the aggregate footed up for each class, and the amount likewise written in words. If the parties who bid do not reside near the place where the articles are to be delivered, they must name in their offer a person to whom orders on them are to be delivered.

The contracts will be awarded to the lowest bona fide bidder who gives proper security for its fulfillment. The United States reserves the right to reject all the bids for any class, if deemed exorbitant.

All articles must be of the very best quality, to be delivered in the navy yards in good order, and in suitable vessels and packages, properly marked with the name of the contractor, as the case may be, at the expense and risk of the contractor, and in all respects subject to the inspection, measurement, count, weight, &c., of the yard where received, and to the entire satisfaction of the Commandant thereof.

Bidders are referred to the Commandants of the respective yards for samples, instructions, or particular description of the articles; and, all other things being equal, preference will be given to articles of American manufacture.

Every offer, as required by the law of 10th August, 1846, must be accompanied by a written guarantee, the form of which is given below.

And also by a certificate signed by the Collector of Internal Revenue for the District in which the bidder resides, that he has a license to deal in the article for which he proposes, or by an affidavit signed by himself and sworn to before some magistrate authorized to administer such oath, that he is "a manufacturer of or regular dealer in the articles which he offers to supply."

Those only whose offers may be accepted will be notified, and the contract will be forwarded as soon thereafter as practicable, which they will be required to execute within ten days after the receipt at the post-office or Navy Agency named by them, and they will affix thereto the requisite Internal Revenue stamps.

The contracts will bear date the day the notification is given, and deliveries can be demanded.

Sureties in the full amount will be required to sign the contract, and their responsibility certified to by a United States District Judge, United States District-Attorney, Collector or Navy Agent. As additional security, twenty per centum will be withheld from the amount of the bills until the contract shall have been completed; and eighty per centum of each bill, approved in triplicate by the commandants of the respective yards, will be paid by the Navy Agent at the points of delivery within ten days after the warrant for the same shall have been passed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

It will be stipulated in the contract that if default be made by the parties of the first part in delivering all or any of the articles mentioned in any class bid for in the contract, of the quality and at the time and places above provided, then, and in that case, the contractor and his sureties will forfeit and pay to the United States a sum of money not exceeding twice the amount of such class, which may be recovered from time to time, according to the act of Congress in that case provided, approved March 3, 1843.

Bids must not contain classes for more than one yard in the same envelope, and bidders are requested to indorse on the envelope the Navy-yard for which the bid is made.

FORM OF OFFER.

Which from a firm must be signed by all the members:

I, ——, of ——, in the State of ——, hereby agree to furnish and deliver in the respective navy-yards all the articles named in the classes hereunto annexed, agreeably to the provisions of the schedules therefor, and in conformity with the advertisement of the Bureau of Construction and Repair of May 29, 1863. Should my offer be accepted, I request to be addressed at ——, and the contract sent to the Navy Agent at —— or to —— for signature and certificate.

Signature, A. B.
Date.
Witness.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

The undersigned ——, of ——, in the State of ——, and ——, of ——, in the State of ——, hereby guarantee that in case the foregoing bid of —— for any of the classes therein named be accepted, he or they will, within ten days after the receipt of the contract at the post-office named, or Navy Agent designated, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties; and in case said —— shall fail to enter into contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer of the said —— and that which may be accepted.

Signatures of two guarantors, { C. D. E. F.
Date.
Witness.

I hereby certify that the above named —— are known to me as men of property and able to make good their guarantee.

Signature, G. H.
Date.

To be signed by the United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, Collector, or Navy Agent.

The Certificate that the bidder is a manufacturer or dealer in the Articles is to be here appended.

Extracts from Laws of the United States.

SEC. 14. *And be it further enacted*, That no contract or order, or any interest therein, shall be transferred by the party or parties to whom such contract or order may be given to any other party or parties, and that any such transfer shall cause the annulment of the contract or order transferred, so far as the United States are concerned: *Provided*, That all rights of action are hereby reserved to the United States for any breach of such contract by the contracting party or parties.

SEC. 16. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever any contractor for subsistence, clothing, arms, ammunition, munitions of war, and for every description of supplies for the army or navy of the United States, shall be found guilty by a Court-martial of fraud or wilful neglect of duty, he shall be punished by fine, imprisonment, or such other punishment as the Court-martial shall adjudge; and any person who shall contract to furnish supplies of any kind or description for the army or navy, he shall be deemed and taken as a part of the land or naval forces of the United States for which he shall contract to furnish said supplies, and be subject to the rules and regulations for the government of the land and naval forces of the United States. [Approved July 17, 1862.]

SEC. 2. *And be it further Resolved*, That the chief of any bureau of the Navy Department, in contracting for naval supplies, shall be at liberty to reject the offer of any person who, as principal or surety, has been a defaulter in any previous contract with the Navy Department; nor shall parties who have failed as principals or sureties in any former contracts be received as sureties on other contracts, nor shall the copartners of any firm be received as the sureties for such firm or for each other; nor, in contracts with the same bureau, shall one contractor be received as surety for another; and every contract shall require the delivery of a specified quantity, and no bids having nominal or fictitious prices shall be considered. That if more than one bid be offered by any one party by or in the name of his or their clerk, partner, or other person, all such bids may be rejected; and no person shall be received as a contractor who is not a manufacturer of or regular dealer in the articles which he offers to supply, who has not a license as such manufacturer or dealer. And all persons offering bids shall have the right to be present when the bids are opened and inspect the same. [Approved March 3, 1863.]

The following are the classes required at the respective Navy Yards:

KITTERY.

Class No. 1, White Oak Logs; 3, White Oak Promiscuous Timber; 4, White Oak Plank; 10, White Pine Mast Timber; 11, White Pine Plank and Boards; 12, White Pine Deck Plank and Stage Plank; 13, Ash Logs and Plank; 14, Ash Oars; 15, Hickory Butts; 16, Black Walnut and Cherry; 17, Cypress and Cedar; 18, Locust; 19, White Oak Staves and Heading; 20, Black Spruce; 21, Locust Treenails; 23, Lignumvitae; 26, Iron, Round, Flat and Square; 26, Steel; 27, Iron Spikes; 28, Iron Nails, Wrought and Cut; 30, Lead; 31, Tin and Zinc; 33, Hardware; 34, Tools for Stores; 36, White Lead; 37, Zinc Paints; 38, Colored Paints, Dryers; 39, Turpentine, Varnish; 40, Linseed Oil; 41, Glass; 42, Pitch, Rosin, Tar; 44, Fish Oil; 45, Tallow, Soap; 47, Ship Chandlery.

CHARLESTOWN.

Class No. 1, White Oak Logs; 2, White Oak Keel Pieces; 3, White Oak Promiscuous Timber; 4, White Oak Plank; 6, Yellow Pine Logs; 10, White Pine Mast and Spar Timber; 11, White Pine Logs, Plank and Boards; 12, White Pine Deck and Stage Plank; 13, Ash Logs and Plank; 14, Ash Oars; 16, Black Walnut, Mahogany and Cherry; 18, Locust; 19, White Oak Staves and Heading; 20, Black Spruce; 21, Locust Treenails; 23, Lignumvitae; 25, Iron; 26, Steel; 27, Iron Spikes; 28, Iron Nails, wrought and cut; 30, Lead; 31, Zinc, Tin and Solder; 33, Hardware; 34, Tools for Stores, &c.; 36, White Lead; 37, Zinc Paints; 38, Colored Paints; 39, Turpentine and Varnish; 40, Linseed Oil; 41, Glass; 42, Pitch, Rosin and Tar; 44, Whale Oil; 45, Tallow, Soap and Sweet Oil; 47, Ship Chandlery.

BROOKLYN.

Class No. 1, White Oak Logs; 2, White Oak Keel Pieces; 3, White Oak Promiscuous Timber; 4, White Oak Plank; 5, White Chestnut; 6, Yellow Pine Plank Stock Logs; 7, Yellow Pine Beams; 8, Yellow Pine Mast and Spar Timber; 9, White Oak Knees; 10, White Pine Mast Timber; 11, White Pine; 12, White Oak Boards and Plank; 13, Ash Logs and Plank; 14, Ash Oars; 15, Hickory Butts and Handspikes; 16, Black Walnut, Cherry; 17, Cypress; 18, Locust; 19, White Oak Staves and Heading; 20, Black Spruce; 21, Cedar; 22, Mahogany; 23, Lignumvitae; 24, Hackmatac Ship Knees; 25, Iron, Round, Flat and Square; 26, Steel; 27, Iron Spikes; 28, Iron Nails, wrought, cut; 30, Lead; 31, Zinc, Tin; 33, Hardware; 34, Tools for Stores; 36, White Lead; 37, Zinc Paints; 38, Colored Paints, Dryers; 39, Turpentine, Varnish; 40, Linseed Oil; 41, Glass; 42, Pitch, Rosin; 44, Fish Oil; 45, Tallow, Soap, Sweet Oil; 46, Dry Goods; 47, Ship Chandlery; 48, Patented Articles.

PHILADELPHIA.

Class No. 1, White Oak Logs; No. 2, White Oak Keel Pieces; No. 3, White Oak Promiscuous Timber; No. 4, White Oak Plank; No. 6, Yellow Pine Plank Stock Logs; No. 7, Yellow Pine Beams; No. 8, Yellow Pine Mast and Spar Timber; No. 10, White Pine Mast and Spar Timber; No. 11, White Pine Plank and Boards; No. 12, White Pine Deck Plank and Stage Plank; No. 13, Ash Logs and Plank; No. 14, Ash Oars; No. 15, Hickory Butts and Handspikes; No. 16, Black Walnut, Cherry, Mahogany; No. 17, Cypress and Cedar; No. 18, Locust; No. 19, White Oak Staves and Heading; No. 20, Black Spruce; No. 21, Locust Treenails; No. 23, Lignumvitae; No. 25, Iron, round, flat and square; No. 26, Steel; No. 27, Iron Spikes; No. 28, Iron Nails, wrought and cut; No. 30, Lead; No. 31, Zinc, Tin and Solder; No. 33, Hardware; No. 34, Tools for stores; No. 36, White Lead; No. 37, Zinc Paints; No. 38, Colored Paints, Dryers; No. 39, Turpentine, Varnish; No. 40, Linseed Oil; No. 41, Glass; No. 42, Pitch, Rosin, Tar; No. 44, Fish Oil; No. 45, Tallow, Soap, Sweet Oil; No. 47, Ship Chandlery.

WASHINGTON.

Class No. 1, White Oak Logs; 6, Yellow Pine Plank Stock Logs; 9, White Oak Keel Pieces; 10, Spruce Pine Spars; 11, White Pine Logs and Plank; 13, Ash Plank; 14, Ash Oars; 15, Hickory Bars; 16, Black Walnut; 17, Cypress; 18, Locust Butts; 22, Repair; 25, Iron, round, flat and square; 26, Steel; 27, Iron Spikes; 28, Iron Nails; 29, Pig Iron; 30, Lead; 31, Zinc, Tin and Solder; 33, Hardware; 34, Tools for Stores; 35, Brushes; 36, White Lead; 37, Zinc Paint; 38, Colored Paints; 39, Turpentine and Varnish; 40, Linseed Oil; 41, Glass; 42, Oakum; 43, Pitch, Tar and Rosin; 44, Fish Oil; 45, Tallow, Soap and Sweet Oil; 47, Ship Chandlery; 52, Ingot Copper; 53, Tank Iron; 54, Poles; 55, Bellows.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER, No. 237 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INCLOSED in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until Thursday, June 4, 1863, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Regulating and grading Sixty-first-street, between the Ninth and Tenth avenues, where not already done.

Regulating the sidewalks and setting and resetting curb and gutter stone in West-street, between Hammond and Gansevoort streets, and the intersecting cross streets between Washington and Wests streets, where required.

Setting curb and gutter stone in Fifty-seventh-street between Third and Fourth avenues, on the north side; and

Flagging a space four feet wide through the sidewalks of the same, where not already done.

Setting curb and gutter stone in Fifty-ninth-street, between First and Second avenues,

And flagging a space four feet wide through the sidewalks of the same, where the same is not already done.

Setting and resetting curb and gutter stone in Fifty-fifth-street, between Lexington and Third avenues,

And for flagging and reflagging the sidewalks four feet wide, where not already done.

Setting curb and gutter stone in Sixty-first-street, between Second-avenue and Avenue A.

And flagging a space four feet wide through the sidewalks of the same, where not already done.

Setting and resetting curb and gutter stone in Eighty-fourth-street, from the Third to the Fourth-avenue.

And flagging a space four feet wide through the sidewalks of the same, where not already done.

Also for

Rebuilding and extending Pier number Thirty (30) North River.

Rebuilding and extending Pier number Thirty-one (31) North River.

CHAS. G. CORNELL, Street Commissioner.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.

Dated Street Department, New-York, May 21, 1863.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON CITY, March 19, 1863.

OWNERS OF STEAM VESSELS ARE INVITED to send to the Quartermaster-General's Office tenders for their charter or sale.

Tenders should contain descriptions of the vessels, their dimensions, enrolled or registered tonnage, actual carrying capacity, material, whether coppered, whether sidewheel or propellers, whether iron or copper fastened, size and power of engines and boilers; and should state the price at which they are offered, for long or short charter, with the estimated value of the vessel in case of loss, or in case the Government should prefer to purchase instead of chartering.

Owners of steam vessels already in the service of the Quartermaster's Department are requested to make known to the Department any reduction in their present rates which they may be willing to grant, and also the price at which they will be willing to sell them.

All such tenders should be addressed to the Quartermaster-General of the United States at Washington, and should be indorsed,

"Proposals for charter or sale of steamers."

When received they will be considered, and the Department will endeavor to reduce the heavy expense attending army transportation, upon the ocean and tide-waters, by substituting, wherever it can do so, cheaper vessels of equal capacity for those now employed.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, May 25, 1863.

TO IRON-FOUNDERS.—SEALED PROPOSALS, indorsed "Proposals for Cast-Iron Water Pipes," will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. of FRIDAY, June 5, 1863, at which hour the bids will be publicly opened for the supply of

6,000 feet of Cast-Iron Water Pipes, 36 inches in diameter.

5 tons of special Castings for the same.

10,000 feet of Cast-Iron Water Pipes, 12 inches in diameter.

25,000 feet of Cast-Iron Water Pipes, 6 inches in diameter.

Amount of security required is: For the 36 inch pipes and special castings, ten thousand dollars; and for the 12 and 6 inch pipes, five thousand dollars.

Specifications for the same, and form of agreement to be entered into, can be obtained on application at this office.

THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, June 2, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 2 o'clock P. M., on THURSDAY NEXT, for the following articles of lumber, viz.:

18,000 feet 3¼-inch Spruce Plank, in pieces 30 feet long and 1 foot wide.
1,067 pieces 3x4 Hemlock Joist, 13 feet long.
437 pieces 4x6 Hemlock Joist, 12 feet long.
100,000 feet merchantable Pine Boards.
10,000 feet 1¼-inch Floor Plank, worked.
100,000 feet merchantable Pine Boards, planed.
7,000 feet Ceiling Boards, planed, tongued and grooved.
30,000 Sawed Laths.

All of the above lumber to be of good merchantable quality, and to be delivered on some wharf at which there is a good depth of water.

Persons offering to supply the above articles will please state the lowest price for each article, and indorse their communications "Proposals for Lumber."

STEWART VAN VLIET, Major and Quartermaster.

OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR, NEW-YORK, N. Y., 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M., on MONDAY the 1st day of June next, for raising, replacing and keeping in their proper positions, all the buoys now in the Fire Island Inlet, and such others as may be authorized, for one year, from the first day of July next to the succeeding 30th day of June, according to the regulations of the Light-house Board and the printed specifications, copies of which can be had by applying to this Office.

By order of the Light-house Board.
L. M. POWELL, Light-house Inspector, Third District.

OFFICE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, U. S. A., No. 171 STATE-STREET, ALBANY, N. Y., June 1, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 1 o'clock P. M., WEDNESDAY, June 10, for furnishing the Government twenty (20) cavalry horses, to be delivered at Albany or Plattsburgh, N. Y., and to be from five to eight years old, from fifteen to sixteen hands high, broken to the saddle and free from all defects. All horses presented will be subjected to a rigid inspection, and any failing to fill these conditions, rejected. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids.

GEO. H. WEEKS, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS will meet every day, until further notice, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee, are respectfully invited to attend.

Alderman TERENCE FARLEY
Alderman PETER MITCHELL,
Alderman JOHN T. HENRY,
Alderman F. I. A. BOOLE,
Alderman JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Councilman WM. JOYCE,
Councilman SAMUEL WEBSTER,
Councilman JOHN McCONNELL,
Councilman ALEX. BRANDON,
Councilman JOHN G. HAVILAND.

THE COMMITTEE ON POLICE OF THE Board of Aldermen, will meet every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock, P. M., in Room No. 8, City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.

PETER MASTERSON, GEO. A. JEREMIAH, CHAS. H. HALL, } Committee on Police.

THE COMMITTEE ON ASSESSMENTS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on THURSDAY, the 4th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room 8 City Hall. All persons interested in any papers before the Committee are invited to attend.

CHARLES RILEY, PATRICK RUSSELL, WILLIAM JOYCE. } Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS of the Board of Councilmen, will meet on THURSDAY, the 4th inst., at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 8, City Hall.

WM. JOYCE, SAM'L T. WEBSTER, JOHN McCONNELL, ALEXANDER BRANDON, JOHN G. HAVILAND } Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen will meet every SATURDAY, at two o'clock, in the City Library Room, City Hall.

JOHN McCOOL, PETER MITCHELL, LEWIS R. RYERS, Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH of the Board of Aldermen will meet in Room number twelve, City Hall, on TUESDAY of each week, at two o'clock P. M., until further notice. All persons interested in papers awaiting the action of the Committee are requested to attend.

TERENCE FARLEY, JACOB M. LONG, JOHN D. OTTIWELL, Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS, of the Board of Aldermen, will meet every TUESDAY, in Room No. 7 City Hall, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of considering all papers referred to such Committee. All parties interested will please attend without further notice.

PETER MASTERSON, JOHN FOX, LEWIS R. RYERS. } Committee on Public Buildings.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every FRIDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number twelve, City Hall. All persons interested in matters pending the action of the Committee are invited to attend.

TERENCE FARLEY, JACOB M. LONG, PETER MASTERSON, Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON SEWERS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number eight, City Hall. Parties interested in any matter before the Committee will have an opportunity of being heard.

GEO. A. JEREMIAH, TERENCE FARLEY, CHARLES H. HALL, Committee on Sewers.

CAUTION.—JOHN F. LARKHAM IS NO LONGER authorized to collect accounts or transact business for the undersigned.

NORTON & ARNOLD, No. [illegible]
NEW-YORK, June 1, 1863.

MEDICAL.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED!

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, (75th edition, 400 pages, nearly 200 Anatomical Illustrations,) upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary Loss of Semen, Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Genito-Urinary diseases and their consequences, the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female; latest researches in physiology, European hospital practice, quacks, their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. Mailed free for $1, closely sealed.

All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copabia, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase this original work, of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st.; S. TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.; LANDON, No. 88 Lake-st., Chicago; or consult the Doctor, No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. WITFIELD'S VEGETABLE PILLS are infallible in all cases of piles, no matter how bad the case may be. References will be given to numerous ladies and gentlemen who have been cured by their use. Sold at all druggists, 50 cents per box, and at DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., Medicine Warehouse, No. 202 Broadway. J. YOUNG, Sole Proprietor, No. 481 Broadway.

DR. JEFFRIE'S ANTIDOTE AND KING'S ROSE INJECTION, will positively cure certain diseases of the sexual organs. Circulars free on application. THOMAS STARR, sole Agent. Office No. 143 Fulton-st.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by Dr. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the Hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhoea or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., the only place. Call, send or write.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhea, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. N. B.—Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

DRS. TRALL & JACKSON'S "PATHOLOGY OF THE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS."—"This is really a scientific work of great practical value. All other works on the subjects discussed in this volume, that have fallen under our observation, are addressed mainly to a prurient taste, and are positively pernicious."—*Chicago Tribune.* "This volume is full of scientific information of incalculable benefit in the cure of disease."—*New-Bedford Mercury.* "It is unquestionably the most complete, the most sensible and the most valuable work of its kind yet published."—*The New-Yorker.* "It offers judicious advice to suffering humanity, which will save thousands from complicating their afflictions by resorting to quack doctors and empirical treatment."—*Boston Journal.* "It is the only work in existence containing directions which will positively cure that distressing disease termed spermatorrhea, and other sexual diseases which cause so much misery to the human family."—*Boston Express.* Price $4. Sold in New-York by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH IS RESTORED in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

DR. CORBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weakness, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. COOPER, NO 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified physician and surgeon, and a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New-York. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 100th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the unmarried or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Procured of Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. Beware of bogus Dr. Hunters. The City is full of knaves, up to every trick to rob him of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. He has no other office but No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1834. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., New-York.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

SULPHUR AND VAPOR BATHS—ESTABlished in 1838.—The only genuine baths in the United States, at No. 1 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st., corner of Laurens, for cure of rheumatism, mercurial affections, &c. Given daily by Dr. A. L. TIMOLAT & CO.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. That is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it; and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $5 a vial and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 13 three-cent stamps, 300 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR, NO. 19 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK, May 1, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M. on MONDAY, the 1st day of June next, for raising, replacing and keeping in their proper positions, all the buoys now in the Hudson River, between New-York and Troy, and such others as may be authorized, for one year, from the 1st day of July next to the succeeding 30th day of June, according to the regulations of the Light-house Board and the printed specifications, copies of which can be had by applying to this office. By order of the Light-house Board. L. M. POWELL, Light-house Inspector, Third District.

SHIPPING

THE CUNARD LINE.

SCREW STEAMERS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company will dispatch the following first-class full powered screw steamers

FROM NEW-YORK:
SIDON....WEDNESDAY....10th June.
OLYMPUS....WEDNESDAY....24th June.
KEDAR....WEDNESDAY....8th July.
And every alternate WEDNESDAY.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, and carry experienced surgeons.

Rates of passage to Queenstown or Liverpool:
Cabin....$80 00
Steerage....32 50

Rates of passage from Queenstown or Liverpool: Steerage, 6 Guineas, or $30.

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

For steerage passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 40 Fulton-st.

For freight and cabin passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CHINA, ANDERSON, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 3.
ASIA, SHANNON, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 10.
PERSIA, LOTT, leaves New-York, Wed'y, June 17.
AFRICA, STONE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 24.
SCOTIA, JUDKINS, leaves New-York, Wed'y, July 1.
CANADA, MUIR, leaves Boston, Wednesday, July 8.
CHINA, ANDERSON, leaves New-York, Wed'y, July 15.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage....80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage....65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

THE STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN, WALTER PATON, Commander. Will be dispatched

FROM LIVERPOOL.	FROM NEW-YORK.
SATURDAY, May 16.	SATURDAY, June 6.
TUESDAY, June 30.	TUESDAY, July 21.

And at regular intervals thereafter.
FIRST CABIN, from....$95 to $135
SECOND CABIN....$70
EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, in the First and Second Cabins only, a fare and a-half.
Servants accompanying passengers, and children under twelve years of age, half fare. Infants free.
THIRD CABIN....$50
STEERAGE, (with superior accommodations,)....$30

All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States Currency.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

For passage, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, At the office No. 26 Broadway.

For freight, apply to HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents, No. 54 South-st.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer HIBERNIAN, Capt. GRANGE, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Quebec next SATURDAY, June 6.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $67 and $72. Steerage, found with good provisions, $33 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York. SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship GEORGE CROMWELL, Capt. JNO. A. POST, carrying the regular United States mails, will leave Pier No. 5, North River, as above, on SATURDAY, June 6, at 3 P. M.

No freight received nor bills of lading signed after Friday. For passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, or freight, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.

CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA ON SATURDAY, June 13, AT NOON.

The steamer AMERICA will sail as above, Connecting with the steamer MOSES TAYLOR.

For passage, apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on

SATURDAY, 23D MAY. SATURDAY, 20TH JUNE.

Passage money to Nassau, $45.
Passage money to Havana, $50.
Payable in Gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.

The steamboat TRAVELER will be at Pier No. 14, at foot of Cedar-st., North River, at 7, and sail at 8 o'clock precisely on SATURDAY MORNING, the 6th inst., with the passengers and their baggage intended for the Great Eastern's present trip to Liverpool.

None but passengers allowed on board.

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

ETNA....Saturday....June 6
EDINBURGH....Saturday....June 13
CITY OF MANCHESTER. Saturday....June 20

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency.

First cabin	$80	Steerage	$32 50
First cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	35 50
First cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40 50
First cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37 50

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40; from Queenstown, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CHINA FOR LIVERPOOL.—The CHINA, JAMES ANDERSON, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY NEXT, June 3. A steamboat will ply between the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, and the CHINA from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board. None but passengers can be taken on board. The PERSIA will sail June 17. E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—THE NEW-York Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamer MORNING STAR, A. D. PERKINS, Commander, will sail for New-Orleans with passengers and mails, from Pier 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, June 13, at 3 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 161 Broadway.

NOTICE.—THE STEAMER SHELDRAKE, FROM Havana, will commence to discharge, under general order, at Pier No. 14 North River, at 12 o'clock, TUESDAY, June 2. Consignees will please send in their permits to No. 26 Broadway immediately. HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

TAPSCOTT'S OLD-ESTABLISHED PASSAGE OFFICE—No. 86 South-st., New-York.—Persons wishing to send for their friends or remit money to all parts of England and Ireland, should apply to TAPSCOTT BROS. & CO., No. 86 South-st., New-York.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS FROM the Department of State furnished by A. C. WILMARTH, United States Court buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st., room No. 22.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce naturalization certificates.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSIONS—TO CHARTER FOR EXCURsions on Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays of each week, the large and commodious steamer RIP VAN WINKLE, with saloons and state-rooms, with or without barges and groves. Apply to N. & E. MYERS & CO., on board barges, between Vestry and Laight-sts.

EXCURSIONS TO CONEY ISLAND.—THE cars of the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company run every six minutes from Fulton and Catharine Ferries, Brooklyn, connecting at City Line with cars for Greenfield, Gravesend, Sheep's Head Bay and Coney Island. W. E. C. COXE, Supt. BROOKLYN, May 26, 1863.

TO LET—FOR EXCURSIONS, ON REASONABLE terms, barges MAYFLOWER and CLEVELAND, also, Dudley's Grove, near Hastings, and Newark Bay Grove, at Saltersville. Apply to N. & E. MYERS & CO., on board barges, at bulkhead between Vestry and Laight sts.

EXCURSIONS.—STEAMBOATS AND BARGES to let, for excursions, to Sunday schools, societies, &c. Groves secured if desired. Apply to E. T. WILSON, No. 120 Wall-st., corner of South, up stairs.

FURNITURE.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 365 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

SCHOOL FURNITURE IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. Lecture-room and Sunday school settees, &c. Manufactured by ROBERT PATON, No. 24 Grove-st., near Bleecker.

SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE.—300 PACKAGES of five gallons each. For sale in quantities to suit. DIETZ & CO., No. 132 William-st.

STEAMBOATS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM NEW-YORK TO GLEN COVE, GLENWOOD, ROSLYN, MOTT'S DOCK, SANDS' POINT, GREAT NECK, WHITESTONE AND BAYLES DOCK.

The new, elegant and fast-sailing steamer T. V. ARROWSMITH, Capt. CHARLES PECK, on and after SATURDAY, May 30, 1863, will leave as follows:

Roslyn	6.30 A. M.	Sands' Point	7.25 A. M.
Glenwood	6.35 A. M.	Great Neck	7.35 A. M.
Mott's Dock, (discontinued in the morning for present.)		Bayles Dock	7.50 A. M.
Glen Cove	7.10 A. M.	Whitestone	8.15 A. M.

RETURNING,

Will leave New-York from Peck-slip, Pier No. 24 East River, for the above-named landings EVERY AFTERNOON, (Sundays excepted,) at 4.15 P. M.

The above steamer will, about the 24th of June next, make two trips each day from New-York to Glen Cove and the intermediate landings. No freight will be taken on the morning and evening trips, except to the landings beyond Glen Cove.

THE PAVILION HOTEL AT GLEN COVE is located at the landing of the above steamer, and is now open for the reception of transient and permanent boarders. WM. H. WEEKS, Superintendent of Hotel.

FOR SHREWSBURY, SANDY HOOK, HIGHlands, Port Washington, Mount's & Brown's Docks, Fair Haven and Red Bank. On MONDAY, June 1, and every succeeding day, (Sundays excepted,) the steamer HELEN will leave Robinson-st., Pier at 8 A. M.; returning, will leave Red Bank at 2½ P. M. SUNDAY TRIPS.—On SUNDAY, May 31, and every succeeding Sunday, she will leave New-York, (same Pier,) at 7½ A. M. Returning, will leave Red Bank at 3 P. M., making the usual landings. The LAURA will connect for Pleasure Bay, Long Branch and Branchport.

FOR ORIENT, GREENPORT, SOUTHOLD, SAG HARBOR, &c.—Three trips per week. The steamer DONALDSON, Capt. W. S. HAVENS, having been thoroughly rebuilt and put in order, will, for the present, leave Pier No. 23 East River, (James-slip,) on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 5 o'clock. Returning, leave Sag Harbor MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOONS, at 4 o'clock. For freight or passage apply on board, or of A. J. RICHARDSON, No. 180 Fulton-st.

FOR NORWALK—DAILY LINE.—STEAMER MONTPELIER leaves Fulton Market-slip at 2:45 P. M., arriving at Norwalk in time to connect with all stations on the Danbury and Norwalk Railroad, and with the New-York and New-Haven Railroad for Westport, Southport, Fairfield and Bridgeport; also, with stages for Wilton, New-Canaan, &c., &c. Baggage conveyed to the depots free. Fare 50 cents.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, MERIDEN AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamboat and Railroad Connection. The CONTINENTAL leaves Peck-slip, East River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 3:15 P. M. The Steamboat Train leaves the wharf at New-Haven on the arrival of the boat for all way stations. NIGHT LINE.—The ELM CITY leaves for New-Haven at 11 o'clock.

FOR BRIDGEPORT—DAILY LINE.—THE steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 26 East River, daily, at 12 o'clock noon. Freight taken all day. Arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Naugatuck, New-Haven and Hartford Railroads. Also, the Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London.

FOR NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, RONDOUT AND KINGSTON.—Steamer MARY POWELL leaves foot of Jay-st. EVERY AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—THE AURORA leaves Jay-st. Pier every morning, without exception, at 8 o'clock, touching at 30th-st. and all the intermediate landings.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD—Trains will leave 26th-st. depot—For Albany—10:30 A. M., stopping at Williamsbridge, White Plains, Bedford, Croton Falls and stations north to Albany, connecting with the Central and Northern Railroad for Saratoga and all points northwest. For Croton Falls, 6:15 A. M., for White Plains, 6:35 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:10, and 5:15 P. M., and 6:15 P. M. from White-st. depot. For Williamsbridge, 8:15, 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:10, 5, 6:15 P. M. Croton Falls, White Plains and Williamsbridge trains stop at all stations. For Dover Plains, 4 P. M., stopping at White Plains and stations north to Dover. Returning, leave Albany at 9:10 A. M., on arrival of Northern and Western trains, stopping at all stations from Chatham to Croton Falls, also Bedford, White Plains and Williamsbridge; Dover Plains, 5:45 A. M., stopping at all stations north of and at White Plains; Croton Falls, 5 P. M., White Plains, 6:10, 7, 9:30 A. M., 4:15 P. M., Williamsbridge, 6:30 A. M. Croton Falls, White Plains and Williamsbridge trains stop at all stations. Sunday Excursion Trains at half Fare. On and after Sunday, May 31, 1863—For Croton Falls, 8:15 A. M., stopping at all stations except Yorkville; for Williams Bridge, 9:15, 11:30 A. M., 2 and 4:30 P. M., stopping at all stations; for White Plains, 6:00 P. M., stopping at all stations. Returning, leave White Plains, 6:10 A. M., stopping at all stations; Williamsbridge, 8:42, 10:30 A. M., 12:40, 3:10, 5:40 P. M., stopping at all stations; Croton Falls, 5:00 P. M., stopping at all stations except Yorkville. JOHN BURCHILL, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:25, 10:27 A. M., and 3:27 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:20 P. M.	10:37 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the house to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS: 7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo. 8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville. 10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo. 4 P. M.—Way, for Otisville, Newburgh and Warwick. 6 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk. 7 P. M.—Emigrant. CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, Feb. 2, the fast and favorite steamer J. D. BEERS, late JESSE HOYT, will leave New-York, foot of Murray-st., at 6 A. M., (freight and accommodation line until further notice,) for Long Branch, Manchester and Atsion, there connecting with the Camden and Atlantic Railroad, to Camden and other points on that road; at 4 15 P. M., for Long Branch, Red Bank, Manchester and intermediate stations.

NORTHERN R.R. OF N. JERSEY.—TRAINS leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8:00 A. M., 9:15 A. M. 1:15 P. M., 4:20 P. M., and 6:25 P. M. Saturdays only, 11:15 P. M.; for Monsey, 1:15 P. M., and 4:20 P. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT ROOMS TO LET, with board, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; family private; No. 23 West 33d-st.; references required.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR TRANSIENT families and single gentlemen, at No. 42 Clinton-place, corner University-place; $1 50 per day. CHARLES LEFLER, Proprietor.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—IN THE VIcinity of Orange or of Elizabeth City, within an hour of New-York, for a gentleman, wife, three small children and servant. Must have two large airy rooms that connect. The house must be well shaded, in a pleasant location, and where there are no other boarders. The fare must be first-rate and plenty. For such accommodations and fare a liberal price will be paid. Address Box No. 4,131 Post-office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FROM FOUR TO SIX adults can be accommodated with board for the season, at Fairfield, Conn., in a strictly private family, where there are no children. The location is perfectly healthy, very pleasant and shady, and within five minutes' walk of the depot. Sea bathing convenient. Unexceptionable City references given. Address G., Box No. 112 Times Office.

COUNTRY BOARD—ON THE LINE OF THE Harlem Railroad, one mile from Bedford Station. A large family can be accommodated. For further information, apply to JAMES H. WARNER, at the dry goods store No. 136 Chambers-st., New-York.

BOARD WANTED IN THE COUNTRY—For a family of five grown persons, from the 1st of July for the season, in a private family, or where there is one other family; must be near the City, within one or two hours' ride or sail. Address, for three days, stating location, particulars and terms per calendar month, W. H. S., Box No. 146 Times Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—ON THE Hudson River, within 25 miles of the City, for a family of three adults, two children and servant; where there are no other boarders preferred. Address, with full particulars and terms, W., Box No. 377 Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENtleman, wife, three children and nurse; must be within a short distance from the City, near salt water preferred. Address with terms and description, M., Box No. 2,248 New-York Post-office.

HOTELS.

BELLEVUE HOUSE, NEWPORT, R. I.

This house will open on TUESDAY, June 16. Applications may be made at No. 140 5th-av., or at the Bellevue, Newport. PUTNAM & FLETCHER.

LAUREL HOUSE, AT CAUTERSKILL Falls, on the Catskill Mountain, one and a half mile west of the Mountain House, will be open to visitors on the 1st of June. All the appointments of the house and surroundings having been put in perfect order, the proprietor would invite his friends and the public to renew their visits. Carriages will be in attendance at Catskill Landing on the arrival of the boats and cars to convey passengers directly to the house. Those wishing to secure rooms can do so by addressing the proprietor, J. L. SCHUTT, Catskill, Greene County, N. Y.

GILEAD HOUSE.—THIS NEW HOUSE, pleasantly located on Lake Gilead, is now open for the accommodation of boarders; it is situated near Carmel, Putnam County, N. Y., on the Harlem Railroad; stage leaves Croton Falls and Brewster's Stations from the trains leaving 26th-st. and 4th-av., at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. For board, address immediately J. G. MILLER, Box No. 45 Carmel Post-office, New-York.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings—Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ABRAHAM TERHUNE, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber—the executor—at his place of business, No. 4 Ann-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of June next.—Dated Dec. 15, 1862. JOHN J. GLOVER, Executor.

AMUSEMENTS.

HOPE CHAPEL, NO. 720 BROADWAY.

DUFLOCQ'S HOLY LAND, comprising seventy scenes of the most interesting places of THE BIBLE LAND, printed upon over 12,000 square feet of canvas, by that greatest of scenic limners, Mons. LOUIS DUFLOCQ, of Paris.

EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 3½.

The entertainment closes with a GRAND FESTIVE ILLUMINATION of that noblest piece of architecture ever produced by man, ST. PETER'S CHURCH AT ROME.

IRVING HALL.

THE GRAND NATIONAL BILLIARD TOURNAMENT FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP OF AMERICA.

On WEDNESDAY, June 3.

AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock; terminating at about 5 o'clock.
First—DEERY against FOX.
Second—SEEREITER against GOLDTHWAIT.
EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
KAVANAGH against ESTEPHE.
FOX against FOLEY.

At the afternoon exhibitions LADIES, accompanied by gentlemen, are admitted without extra charge.

TICKETS 50 CENTS.

For sale at the principal billiard rooms and at the door.

THEATRE FRANCAIS. NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON. FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1863.

POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT—CLOSING OF THE SEASON, And Farewell Performance of the Company.

First time of LE FILS DE GIBOYER.

Comedie in five acts and in prose, by M. Emile Augier, of the Academy Francaise.

Doors open at 7¼, curtain will be raised at 8 o'clock. Office for subscriptions and reserved seats at H. DARDONVILLE, No. 523 Broadway.

WINTER GARDEN—DEBORAH.

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS.
CATHARINE SELDEN AS DEBORAH
Next THURSDAY, at 1 and at 8.
Seats for either performance secured to-day.
IL TROVATORE, WITH VESTVALI, TO-NIGHT.

ON EXHIBITION.

LAST WEEK OF E. GIGNOUX'S CELEBRATED PICTURE, "THE ALPS BY SUNRISE," At Goupil's Gallery, No. 772 Broadway, corner 9th-st., from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

THE NATIVITY.—ON EXHIBITION, AT NO. 627 Broadway, a painting by Havemeyer, representing the Magi, Annunciation, Superhuman Ideal, Moses, Daniel, Isaiah, Micah, Crucifixion and Resurrection. Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

MATRIMONIAL.

MADAME DE CORA'S MATRIMONIAL AGENCY—No. 85 West 36th-st.—Conducted on the Parisian plan of introducing ladies and gentlemen of the highest respectability, with a view to matrimony, enabling those whose circle of acquaintance is limited to obtain partners for life without the delay of a tedious courtship. All business confidential. Hours 10 A. M. to 10 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted.

A GENTLEMAN OCCUPYING A FIRST-class position in society desires to correspond with a lady with a view to matrimony. Ladies over 20 years of age, or who possess disagreeable tempers, will please not reply; others wishing to favor the candidate may address CLEMENT, Box 142 Times Office, New-York.

A LADY, AGED 17, HIGHLY EDUCATED, called pretty, solicits the acquaintance of a gentleman of means, with a view to matrimony. Address LILLY BELLMONT, care of Mme. De Cora, Matrimonial Agency, No. 85 West 36th-st., or call in person.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

COPARTNERSHIP.

No. 4 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, May 1, 1863.

The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of ELLIOTT & CO. They offer their services in the management of estates, in the investment of money, in the purchase and sale of real estate, stocks, bonds, mortgages, notes, and every class of fiscal securities. They propose to do a general commission business in every class of property bought and sold on commission.

HENRY H. ELLIOTT,
HENRY H. ELLIOTT, Jr.

CERTIFICATE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—This is to certify, that we whose names are severally undersigned, are desirous of forming a limited partnership, and

First—That the name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted, is JEROME, KELLOGG & COMPANY.

Second—That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted by such partnership is the buying and selling Corporate, State and Government Securities.

Third—That the names of all the general and special partners in the said Copartnership are as follows: Addison G. Jerome, Senior; John Kellogg, Addison G. Jerome, Junior; John A. Condit, Henry Fitch, and George W. VerValin. That the said John Kellogg, Addison G. Jerome, Junior, John A. Condit, and George W. VerValin, all of whose places of residence is in the City, County and State of New-York, and Henry Fitch, whose residence is in the town of Bergen, County of Hudson, and State of New-Jersey, are general partners, and that the said Addison G. Jerome, Senior, whose place of residence is in the City of New-York, aforesaid, is a special partner.

Fourth—That the amount of capital which the said special partner has contributed to the common stock of the said partnership, is one hundred thousand dollars.

Fifth—That the period at which the said partnership is to commence, is the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the period at which said partnership is to terminate is the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

As witness, our hands this twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Signed, JOHN KELLOGG, ADDISON G. JEROME, Junior, JOHN A. CONDIT, HENRY FITCH, GEORGE W. VERVALIN, General Partners.
ADDISON G. JEROME, Senior, Special Partner.

MR. THEO. T. MORAN THIS DAY RETIRES from the firm of MORAN BROTHERS. NEW-YORK, 1st June, 1863.

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of transacting a Banking and Stock Commission business, under the firm of MORAN, CRANE & CO., at No. 50 William-st., for the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Bonds, Stocks, Gold and Commercial paper.

THEO. T. MORAN, late of the firm of Moran Brothers.
A. G. CRANE, of the firm of Davison & Crane.
WM. R. GOULD, Jr., of the New-York Stock Exchange.
NEW-YORK, 1st June, 1863.

The firm of DAVISON & CRANE continues its business until Aug. 1 next, when, by reason of the death of Mr. John R. Davison, it will expire by its own limitation.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the subscribers under the name and firm of WELLS & PROVOST, is, by mutual consent, this day dissolved. STEPHEN H. PROVOST will sign the name of the old firm in liquidation and settlement of all matters connected therewith, and will continue the Pickle, Preserve and Vinegar business in his own name at Nos. 215 and 217 Front-st.

JOHN B. WELLS, STEPHEN H. PROVOST.
NEW-YORK, May 30, 1863.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF WOTHERSPOON, KINGSFORD & CO., having been dissolved by the retirement of Mr. John J. Kingsford, the business will be continued by the remaining partners, under the firm of WOTHERSPOON & CO.

GEORGE WOTHERSPOON, D. A. McTAVISH, D. O. WOTHERSPOON.
MAY 30, 1863.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—THE UNDERsigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm of WATERS & THORP, for the sale of silver plated goods.

NEW-YORK, April 30, 1863. JOSIAH G. WATERS, HENRY B. THORP, No. 21 John-st.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF A. G. JEROME & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign the name of the firm in liquidation. A. G. JEROME, NEW-YORK, June 1, 1863. A. G. JEROME, Jr.

No. 23 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, June 1, 1863.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE FORMED A copartnership, under the name of WIGHAM & UNDERHILL, for the transaction of a commission business in stocks, bonds, &c. THOMAS M. WIGHAM, WILLIAM UNDERHILL.

STATIONERY.

YOUR CUSTOM SOLICITED BY FRANCIS & LOUTREL, Stationers, Printers and Bookbinders, No. 45 Maiden-lane. We supply everything in our line at lowest prices.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.—AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. 6 Liberty-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SLOTE & JANES, Stationers, Printers and Blank Book Dealers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

REMOVAL. WOOD BROTHERS, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS, Have removed to Nos. 596 and 598 Broadway, a few doors above Niblo's.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND CALECHE OR Brett, a rockaway coach and rockaway, for sale at WOOD BROTHERS, Carriage Manufacturers, Nos. 596 and 598 Broadway, above Niblo's. Also a fine selection of new carriages of every description.

REV. DR. ADAMS' CHURCH, ON MADISON-AV.—Wanted, to rent or buy, a six-seated pew, well located, in above church. Address Box 2,347 Post-office.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE of that wonderful FAMILY OF LILLIPUTS,
GEN. TOM THUMB,
GEN. TOM THUMB,
HIS BEAUTIFUL LITTLE WIFE,
HIS BEAUTIFUL LITTLE WIFE,
HIS BEAUTIFUL LITTLE WIFE,
the late Miss LAVINIA WARREN,
THE FASCINATING QUEEN OF BEAUTY,
THE FASCINATING QUEEN OF BEAUTY,
And the equally famous
COMMODORE NUTT,
COMMODORE NUTT,
And the
ELFIN MINNIE WARREN,
ELFIN MINNIE WARREN,
ELFIN MINNIE WARREN,
THE FOUR SMALLEST HUMAN BEINGS

And the greatest wonders ever seen on the face of the globe.

ALL FOUR WEIGHING BUT 100 POUNDS.
PERFECT IN FORM AND FEATURES,
INTELLIGENT, BEAUTIFUL AND INTERESTING.

Is it surprising, then, that everybody is rushing to see them? that already the crowd is overwhelming? and that it is still increasing. The public has never seen such A QUARTETTE OF DIMINUTIVE HUMANITY, and will NEVER HAVE ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY, as they leave for Europe as soon as their engagement here closes.

WHO, THEN, CAN FAIL SEEING THEM NOW?

Think of four perfect human beings of mature years and growth, ALL TOGETHER NOT EQUAL TO ONE ordinary person! the whole four WEIGHING LESS THAN 100 POUNDS! which less than an ordinary boy of 16 years!

THEY HOLD THEIR LEVEES
EVERY MORNING, AFTERNOON, AND EVENING.
EVERY MORNING at 11 o'clock.
EVERY MORNING at 11 o'clock.

the whole four appear in the identical WEDDING COSTUMES WEDDING COSTUMES which they wore at GRACE CHURCH, and in which Gen. Tom Thumb and Lavinia Warren were married, Feb. 10, 1863.

They will also appear in various other costumes and characters and remain on exhibition till 12½ o'clock.

THE MORNING EXHIBITION is always the best for LADIES, CHILDREN AND FAMILIES, as it is less crowded and more comfortable.

But, in addition to this, they are also to be seen at VARIOUS HOURS, AFTERNOON and EVENING, at each Dramatic Performance, besides their EXHIBITIONS ON THE PLATFORM, and in the main hall of the Museum.

The GRAND AQUARIA, Learned Seal, Sea-Lion, Monster Bear, Living Anacondas, Wax Figures, and a Million other Wonders from every quarter of the globe.

SPLENDID DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES

EVERY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock, and EVERY EVENING at 7½ o'clock.

FAINT HEART NEVER WON A FAIR LADY. AND COMIC BURLETTA, 'TWAS I, at each.

Admission, 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

WINTER GARDEN—ITALIAN OPERA.

GREAT SUCCESS. GREAT SUCCESS.

MLLE. VESTVALI'S SECOND, AND MOST POSITIVELY LAST APPEARANCE AS AZUCENA IN IL TROVATORE.

THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, June 3,

Verdi's popular opera of IL TROVATORE.

Azucena (her great rôle)....FELICITA VESTVALI
Leonora....Mlle. CAIROLI
Manrico....Signor ERNANI
Count De Luna....Signor MANCUSI
Ferrando....Signor FOSSATI
Men-at-Arms, Knights, Cavaliers, Gypsies, &c.
Conductor....CARL ANSCHUTZ

THE SALE OF SEATS AND TICKETS Commences at the Box-office this morning.

General admission, $1.
NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR RESERVED SEATS.
Family Circle, 50 cents.
Doors open at 7¼. Opera commences at 8 o'clock.
FRIDAY—Third Grand Italian Opera Night, ERNANI.
SATURDAY—Grand Italian Opera Matinée.
THURSDAY, June 4—Deborah of Steinmark.

WALLACK'S.

Begins at 8 o'clock; over before 11.
THIS EVENING (WEDNESDAY,)
Will be acted the 5th time, the popular play of the STRANGER. With NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY.
Correct costumes, (all new,) and an unprecedented cast.

The Stranger....Mr. Lester Wallack
Baron Steinfort....Mr. Charles Fisher
Tobias....Mr. John Gilbert
Solomon....Mr. John Sefton
Francis....Mr. Floyd
Peter....Mr. Young
Count Wintersen....Mr. Reynolds
Mrs. Haller....Mrs. Hoey
Charlotte....Miss Mary Gannon
Countess of Wintersen....Miss Henriques
Annette, with original song....Mrs. Reeves
Claudine....Miss Greene

THURSDAY—SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER, for the last time, in consequence of forthcoming novelties.

FRIDAY—(Fifth time)—THE WIFE. Which increases nightly in attraction.

SATURDAY—(Last time, in consequence of forthcoming novelties)—MARRIED LIFE.

Will be repeated, in rapid succession, "Americans in Paris," "Wild Oats," "Love and Money," "Speed the Plough," "Cure for the Heartache," "The School for Scandal," "The Road to Ruin," "The Fine Old English Gentleman," and "The Secret."

INSTRUCTION.

"AMER. SCHOOL INST.," 1855,

Is a reliable Educational Exchange.
For all who seek well-qualified Teachers;
For representing Teachers who wish Engagements;
For selling and renting School Properties;
For *giving* Parents information of good Schools.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.—Those who expect us to nominate them for vacancies for next School year should make early application. We receive orders for every kind of teacher, but have special call for superior music and French teachers.

Circular explaining plan and terms, and giving first-class educational and business references, sent for stamp.

G. S. WOODMAN & CO., Educational Agents, Irving Building, No. 596 Broadway.

BENJAMIN MASON'S COLLEGIATE AND MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, YONKERS, N. Y.

For making boys intelligent, healthy Christian MEN. Circulars at No. 39 Nassau-st., and No. 574 Broadway.

SEWARD INSTITUTE FOR BOYS.—T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M., Principal.—This institution is located in Florida, Orange County, N. Y., six miles from Goshen and sixty from New-York, via Erie Railroad. Superior advantages offered. Boys of all ages admitted and prepared for business or college. Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of entrance. Institution literally endowed. Number of boarders limited to 25. A few more vacancies to fill. Board and tuition $150 per annum. For catalogue direct as above. Hon. W. H. SEWARD, President.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The Fifty-first Semi-annual Session will commence May 1. For circulars address the Principal, D. S. ROWE, A. M.

FOR SALE—BOARDING SCHOOL, SUITABLE for school, Summer residence or boarding-house, situated in the most healthy and pleasant part of Pennsylvania. Address J. W. SIMONTON, Esq., Harrisburgh, Penn.

TEACHERS.

A GOVERNESS.—A YOUNG PARISIAN LADY desires a situation as governess; Cuba or South America preferred; she is competent to instruct in English, music and French; the highest references given and required. Address A. W., Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

APPLICATIONS FOR TUTORSHIP IN my school during the year commencing September, 1863, will be received during the present month, at No. 214 5th-av., corner 26th-st. GEO. C. ANTHON.

LECTURES.

IRISH RELIEF FUND.

THE LECTURE OF HON. CHAS. P. DALY

On *Famine*, its causes, consequences and teachings, especially with reference to the past and present political condition of Ireland, will take place at Cooper Institute on THURSDAY EVENING, June 4.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Fine Band will be in attendance. Tickets 50 cents.

DANIEL DEVLIN, Chairman Committee of Arrangements.
WM. J. KANE, Secretary.

THE TURF.

THE GREAT TROTTING MATCHES.
FASHION PLEASURE GROUND ASSOCIATION.
ROBERT FILLINGHAM AND ROCKINGHAM
Trot Mile Heats, 3 in 5, in Harness,
ON TUESDAY, JUNE 2, AT 3 P. M.
GEN. BUTLER AND GEORGE M. PATCHEN
Trot Two Miles and Repeat, in Harness,
ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, AT 3 P. M.

N. B.—An efficient Police force has been organized for the prevention, detection and punishment of pickpockets and depredators. The drive to the Fashion, by way of Jackson-avenue, from Hunter's Point, is the most pleasant and beautiful on the Island. Boats from 34th-st. ferry every ten minutes. From James-slip at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., connecting with the cars at Hunter's Point.

JOSEPH GROSHERON, Manager.

TURF.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his numerous friends and patrons that the Red House Pleasure Grounds will be open for the reception of visitors on THURSDAY next, June 4. A. C. VANDEWATER.

FIREWORKS.

DEPOT FOR J. W. HADFIELD'S FIRST-PREMIUM FIREWORKS.—A full assortment of the best quality and at the lowest prices. Dealers are respectfully invited to call. E. FOULDS, No. 30 John-st.

FIREWORKS.—A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF plain and colored fireworks, and of the best quality, for sale by BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 227 Washington-st.

LEFFINGWELL'S PATENT GAS GOVERNOR lessens gas bills 25 to 50 per cent. Attested to by many thousand consumers. Send for a circular. We sell exclusive agencies to parties in the United States. Office No. 108 Nassau-st., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager....Mr. WM. WHEATLEY

INAUGURATION OF THE SUMMER SEASON; THIRD NIGHT of the engagement (since his return from Europe) of the CELEBRATED IRISH COMEDIAN AND VOCALIST, Mr. COLLINS, and production of JOHN BROUGHAM'S grand romantic drama, In three acts and a Prologue, entitled the DUKE'S MOTTO, now being played at the Lyceum Theatre, London, and pronounced the GREATEST EUROPEAN SUCCESS of the season.

MR. WM. WHEATLEY will have the honor of making his third appearance in six months in this CELEBRATED PLAY, which, after MANY MONTHS' PREPARATION and an actual outlay of MANY THOUSAND DOLLARS, will be presented with ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY: by those distinguished artists, Messrs. SELWYN, HAYES, HILLIARD, THORNE and HAWTHORNE.

SPLENDID NEW DRESSES, by Mons. PHILLIPE and assistants.

A Grand CORPS DE BALLET, In new dances, composed and arranged by Sig. RONZANI.

ENTIRELY NEW FURNITURE AND APPOINTMENTS by....Mr. S. WALLIS.

PERFECT MECHANICAL EFFECTS by JOHN FURZE, RUNYON AND DEMILT.

THE ORIGINAL MUSIC under direction of HARVEY B. DODWORTH.

The piece presented from the original models, sketches, etc., brought from England direct, by MR. COLLINS Who has bought the sole right of its production in America.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 3, AND EVERY EVENING, till further notice, will be performed a NEW ROMANTIC DRAMA, In three acts and a Prologue, entitled the DUKE'S MOTTO, BY JOHN BROUGHAM.

CARRICKFERGUS....MR. COLLINS

An Irish soldier of fortune, with the new songs, composed and written expressly for him, entitled THE AMBERTIDE OF USQUEBAUGH, AND WHILE THERE'S LIFE THERE'S HOPE.

Words by JOHN BROUGHAM. Music by H. B. DODWORTH.

Capt. HENRI De LAGARDERE. Mr. WM. WHEATLEY. His first appearance in six months.

Prince de Gonzague....Mr. L. R. Shewell
Hector Peyrolles....Mr. E. Lamb
The Regent Orleans....Mr. J. W. Collier
The Duke de Nevers....Mr. F. Mordaunt
Lemuel (Patriarch of the Zingari)....Mr. J. G. Burnett
Esop (a Hunchback)....Mr. C. Kingsland
Navailles....Mr. J. W. Blaisdell
Chaverny....Mr. Andrews
Hallcome....Mr. Simpson
Bonnerman....Mr. Thompson
Tonio....Mr. Dennison
Hants....Mr. Williams
Carlo....Mr. Rendle
Diego....Mr. Smith
Notary....Mr. Post
De Bulent....Mr. J. Hall
Trumpeter....Miss Spencer
The Duchess Nevers....Mme. Ponisi
Blanche de Nevers....Mrs. J. H. Allen
Zillah (a Zingara)....Mrs. Geo. Jordan
Lords, Ladies, Gipsies, Guards, Attendants, &c., BY NUMEROUS AUXILIARIES.

PROLOGUE.
Scene 1.—Interior of an Inn on the Spanish Frontier.—HILLIARD.
Scene 2.—Exterior of the Inn.—HILLIARD.
Scene 3.—THE FOSSE OF THE CHATEAU DE CAYLUS.—HILLIARD.

Twenty years are supposed to elapse between the Prologue and the FIRST ACT.

Scene 1.—A MOUNTAIN GORGE.—SELWYN & HAYES.
DANCE OF ZINGARI, Composed by SIGNOR RONZANI.
Scene 2.—Interior of the Posada del Torro.—HAWTHORNE.
Scene 3.—THE ORATORY OF THE PRINCESS DE GONZAGUES.—SELWYN & HAYES.
THE FAMILY COUNCIL.

ACT II.
Scene 1.—Apartment in the house of Lagardere.—THORNE.
Scene 2.—Cabinet of the Regent.—THORNE.
Scene 3. Gardens in the Regent's Palace.—HILLIARD.
THE REGENT'S BALL. MINUET QUADRILLE, Composed by SIGNOR RONZANI.

ACT III.
Scene 1. Interior of a Prison.—THORNE.
Scene 2. Apartment in the Palace of the Prince de Gonzagues.—THORNE.
Scene 3. Ante-chamber and Conservatory in the Rue St. Magloire.—HAYES & SELWYN.

During the evening the orchestra, under the direction of HARVEY B. DODWORTH. Will perform choice selections of popular music.

Opening for the Summer season of the BEAUTIFUL GARDEN, redolent with the perfume of rare and beautiful flowers, BRILLIANT with the effulgence of myriads of gas lights, and rendered DELICIOUSLY COOL by the water of the SPARKLING FOUNTAIN.

The large Saloon, in direct communication with the auditorium, so admirably adapted for promenade and refreshment, will be thrown open to the public, and nothing will be found wanting that time, LABOR OR EXPENSE can procure, which will conduce to the comfort of the patrons of this establishment, universally conceded to be the COOLEST THEATRE IN AMERICA.

Seats can be secured THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—WILL CLOSE.—The Thirty-eighth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy will close, at the Galleries, No. 625 Broadway, on Wednesday evening, June 24. T. ADDISON RICHARDS, Corresponding Secretary, N. A.

MUSICAL.

A CARD. WM. B. BRADBURY'S PIANO-FORTE ESTABLISHMENT. No. 427 Broome-st., corner Crosby-st., New-York.

The undersigned hereby announces to his patrons that, with all his increased facilities, he has been unable fully to meet the present unexpectedly large demand for his Piano-fortes. He is now enlarging his factory to twice its former size, and otherwise greatly increasing his manufacturing facilities, by means of which he will soon be in a position to meet promptly all orders for his instruments. Meanwhile, he begs his customers to be patient, assuring them that their orders shall be filled with the utmost possible dispatch, consistent with thorough and perfect workmanship.

Samples of his different styles may be seen, and the tone, for which they have become so celebrated, heard, at his warerooms, No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st., one block east of Broadway. Professors, amateurs, and all lovers of a good piano are cordially invited to call and try them, with or without reference to purchasing. WM. B. BRADBURY.

GREAT TRIUMPH.

STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., N. Y., have been awarded a first-prize medal at the Great International Exhibition, London, "for powerful, clear brilliant and sympathetic tone, with excellent workmanship, as shown in grand and square pianos."

There were 269 pianos from all parts of the world entered for competition; and the special correspondent of the New-York Times says:

"Messrs. Steinway's indorsement by the Jurors is emphatic, and stronger and more to the point than that of any European maker."

RAVEN & BACON, Manufacturers of Grand and Square Piano Fortes, Wareroom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, N. Y. The long experience and the many facilities we possess enable us to produce instruments unsurpassed by any other establishment. Our personal attention is given to the construction, improvement and introduction of all essential changes that may be required to make a perfect piano forte. Purchasers are invited to call and examine our large assortment of pianos which we are now offering on favorable terms. Descriptive circulars sent by mail.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS—The largest assortment in the City can be found at WATERS', No. 481 Broadway, at great bargains; 100 new and second-hand Pianos, Melodeons and Harmoniums to let, rent allowed if purchased, or for sale on monthly payments received for the same. Cash paid for second-hand pianos and melodeons, or taken in exchange for new. Instruments tuned and repaired.

MASON & HAMLIN, SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED CABINET ORGANS, pronounced by artists THE BEST IN THE WORLD. (See written opinions of more than fifty of the most eminent organists of New-York, Boston, &c.) Prices, $70 to $500 each. Also, MELODEONS, $50 to $200. Warerooms, Nos. 5 and 7 Mercer-st., opposite Howard, N. Y. Address MASON BROTHERS.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—First-class, for sale low, to let, or by installments. PELOUBET HARMONIUMS, the nearest approach to an organ, in great variety, $80 to $400. J. M. PELTON, Nos. 841 and 843 Broadway, New-York.

CHAMBERS' COTTAGE SQUARE PIANOS and cottage uprights, for small rooms and country residences, for sale wholesale and retail, 25 per cent cheaper than any other house. Send for a price list. T. M. CHAMBERS, Bible house, 8th-st., corner 4th-av.

NEGRO UNION SONG.—COME BACK, MASSA—COME BACK.—As sung by C. Henry at Wood's Minstrels. Published by WILLIAM HALL & SON, No. 543 Broadway.

FURNISHED ROOM WITH BOARD WANTED.—A German lady, a first-class music teacher, wishes to engage a furnished room, with board, for which lessons will be given in exchange. Superior references given. Address Miss A. R., 48 West 21st-st.

FURS, WOOLENS, CARPETS.—NATURE'S aromatic antidote for moths, the Flour of Red Cedar, 25 cents a package. Each package more efficacious than a cedar trunk. For sale by druggists. Address SHELDON & CO., Box No. 3,125 New-York Post-office.

JUNE 1863

GERMAN INDIGNATION MEETING.

The Eleventh Army Corps Defended.

STRONG RESOLUTIONS.

Speeches by Hugo Wesendonck, Friederich Kapp, Weil von Gernsdorf and Gen. Von Gilsa.

In pursuance of a call which, for several days, had occupied a conspicuous place in the German, and even in some of the English journals of this City, a large mass of our German residents came together, last evening, in the main hall of the Cooper Institute, to protest against the harsh, and, as they deem them, unfeat criticisms applied to the German troops in the Eleventh Corps of the Army of the Potomac, recently repulsed at Chancellorsville.

Shortly after 8 o'clock, in the presence of some 2,000 persons, male and female, the latter forming an inconsiderable contingent, Hugo Wesendonck, Esq., was called to the Chair, and unanimously approved.

Some 154 Vice-Presidents and 27 Secretaries, embracing many names of weight and moment in this community, were nominated and accepted, and Mr. Wesendonck proceeded to open the proceedings of the meeting with some appropriate remarks, touching the constant patriotism and valor of the German troops in the armies of the Union throughout the entire past history of the war. He then entered into an elaborate explanation of the position of the Eleventh army corps when surprised, on the first day of the engagements near Chancellorsville, illustrating his remarks by reference, with the aid of a wand, to a large diagram of Fredericksburgh and Falmouth, the adjacent rivers and roads, and the tactical positions and movements of the respective forces. By this means he very clearly showed that the Eleventh corps was thrown off to an isolated and most perilous position during extreme right of Hooker's line, and when assailed, was attacked simultaneously from three sides at once by an overwhelming force; that it most gallantly maintained its ground, so long as it was either practicable or reasonable to do so, and that the utmost great rout was the inevitable result of the faulty and disordered arrangements of the head commanding General. Moreover, the corps was much more largely composed of other than Germans, and the latter were not mixed with panic, but rallied in solid array, the moment they could extricate themselves from the general mêlée. Hooker, in his time place, for the so [illegible] of the rebel army at Fredericksburgh, had not succeeded on Jackson. He had looked for the attack from a totally different quarter, and when it came as it did, he was utterly bewildered and helpless. To cover up this wretched failure a scapegoat must be found, and the old spirit of natives, still so vigorous, found that scapegoat in the German corps. [Applause.] But it is mistaken if it supposes that the German will tamely submit to such misrepresentation. [Renewed applause.] Mr. Wesendonck then asked what Hooker and his friends were thus selected for, and why the German troops were so unfairly treated. Their services were universally exalted, and their returning regiments were constantly received with overwhelming honors. Now, there were German regiments returning. Did any one hear of grand preparations to greet them? [No! No!], and why? The speaker said the reason in the dislike of the Germans themselves to assert and maintain their just place in the political community. Had they did so without fear or favor, they would be better considered and better treated. Mr. Wesendonck, again reverting to Chancellorsville, compared that battle to Magenta in many of its features. The Austrians there, lying between Pavia and Piacenza, fronted south, expecting the French to attack them from that quarter. Gen. Count Stadion was even sent out to reconnoitre and found the French to the southward, when the minor battle of Montebello ensued. Upon that Gen. Gyulay, the Austrian commander, changed his plan of battle, but he too had counted without his host, the French Marshal McMahon, and was defeated. Yet the French did not cheer at their better adversaries, but said that they fought "like lions." [Great applause.]

In conclusion, he would reiterate that the blame of this as well as of other disasters belonged to such men as Hooker and Halleck, and not to the army, and he had felt it his duty as well as a pleasant pleasure to come on defending the German name wrongfully and falsely villified. [Prolonged cheering.]

Friedrich Kapp, Esq., was the next speaker. He alluded at the outset to Ferdinand Freiligrath, the great bard of Germany, who has likened his people to the character of *Hamlet* in Shakespeare's play of that name—full of strength and courage, but dreamy, abstracted, taken up with other things at the most decisive moments, and while the enemy was thundering on the coasts of Denmark, quarreling with his best friend and sinking to an inglorious grave.

Pursuing this *simile*, Mr. Kapp regretted the easy pliability with which his countrymen in the United States now the just mood of their efforts to be fished from them. From the first, throughout the war, they had been enthusiastic and devoted in the cause of the Republic. Lyon and Sigel had saved Missouri to the Union, and at St. Louis the Germans first organized to rebuke the secession spirit, when not a dozen patriots of the land were yet enlisted. Sigel and Willich, in Ohio and Indiana, had rendered like services, and at Bull Run the Blenker brigade had covered the disastrous retreat of the entire army and saved Washington. As their history had been here, so had it been at home for untold centuries, and it was only the blind, bitter spirit of nativism that could here forget and deny it. They had been unanimous, but, true, independent and coequal citizens, in war as in peace, and as such desired to be treated. [Great applause.] Hooker instead of attacking, waited to be attacked, and of the weak brigade he permitted to be surprised, only 4600 were Germans, while 7000 were of other nationalities, the whole commanded by a General of no experience whatever. [Applause.] Mr. Kapp here alluded with great indignation to the representations of the various papers, characterizing the *Express* with the utmost contempt. Mr. Greeley, he said, had recommended the shooting of the entire German Brigade. If that was to be done to all the divisions that had retired they would have to shoot the whole army, and Mr. Greeley could then, with more propriety, join Andrew Jackson in the Chair of Peace, Pennsylvania Avenue, on Wednesday evening and preach cessation of the war. [Applause and laughter.] Recommending a separate organization of the Germans throughout the land as a separate party of Freedom; the removal of the present Commander-in-Chief of the Union forces; the employment of Sigel and Fremont, amid the most enthusiastic plaudits for each proposition Mr. Kapp concluded his remarks.

Dr. Karl Knenkamp then read the following resolutions:

Whereas, The causes of the repulse of the Army of the Potomac at Chancellorsville have been greatly misrepresented; and

Whereas, False reports of the behavior of the German Volunteers in that battle have been widely circulated;

Be it resolved, That we hereby tender our heartfelt thanks to the German Volunteers serving in the army of the United States for their patriotic, high spirited conduct, and their gallantry shown on every battle-ground where they have been engaged. [Applause.]

That the Eleventh Army Corps was in its greater part composed of other than German troops, that it was in the battle of Chancellorsville, commanded by a new and untried general, and that its repulse was due to the want of bravery of the German officers and privates of the said corps;

That the repulse of the said corps was owing to its numerical weakness to its exposed position, to the careless and unskillful manner in which it had been placed, and to the incompetency of its commander, who suffered it to be surrounded and surprised. [Applause.]

That we protested with deep regret that many prejudiced and false reports were circulated in regard to the behavior of the German volunteers in the battle of Chancellorsville, to be false and malicious slanders, and that many of our fellow-citizens, forgetful of the purpose with which the German volunteers have rendered so active a part in the battle-grounds of the war, on behalf of the Union, yield to a sectarian feeling which we thought buried forever with the blood of the patriots that fell together in common graves without any distinction as to their nativity. [Prolonged cheering.]

That in our opinion the Eleventh Army Corps, in Chancellorsville, was placed in a position which, if it had been carefully considered, and that if it had commanded the corps, although even its would not have been able to cover up the leading mistakes of its position and weakness, yet the management of the corps would have prevented the fearful results and disasters which have been the consequence of the fight covered with glory as the battle of Gettysburg.

That it is little subject, like Napoleon, to sports and fortunes in war, caused by the blunders and failures of our Generals, let the brave, and that such blunders contributes more to discourage soldiers than all the speeches of a Vallandigham or Wood. [Great applause.]

That the loss of the battle at Chancellorsville was by no means exclusively caused by the repulse of the Eleventh army corps; that the said corps, on the contrary, soon after its repulse, rallied again, and did admirable service during the battle; and that the fault lies in our opinion, owing to that generalship on the part of the General Commanding, who failed to appreciately, we believe, the and handle the forces of his command. [Prolonged demonstrations.]

That the many defeats and failures which so far our arms are generally caused by a want of strategy and skill in manœuvering on the part of our commanding officers and by keeping at the head of the armies of the Union a General-in-Chief who does not enjoy the confidence of either the army or the people, and who has not proven by any of his acts either his generalship or his capacity with the same for which the armies of the Union are fighting. [Unanimous cheering as which sentiment, then alike vociferous.] [illegible]

Mr. Weil von Bernegau followed in a characteristic and highly humorous address, in which he unmercifully ridiculed the strategy of the various leaders of the Army of the Potomac from McClellan to Hooker, and lashed the [illegible] with particular severity upon the German generals of the Army which he said had been the first to attack on the Antietam and dropped upon the German soldiers, and yet to refute them while their officers and regiments were more commonplace filched from English cotemporaries as dogs snatch at cast-out bones. They had totally forgotten their mission, and what they did say was retailed in a language more resembling Chinese than German. This speech was received with uproarious laughter and applause, and every allusion to Gen. Fremont was a fresh signal for cheering.

Tuesday Von Gilsa, being loudly called for, bore warm testimony to the gallantry of the German troops he had commanded in the Eleventh corps at Chancellorsville. They did not retire, even under the attack of ten columns of the enemy, each one thousand strong, and were under cross-fire from the front and both flanks, until they had fired thrice and then they fell back under his orders, and he was willing to assume the responsibility. [Applause.] With a succession of rousing cheers for the German soldiers of the Eleventh corps and in all the armies of the Union, the meeting adjourned at a late hour.

THE TURF.

Trotting Match Between Robert Pilingham and Rockingham over the Fashion Course.

The match between these fine horses for $2,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, took place yesterday afternoon on the Course of the Fashion Pleasure Ground Association. Pilingham is a splendid brown stallion, and was the favorite of the betters, who bet two to one that he would beat the famous gray gelding Rockingham; and so well satisfied with him were they, that even after he had lost the first heat by a series of bad breaks, by which he lost a dozen lengths in the first half-mile—which was made by Rockingham in 1:14½—they did not alter their opinion of his superior speed and endurance, and the extraordinary burst of speed by which Pilingham reduced the space in the last half-mile to a length and a half fully justified them in their course.

First Heat—They got off at the first attempt—for a wonder—Rockingham having the inside place, Pilingham breaking up as they entered the turn, and not getting down to a trot till Rockingham passed the quarter pole at least ten lengths ahead, and not at his full speed till Rockingham had passed the half-mile pole; the remainder of the mile was done by Rockingham in 1 min. 14½ sec., and he came past the Judges' stand easily.

Second Heat—Rockingham left by half a length at the start, and increased his lead to three lengths at the quarter pole, which he passed in 35¾ sec.; from this point, Pilingham made a splendid burst of speed, and on the back stretch was neck and neck with Rockingham, and at the half-mile pole was half a length in front in 1:10, and came out twelve lengths in front of the gray and passed the Judges' stand in 2:27¼. It now became apparent that Rockingham was not in as good condition as he might have been, and his friends almost gave it up, but in order not to disappoint the two thousand persons who had come to witness this much talked of trotting match, his owners let him try for another heat, which he lost, and, to the great delight of those who could get to town in good time by the Flushing Railroad, he trotted shortest from the fourth heat, leaving the victory to *Pilingham*.

Third Heat—Both went well together till nearing the quarter-pole, when Rockingham broke up and Pilingham passed on five lengths ahead; this was gradually reduced to three lengths at the three-quarter turn, when Rockingham broke up again, and Pilingham came over the score an easy winner by six lengths in 2:28¼.

Rockingham was driven by Sam. McLaughlin in fine style, and Pilingham was under the practiced hands of Mr. Horace F. Jones.

SUMMARY.

Horace F. Jones names, br. s. Robert Pilingham	2	1	1 —
S. MacLaughlin names, gr. g. Rockingham	1	2	2 dr.
Time—	2:28¼	2:27¼	2:28¼.

Gen. Butler and George M. Patchen.

The match, $5,000, two mile heats and repeat, in harness, between these fast ones, will no doubt draw thousands to-day to the Fashion Course. For the information of visitors, we have great pleasure in stating that the thieves and gamblers who plied their vocations on the occasion of the last trot, have been scared. They only made their appearance yesterday on the rail cars and station, from which places they will be expelled to-morrow, if the Flushing Railroad authorities exhibit a tithe of the enterprise and energy which Mr. Commodore, the manager of the Fashion Course, has displayed by employing detectives to protect his visitors and arrest the offending rascals.

A word of advice to those who desire to witness to comfort, the contest between the horses, without betting to the close proximity with the more exciting scenes attending the starting and finish of the race, they not, perhaps, be out of place. The start takes place from the old stand, but the leading turf patrons—the substantial men—are generally to be seen quietly seated on the new stand near the Mansion House Hotel, where there is excellent accommodation for ladies, in the reserved portion, which is inclosed, as well as on the piazzas, from all which points the best view of the contest can be had, with the additional advantage of having the best of attendance, and choicest of refreshments, without being annoyed by the rush which always occurs where thousands congregate.

General Butler.

The owner of Gen. Butler has offered to back him against the world, in three even races, for from $5,000 to $50,000.

The National Billiard Tournament.

SECOND DAY—FOX BEATS SEXTRE—KAVANAGH BEATS SEXRITER.

The second day of the billiard tournament, or more properly, the second evening, attracted a much larger audience than the first. The contest commenced with a game between Fox and Sexrite. The game lasted an hour and twenty-nine minutes and 33 innings. Fox beat Sexrite 410 points. Fox's price per runs were 28, 72, 26, 26, 105, 30, and a "no out" of 28. Sexrite's principal runs were 64, 30, 68, 33, and he exhibited frequent applause for difficult shots adroitly executed.

The next game, between Kavanagh and Sexrite, was regarded with considerable interest. In spite of his defeat by Foley much was expected from Sexrite. The odds were, however, in favor of Dudley, and $100 even were offered and taken that he would beat Sexrite 125 points. Up to the fifty-seventh shot Dudley lead handsomely, being as Sexrite commenced his 39th shot 171 ahead. Sexrite, *however*, made a beautiful run of 78, and by subsequent small runs got within 50 of Dudley. Kavanagh, however, ran the game out with a splendid run of 110 points, and "not out," beating Sexrite 160 points, getting warm congratulations from his friends, and winning lots of money for them. His play was, as usual, cautious and safe always, nursing the balls skilfully, and seldom leaving a good position to his opponent. Sexrite seemed to play with some indifference, but was frequently applauded for really fine play.

Besides the crowd of billiard celebrities present, there were among the audience Abner Dalbury, Daniel Appleton, John W. White, and other gentlemen distinguished in the world of commerce, of literature, and law, as well as a very few ladies in the gallery. The progress of the tournament will be watched with general interest. The following players are to contest to-day: Afternoon, at 3 o'clock—1. Dudley against Fox; 2. Golsenan against Sexrite. Evening, at 8 o'clock—1. Sexrite against Kavanagh; 2. Fox against Foley.

Meeting of Peace Delegates at the Astor House.

At noon, yesterday, the Delegates to the Peace Convention met at the Astor House, Room No. 41. The following gentlemen were present:

Benjamin Ray, of New-York; Edmund Powers, of Kings; Levi Sutton, of Rensselaer; Robert G. Young, of Saratoga; Adam Fralick, of Herkimer; Norman Ford, of Chenango; Nicholas B. Paine, of Monroe; Robert H. Shankland, of Cattaraugus; Fernando Wood, of New-York; Archibald C. Niven, of Orange; Tertius Booth, of Schoharie; Joseph E. Plumbers, of Franklin; Aug. Beardsley, of Herkimer; James M. Howe, of Tioga; Parrott C. Dunlap, of Steuben; Calvin H. Chamberlain, of Allegany; E. F. Rumsey, of New-York; T. B. Clapper, of Kings; Jacob P. Miller, of Columbia; Oliver Moore, of Chemung; [illegible] Nehemiah Kapler, of Yates; L. L. Pratt, of Chautauque.

After some preliminary conversation the meeting was organized, Judge Lawrence taking the Chair, and Mr. Young acting as Secretary. The business of the meeting was simply to prepare for the Convention of to-day, and to consult as to the address and the resolutions.

The arrangements for the meeting were most admirably and will be found in the advertising columns. On the motion of Mr. Ray, the rules governing the debate were adopted, with the exception of the time limit.

Resolutions were spoken on hand, and others occupied the time in [illegible] speeches, and in indicating their courses for the policy of the new party. We have no space for the address and for the resolutions. They will be presented at the assembling of the Convention in the Cooper Institute to-day.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendars—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—Adjourned to Wednesday, June 3, when decisions will be announced.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Part I.—Nos. 2739, 2741, 2742, 2743, 2747, 2749, 2751, 2754, 2756, 2757, 2761, 2762, 2763, 2767, 2768, 2772, 2775, 2777, 2779, 2781. Part II.—Nos. 2608, 2609, 2622, 2624, 2626, 2628, 2634, 2636, 2638, 2640, 2642, 2644, 2646, 2648, 2650, 2652, 2654, 2656, 2658, 2660, 2662, 2664, 2666, 2668, 2670, 2672, 2674, 2676, 2678, 2680, 2682, 2684, 2686, 2688, 2690, 2692, 2694, 2696, 2698. Part III.—Nos. 1763, 1766, 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781, 1782, 1783, 1784, 1785, 1786, 1787, 1788, 1789, 1790, 1791, 1792, 1793, 1794, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807,